The Fresno Morning Republican.

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HUNDREDS HOMELESS

Cripple Creek Partly Destroyed by Fire.

MANY BUILDINGS BLOWN UP

An Angry Lass Throws a Lighted Lamp at Her Lover and Starts the Blaze.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Colo., April 25.—An angry courtesan threw a lamp at her lover at 1 o'clock today and a million dollars worth of property was destroyed in three hours. The lamp hit the stove, igniting the oil and setting fire to the furniture. In a few minutes the building was in flames. This was Gough's dance hall on Myers avenue, near Third. In a very short time the adjoining buildings had caught, despite the efforts of the fire department. It soon became evident that the conflagration was to be a big one, but no one though it would reach such an area.

The danger of a big conflagration was not perceived and it was thought that the firemen, whom were early on the scene, would have the flames under control in a very few minutes. But in a short time the fire had spread to the adjoining buildings and a brisk wind sprang up. Then it was conceded by all that at least a half dozen buildings near the corner of Myers and Third streets would go, and the occupants began to move out. But many had waited too long and were unable to get to their goods. Some barely escaped with their lives, several women being dangerously burned.

Every minute added fury to the flames, and when the fire had spread several doors on either side, the danger to the city was observed, but no one could realize how great the damage would be. The heat became so intense that buildings on the south side of Myers street took fire. Then it was that the occupants of stores and offices saw the true danger and began to make preparations to save their possessions. Every wagon in town was pressed into service, and goods were hauled away. Not a tenth part of the goods were saved. By the time the postoffice had caught, it became evident that the only way to stop the progress of the fire was to blow up buildings with dynamite. This was done under the supervision of the firemen and a number of buildings had to be sacrificed before the fire had reached them. An accident occurred which cost a fireman his leg. He was placing a big charge under the Sisters' hospital, when it exploded, blowing his leg off.

The fire started at 1 o'clock and by 4 o'clock it had demolished the blocks between Third and Fifth on Myers, between Third and Fifth on Bennett, stopping just this side of the new Midland depot and warehouse, between Third and Fifth on Carr, with the exception of a few buildings on the Third street side. Nearly all the buildings between Third and Fifth on Eaton were destroyed. Many people lost everything they had.

The people not affected have offered shelter to the homeless, of which there are several hundred.

The First National bank was doing business in another part of town while their building was burning. The burnt district is to be rebuilt at once with brick and stone buildings.

The property on Myers avenue was occupied in the most part by saloons. Two theaters were there and innumerable dance halls. The postoffice on Jennett avenue is a total wreck, only the vault standing. Twenty thousand letters and thousands of packages were destroyed. The First National bank's vault is standing. All the books and papers were saved. The Episcopal and Congregational churches were destroyed. The city jail, in which were confined about twenty prisoners, has only the iron cages left. The prisoners were released. The Sisters' hospital was blown up after the patients had been removed to the Pike's Peak hospital. Mayor Steele ordered all the saloons closed, which prevented lawlessness.

A report was started that thieves were busy, and a hundred deputies were at once sworn in and the militia called out, but no depredations were committed. Hundreds of people were made homeless, but they were all given shelter by the generous people of the town. The fallen women were made welcome in the best houses in the city. The total insurance will reach about $250,000.

A TEST CASE.

Action to Decide the Question of County Elections.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 25.—An action was commenced today that will test the law changing the terms of county officials from two to four years. Julius Kahn has asked for a restraining order to prevent the local board of election commissioners from spending municipal funds for the purpose of electing city and county officials this year. Kahn alleges that the city and county of San Francisco comes within the provisions of the law of 1893, which provides that county officers shall be elected every four years. He says the election commissioners have passed a resolution directing the purchase of a large quantity of ballot paper for an election in November. This election, he thinks will be contrary to law and will entail a useless expenditure of public funds.

TO OUST REV. BROWN.

His Opponents Present a Petition to the Church Trustees.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 25.—The opponents of Rev. C. O. Brown made a move today in their efforts to oust him from the First Congregational church. A petition signed by 217 members of the church was presented to the trustees, asking them to request Dr. Brown's resignation and to select a successor. The contending church forces have been summoned to attend the prayer meeting next Monday night and an exciting session is anticipated. Notwithstanding the numerous denials by Dr. Brown's friends, it is stated that he has decided to bend to the storm and resign. It was announced tonight that Dr. Brown would occupy his pulpit as usual tomorrow.

Flynn Responsible.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 25.—A coroner's jury has decided that John T. Flynn, an employe of the state labor bureau, is responsible for the death of a baby that was found in a satchel in a vacant lot a few days ago. Mrs. Browning, the mother of the infant, testified that Flynn was the father of the child and that after its birth he had taken it away, saying he was going to put it in an orphan asylum.

A BURNING FURNACE.

Fire in One of the Principal Gold Mines of the State.

BODIE, Cal., April 25.—Fire broke out in the Standard mine this morning before the day shift went on. The fire started on the 350-foot level. The flames are still beyond control and the main shaft is a burning furnace.

Miners are doing everything in their power to bulkhead all stopes and crosscuts to prevent the fire from spreading to the Bodie mine, with which it is connected. The electric machinery burned is that put in one year ago. Miners cannot ascertain the extent of damage and may not for several days. The loss is thought to be very great. No one was in the mine at the time the fire started.

The Standard is one of the principal gold mines of the state, and its stock is mostly owned by New York people.

EXAMINING PAPERS.

Meeting of the County Board of Education.

The County Board of Education was in session yesterday. The principal work before it was the examination of papers from a number of grammar-grade candidates for graduation.

Reedley had a class of six, Clarks Valley of three, Orange Center of two, Easterby of one, and reports from a number of others will not be considered until next Saturday, to which date the board adjourned.

The names of successful candidates will be announced soon.

COUNTY CONVENTIONS.

McKINLEY INDORSED BY ALL FOR PRESIDENT.

Baby Kings for Equal Suffrage.

Delegates Pledged for Bowers.

VISALIA, April 25.—The Republican county convention here today pledged delegates for Hon. W. W. Bowers for congress and declared for McKinley as first choice for President.

The following were elected as delegates to the congressional and state conventions: L. J. Redfield, W. P. Rattliffe, S. H. Thomas, A. J. Bump, O. B. Phillips, E. O. Larkins, A. J. Pillsbury, J. J. Cairns.

KINGS COUNTY.

HANFORD, April 25.—The Republicans of Kings county held their convention today. All parts of the county were fully represented. G. B. McCord, J. H. Fox, J. O. Hickman and Fred A. Dodge were elected delegates to the state and congressional conventions. The platform of resolutions adopted indorsed McKinley and Bowers and pledged the support of the party in this county to equal suffrage.

KERN COUNTY.

BAKERSFIELD, April 25.—The Republican county convention met today and elected delegates to the state and congressional conventions as follows: George C. Gorham Jr., A. Heyman, George T. Hanscom, D. M. Pyle, E. D. Wheatley, A. H. Swain, A. B. Evans, Hon. R. G. Dale.

The resolutions indorse McKinley for president and pledge the delegates to the congressional convention to support Bowers; also indorse W. H. McKittrick for delegate to St. Louis from the Seventh district.

STANISLAUS COUNTY.

MODESTO, April 25.—The Republican county convention met today for the purpose of electing delegates to the state and congressional district conventions. The delegates elected were L. L. Dennett, G. W. Nelson, Joseph McNeill and A. Rand. The platform indorses McKinley for president.

The Seventh Congressional district convention will meet at Modesto on May 4th.

CALAVERAS COUNTY.

SAN ANDREAS, April 25.—The Republican county convention of Calaveras was largely attended and enthusiastic resolutions endorsing the protection principles of the Republican party and proper recognition of silver in the national platform were adopted. The delegates were pledged to support delegates to the the national convention favorable to McKinley and to use every honest effort to secure the selection of Senator Voorhies of Amador for delegate from the second congressional district to St. Louis. The delegates are: At large—Alex. Brown, F. J. Solinsky, C. A. Fontana. District delegates—Edward Cassy, Willis Dunbar, Walter Tryon, W. W. Wood, N. Zimmerman.

THE BULUWAYO BATTLE

THE BRITISH CREDITED WITH REMARKABLE HEROISM.

Matabeles Endeavored to Surround the Town and Cut Off Communication.

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CAPE TOWN, April 25.—Every additional item of news from Buluwayo shows that the small body of British troops of 300 men which sortied Friday morning from that town and engaged a Matabele army, occupying about four miles of the north bank of the Umguza river, displayed the greatest gallantry. Several remarkable exploits of heroism are recorded upon the part of officers and troops in saving the lives of wounded comrades at the risk of their own lives. The general result of the engagement appears to have been a reverse for the British, who were greatly outnumbered and once were nearly surrounded.

The Matabeles showed much superior knowledge of tactics than they did while fighting years back. They threw themselves on the ground when they saw the machine guns going into action and repeatedly tried to outflank the troopers.

The evidence points to the Matabeles having the intention of endeavoring to surround the town and cut off communication with it in all directions.

A patrol was to have left Buluwayo on Thursday in order to ascertain if the route to Salisbury was still open for the advance of the relief columns dispatched from Mafeking, upon which body of men rests the hope of relieving Buluwayo. The advance guard of the column is expected to reach the outposts of Buluwayo during the first week in May, and the main body, it is hoped, will reach the besieged town soon afterwards.

THE FUNDING MEASURE

Report Submitted to the House.

THREE PLANS ARE MENTIONED

A Series of Installments at Fixed Dates Advocated by the Committee.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—Chairman Powers of the house committee on Pacific railroads today presented to the house the report of the majority of the committee upon the Pacific railroad bill. It makes a very comprehensive and exhaustive document. The report sketches very briefly the familiar history of the legislation by which the government granted subsidy bonds to the Pacific roads, and then outlines exhaustively the provisions which congress has made from time to time for the repayment of the bonds.

The report says on this point: "The acts of congress prescribing the provisions to be made by the companies for the repayment of bonds and the interest thereon, have all been fully complied with by the companies."

It was believed by congress, the report says, that the provisions so prescribed to be made would suffice to discharge the subsidy bonds and interest thereon at maturity. As a matter of fact they have not sufficed.

The insufficiency of the congressional provision had not resulted from any failure or omission of any of the companies to fully carry out the provisions of the various acts of congress, but has resulted from two causes: First, the great reduction in rates of transportation which has reduced, far beyond the original anticipation, the amount of compensation which the companies were entitled to receive from the United States for government transportation, and, second, the reduced and until a very recent date the constantly diminishing rate of interest upon the government bonds in which the Thurman sinking fund was originally required to be invested. It was expected that the retention of half of the compensation for services rendered for the government would equal or exceed the current interest upon the subsidy bonds and that the reserved 5 per cent of net earnings would suffice for the repayment of the principal of the debt at maturity.

It was estimated that the average annual interest would be $3,892,050, and the fact that the army and navy transportation and postal service to the Pacific had cost the government annually $7,357,781, one-half of this compensation for services to the government would have very nearly paid the whole annual interest account; but, notwithstanding the vast increase in the government transportation to the Pacific coast, the rates of compensation at which the companies were paid for the services which they rendered the government, were reduced so low that the companies instead of receiving an amount double or even equal to the annual interest on the subsidy bonds, found themselves left debtors annually to the government in the interest account in large amounts.

The insufficiency of the acts of 1862 and 1864 becoming obvious, the report states, congress in 1878 passed the Thurman act, providing for the reservation of the whole instead of half the compensation for government transportation, and with amounts reserved in the bond and interest account (so-called) and the further amounts specified in the act, to be paid into the Thurman sinking fund, should at least equal 25 per cent of the net earnings of the properties. The provisions of the law have been fully carried out and there has been no interruption (notwithstanding the insolvency of one of these companies) in the continued compliance by both the Union Pacific railroad company and the Central Pacific railroad company, with the full requirements which congress has heretofore established, but the expectation of Senator Thurman that the sinking fund could be invested in government bonds upon a 5 per cent or anything like a 5 per cent basis utterly failed, as for a very considerable portion of the time government bonds have sold very much nearer a 2 per cent than a 5 per cent basis.

These companies have repaid to the United States sums, which in the aggregate are almost equal to the entire amount of the subsidy bonds loaned; and in the case of the Union Pacific Railroad Company the repayments will exceed by the sum of about $5,000,000 the entire amount of the subsidy bonds issued to its constituent companies. The decline in rates of transportation is obvious when it is considered that the army and navy transportation and postal service to the Pacific before the construction of the roads cost the government annually $7,357,781, while the cost of a like transportation on both the Union and Central Pacific in 1894 (the latest year for which the accounts have been made up) when the volume of business transported must have been many times as great as that transported before the construction of the roads, cost the government only $1,753,426. On the other hand, the Thurman sinking fund, instead of earning 6 per cent per annum on the amount therein, has yielded only comparatively insignificant returns.

Three possible lines of policy seemed open to the government, Mr. Powers stated, viz:

First—To enter into possession of the properties which would involve the immediate payment of $61,365,000 first mortgage bonds.

Second—Foreclosure and sale of the government's lien, which would practically reach the same result of the government's acquisition of the roads. The roads, if sold for what they would fetch, would yield little or nothing for the government on its debt.

Third—To make arrangements with the companies which would secure to the government the payment of fixed amounts at prescribed dates, as large as the reasonably anticipated earnings would bear.

The committee, the report continues, adopted the third plan and extended the government lien to embrace the whole properties, including terminals, branch lines and feeders and equipments.

Some one has just pointed out that an early incident in Lord Wolseley's career was characteristic of the spirit of the man. At the end of 1854, in recognition of his services in the Crimean war, he was gazetted captain. When it was discovered, however, that Wolseley was little more than 21 years old, the captaincy was canceled. But the young man protested so vigorously against this injustice to youth that by the direction of some higher authority the cancellation itself was canceled and the captaincy restored.

LETTER FROM CLOVIS.

Various Local Notes and Personal Mention.

The *World's* correspondent has been out of town this week, but his confederate has kept right on "sawing" out items for him.

A delegation from Sanger camp, No. 205, W. of the W., paid Pine Burr camp a neighborly visit Thursday night. They drove over in the rain, and thinking it a little too moist for the return drive of sixteen miles, they accepted the hospitality of our boys and remained till Friday noon. The camp here is progressing—thirty-four members and four applications on the table.

Miss Della Birdsell has accepted a position with Mr. Wren of the *Herald* and is learning to set type.

Mrs. Tiffany, mother-in-law of Mr. Brittan, has taken charge of the Clovis hotel for Dr. DeWitt.

Mrs. McKay's mother, Mrs. Damon, is spending a few days at the farmer's home.

Mrs. Mather has suffered a great deal the past week from neuralgia.

Harry Bartlett's trial is set for May 5th, in Justice Buttler's court.

Oscar young, brother of Mrs. Bryan, who has been bedfast for weeks, is reported a little better.

P. L. Howard of Fowler, has his residence nearly completed, and when done it will be the most comfortable house in Clovis.

The dance given by the O. C. C. Club last Wednesday night was a grand success, both socially and financially.

A. C. Wren is erecting a neat cottage and office into which he will soon move the *Herald*.

Mr. McAfee removed his family to Clovis last week; they are living in the old school building, which he has purchased. He has rented the blacksmith shop, owned and formerly run by Wm. Shortridge.

Vint Clifford fell off the flume last week, shaking him up considerably, but luckily no bones were broken. He fell a distance of twenty feet, striking on his head and shoulder.

Misses Clara and Mettie Southworth of Nevada colony paid a visit to friends in Clovis Thursday last.

Miss Jennie Stutzman of Temperance is spending a few days with Mrs. Viola Musick.

Mr. Witt and family moved out from Fresno last week.

Billy Bessore says "this is a fine country, where you have summer all the year round and winter the balance of the time." We are of the same opinion. A little more of this kind of summer will freeze the blood of DAVE N. PUIT.

Fruit and Grain Markets.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 25.—Jobbing prices are as follows:

Apricots — Fancy Moorparks 10c, choice 10c, fancy 9½c, choice 8½c, standard 7c, prime 6c.

Peaches—Fancy 5c, choice 4c, standard 3½c, prime 3c, peeled in boxes 10@12c.

Prunes—Four sizes 4c.

Nectarines—Fancy 5c, standard 4½c, prime 4c.

Raisins—In sacks or 50-pound boxes, 4-crown, loose, 3c; 3-crown 2¾@2½c; 2-crown 1¾@2c, dried grapes 2c.

In 20-pound boxes, 3-crown, London layers, 75@90c; clusters $1.40@1.50, Dehesa clusters $2.25, Imperial clusters $2.75.

Wheat—Steady; December, $1.07½. May, $1.07½.

Barley — Strong; December, 75c.

Corn—90c.

Bran—$15.

New Political Party.

DENVER, April 25.—I. N. Stevens, Colorado state committeeman of the bimetallic party, has called a mass meeting to be held in Denver on the night of April 28th for the purpose of organizing the new party in Colorado.

CONGRESSIONAL NEWS

THE TARIFF QUESTION APPEARS IN THE SENATE.

Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill as Passed Carries $37,000,000.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—The tariff question made its appearance unexpectedly in the senate today and for a time it looked as though the routine of considering appropriation bills would give way to a general tariff debate.

Mr. Sherman endeavored to secure action on the bill relating to fruit, brandies and alcohol used in the arts.

Mr. Chandler gave warning, however, that if the bill was taken up it would involve a debate on the entire tariff question. Mr Platt went further by stating that if this correction of the revenue laws was attempted he would urge that the entire Wilson law be repealed and the former law revived. After these announcements the vote on Mr. Sherman's motion to proceed was followed with great interest, resulting in the defeat of the motion, 22 to 27.

The sundry civil appropriation bill was completed and passed during the day. As it passed the house it carried about $30,000,000; as reported to the senate it reached $35,000,000 and with amendments added today the total was raised to $37,000,000.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—In the house today another partial report on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill was adopted and the bill was sent back to conference. In connection with the report, Mr. Grosvenor, Republican of Ohio, called attention to a provision in the bill which would prevent the legislative assembly of Oklahoma from removing the capital of the territory to Guthrie.

Mr. Flynn of Oklahoma defended the provision. It was agreed by unanimous consent to hold a night session tonight for general debate on the Pickler pension bill, and after an unsuccessful attempt by Mr. Pickler to get unanimous consent for the consideration of a resolution to set aside Saturday, May 2nd, for the consideration of private pension bills, and by Mr. Terry, Democrat of Arkansas, to take up a private pension bill, the house resumed consideration of the Pickler general pension bill.

At 2.30 o'clock, without concluding debate on the bill, the house entered upon the special order, the delivery of eulogies on the late Representative Crane of Texas.

At 4.05 p.m. the house, as a further mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, adjourned.

McEWEN'S LETTER.

Some Doubtful Democratic Prospects.

REPUBLICANS ARE CONFIDENT

One Bad Man Who Is Sorry That Rev. Brown was Bounced.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 24.—The local Republicans are filling so much space in the newspapers and share so fully in the elated confidence which inspires the party throughout the country that one might easily be led to take it for granted that the Democracy is without hope and disposed to let everything slide. Such, though, is not the Democratic state of mind. Yesterday I asked Gavin McNab about the projects and prospects of the party. As he is the head-center of the Junta he may fairly be ranked as the foremost Democrat in San Francisco, and the foremost Democrat in San Francisco is entitled to speak for the Democracy of California if anybody is.

"Nationally," said Mr. McNab, "the outlook for the party is not bracing, I must admit, but things are mending and there is no telling what the Republicans may not do to help us. The declaration of the Democrats of Massachusetts and Rhode Island for Governor Russell the other day is a good sign. Russell is a strong man who has twice been governor of Republican Massachusetts. Pattison? Well, Pattison spoiled himself by running for mayor of Philadelphia and getting the life knocked out of him. That makes him stale, and a reformer can't afford to get stale, or if he can a party can't afford to take him up.

"The monetary issue is scaring both the parties, and the Republicans are getting ready to dodge it by raising this war for McKinley and more protection. They will have to face it, however, and so will we. Russell is a straight-out gold man and therefore all right for Eastern votes, however it may be out this way. The Democracy can't elect a President without the thirty-six electoral votes of New York, which is more votes than all the distinctively silver states of the West combined possess. I think the Republican tendency will be to placate the gold men and the Democratic to go as far as is safe to please the silver men."

Mr. McNab is not a silverite himself but he is not in the habit, as a politician, of letting his inclination interfere with his judgment. "According to my observation," he said, "there is a preponderance of silver sentiment in the Democratic party of California. But the difference of opinion on the question hasn't made any bad blood so far. The state convention, I think, will send to Chicago a mixed delegation, half for silver, half for gold, and leave them to do the best they can in the national convention.

"We haven't any reason to be afraid of the McKinley enthusiasm to the extent that it involves the tariff issue. We have met and beaten the opposition on that before. On the financial question the Republicans are divided as well as we. The serious trouble with the Democrats is that the party everywhere is more or less disgruntled. Right or wrong, it is dissatisfied with the administration and the last Democratic congress. If the Republicans elect the President it will be because Democrats help them to do it by staying away from the polls. The party lacks cohesion and order, and a party that expects a beating is pretty sure to get one."

As to the proposal that in this state there shall be a fusion between the Democrats and Populists for the election of congressmen, McNab spoke approvingly: "I haven't discussed the thing with anybody of consequence yet and don't know that it amounts to more than a suggestion thrown out to an interviewer by Max Popper, but it's a good idea. The Democrats of California have one issue, a home issue, on which they are united, and that's the railroad. The Populists are with us on that, as was shown by the election of Governor Budd. There's no reason, then, why we shouldn't join as against the Republicans, who are in the minority in the state. My notion is that the Populists should make no nominations in possible Democratic districts and that the Democrats should make none where the Populists are strong. In that way we'd get in some anti-corporation men anyway.

"And speaking of congressmen and the corporations, we've got a new rod in pickle. Sutro is to be asked to take a nomination in the Fifth district from the Democrats and Populists. Loud, who now represents it, got in by a plurality last time. It is composed of part of San Francisco together with Santa Clara and San Mateo counties. It has a normal Republican majority of about 2000, but Sutro could carry it easily. He is tired of being mayor and won't accept a renomination, but we hope that he will consent to go to congress for a change. No, the old gentleman has lost none of his popularity with the masses. Of course he is peculiar and overworks the Octopus, but that doesn't hurt him any. He stands conspicuously for the Californian Democratic anti-railroad issue and we ought to send him to Washington to represent it there.

"It would be a dose for Huntington, but we don't exist to please Huntington. In fact the more we can do to displease him the better satisfied we ought to be. The Southern Pacific is trying, as usual, to take a hand in our party affairs here and I've served notice on Brother Herrin to stop it. If he doesn't I mean to get up on the platform at the state convention and draw a truthful portrait of that gentleman. He needs more public attention than he's getting, and I'll give it to him if he does not confine his energies to Republican politics. Mr. Herrin, as head of the Southern Pacific's law department, is trying to occupy a silk position in this community, and he is doing now's ear work politically. To roast Herrin may become a high Democratic duty, as well as a personal pleasure."

The determination of Sutro to have no more to do with the mayoralty has

[Concluded on eighth page.]

WE WILL CONTINUE THE

Monster Overstock Sale

FOR ONE WEEK MORE

And are offering for this week, in addition to the great bargains in other departments,

A MONSTER CUT

—IN OUR—

Dress Goods Department.

Our $2.50 Fancy Wool Dress Patterns for this sale $1.75
Our $3.00 Fancy All-Wool Dress Patterns for this sale $2.00
Our $4.50 and $5.00 Fancy All-Wool Dress Patterns for this sale $3.00
Our $10.00 Handsome Imported French Dress Patterns for this sale $7.00
Our $12.00 Elegant Wool and Silk Imported French Dress Patterns for this sale $8.00
Our $15.00 Fine Silk and Wool Novelty Dress Patterns for this sale $9.00
Our $18.00 and $20.00 Fine Persian Silk and Wool Dress Patterns for this sale $12.50

At 3 1-2c Per Yard.
50 Pieces of new style Shirting Prints, regular price 5c, for this sale, 3½c yard.

At 4c Per Yard.
50 Pieces of Fancy Colored Tennis Flannels, usually sold elsewhere at 7c, now 4c yard.

At 5c Per Yard.
10 Pieces of Cream Tennis Flannels, regular value 10c, now 5c yard.

At 4c Per Yard.
100 Pieces staple Apron Ginghams, Amoskeag and other brands.

At 10c Per Yard.
30 Pieces Pongees Silks, sold all over town at 25c per yard, our price 10c.

At 15c Per Yard.
10 Pieces Fancy Printed India Dress Silks, all silk, regular price 50c, to be sold only during this sale at 15c a yard.

At 20c Per Yard.
The remainder of our 35c and 50c Waist Silks, all silk, a great bargain at 20c.

At 5c Per Yard.
100 Pieces of All Linen Checked Toweling, regular price 10c a yard.

At 5c Each.
50 Dozen of Honeycomb Cotton Towels and Turkish Towels, regular price, 15c each.

At 12 1-2c Each.
Our 20c and 25c All Linen extra large size Hulk Towels.

At 20c Each.
50 Dozen of Knotted Fringe, Linen Damask Towels, regular price 35c.

At 50c Each.
1 Case of White Toilet Quilts, which can not be duplicated elsewhere for less than $1.00.

Household Goods

At 6 1-2c Per Yard.
100 Pieces Fruit of the Loom Bleached Muslin.

At 8c Per Yard.
20 Pieces 5-4 Bleached Pillow Case Muslin.

At 12 1-2c Per Yard.
20 Pieces 2¼ yards wide unbleached Bed Sheeting. This price speaks for itself.

THE GREATEST BARGAINS IN LINEN GOODS EVER OFFERED.

At 20c Per Yard.
Our 35c Half Bleached Table Damask, for this sale 20c.

At 25c Per Yard.
Our 40c Half Bleached Table Damask, 68 inches wide.

At 35c Per Yard.
Our 50c Half Bleached, 60-inch, Table Damask.

At 45c Per Yard.
Our 75c Half Bleached, 60 inches wide, Table Damask.

At 40c Per Yard.
An elegant quality of 58-inch Bleached Table Damask; well worth 65c per yard.

At 65c Per Yard.
Our $1.00, 60 inches wide, fine Bleached Table Damask; elegant value at 65c.

At 20c Per Yard.
54 Inches wide, Fast Color, Turkey Red, Table Damask, worth 35c.

At $1.50 Per Dozen.
100 Dozen of 3-4 Fast Edge All Linen Damask Napkins, usually sold as a leader at $2.50 per dozen.

At 75c Each.
50 Pairs Ecru Lace Curtains, 3 yards long, regularly sold at $1.25 each.

At 70c each.
75 Ladies' Black Silk Carriage Parasols, regular value $1.25, for this sale, at 70c each.

At 45c Each.
50 Dozen Ladies' Ventilating Summer Corsets.

At 10c Each.
125 Ladies' White Metal Belt Buckels.

At 25c Each.
20 Dozen Ladies' Muslin Drawers regular price 50c, now 25c each.

At 10c Each.
75 Dozen Ladies' Ribbed Summer Vests, made of fine Maco yarn, sold all over town at 25c each, our price, 10c.

At 15c Per Pair.
200 Dozen Ladies' Cotton Hose, full seamless, in fast black or tan shades, regular price, 25c per pair.

At 5c Per Yard.
150 Pieces All Silk Gros Grain Ribbons, with Satin edge, worth 10c yard, for this sale at 5c yard.

At 15c Per Yard.
75 pieces of All Silk Black Ribbon Belting, sold in every store at 25c, our price, 15c a yard.

At 75c Per Pair.
50 Dozen Ladies' 5-Hook Foster Lacing Kid Gloves, in tan and Grey shades, regular price $1.25 a pair, for this sale at 75c a pair.

Kutner-Goldstein Company

THE UNIVERSAL PROVIDERS.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of "Wanted," "For Sale," "For Rent," "Lost," etc., will be inserted at the rate of 5 cents a line for each insertion. No single advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. In estimating the length of each advertisement count six words to the line for the first three lines of ordinary reading matter, and eight words to the line for all subsequent lines. Orders by mail promptly filled, but the cash should accompany each order.

MONEY TO LOAN

TO LOAN—$75,000 ON CITY PROPERTY. HABER BROS. & CO., 1050 J street. a20im

TO LOAN—ONE TO FOUR THOUSAND DOLLARS to loan on first-class real estate. Apply at 1416 I street. a18tf

FOR RENT—HOUSES—ROOMS—ETC

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, cheap, Weiner block, Tulare street near I. MRS. KATE MILLER. a26tim

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED HOUSE, 6 rooms and bath. Apply to A. WARNEKROS. a22tf

FOR RENT—6 ROOM HOUSE WITH BATH room; Inyo street near K; vacant May 1st. Apply to LOUIS EINSTEIN. a22tf

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE DESIRABLE rooms. Apply No. 1328 K street. a21tf

FOR RENT—ROOMS SUITABLE FOR OFFICES, 1822 Mariposa. Apply at HERMANN'S. a18tf

FOR RENT—HOUSE. INQUIRE AT 1420 L street. a18tf

FOR RENT—ONE SECTION LAND 12 MILES above Toll House; part agricultural, for alfalfa, corn or to raise hogs; pasture; water to irrigate; rent very reasonable. Apply 208 Blackstone avenue, Fresno. a13t6*

FOR RENT—DESK ROOM IN GOOD BUSINESS office. HABER BROS. & CO., No. 1050 J street. a3tf

FOR RENT—2½ ACRES, GOOD HOUSE AND barn, in addition; also small cottage on D street, cheap. HABER BROS. & CO. a3tf

TO LET—FIRST-CLASS ALFALFA PASTURAGE, fine shade for stock, no barb wire fence. Apply to THOS. ADAMS, on premises East Fresno, or to F. G. BERRY. a15tf

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—A BACHELOR OF GOOD HABITS, a farmer who has a home, a blonde, age 30, height 5 feet, 7 inches, wishes lady correspondents of good character; German brunettes preferred. Address J.P., Fowler, Cal., P.O. box 97. a25t2-w1t*

WANTED—TO RENT CHEAP, ORGAN. Leave word at 1056 N street corner Inyo. a26t6*

WANTED—A MINING LEDGE PROSPECT. Will develop and sell; near but A No. 1 prospect need apply. Address PROSPECT, box 21, Republican office. a23t3*

WANTED—FURNISHED HOUSE, 6 ROOMS, more or less; will pay $35 to $40 month. Call with dispatch, to I. G. LEVY, 1013 I street. a21tf

WANTED—TO RENT A GOOD UPRIGHT piano; will pay good rent and have it tuned often. HESS, W. FABIAN, rooms 1 and 2, Griffith building, J street. a21t3

WANTED—HOUSE WITH 4 FURNISHED rooms. Apply E.S., box 1. a21t2*

WANTED—LADY'S WHEEL IN EXCHANGE for a scholarship in Fresno Business College. Apply at Business College. a19tf

WANTED—ALL KINDS OF ELECTRICAL wiring neatly and promptly done. All work guaranteed. Prices to suit the times. Leave orders at Republican. V. M. COZ. a13t1m*

WANTED—NOTICE TO RANCHERS AND stockgrowers: For reliable hands call at PAUL MAYER'S lodging house, corner Kern and Front streets. Telephone Red 131. a27t1m

MISCELLANEOUS

BUSINESS FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST paying business in Fresno for sale. Strictly honorable. Owner has best of reasons for selling. Inquire of A. B. SMITH, Weldon, Peck & Co. a tf

COUNTY SCRIP CASHED AT 7.50. C. RUPERTUS, 1925 Mariposa street. 6tf

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—A HORSE, BUGGY AND HARness, cheap for cash. Call at the Tivoli. a26t6*

FOR SALE—A SQUARE CHICKERING piano, $50. Call at 1225 J street. a26t6

FOR SALE—FOUR SOWS AND SUCKLING pigs (8 weeks old), all in fine condition. Apply San Ricardo Vineyard, P.O. box 999, Fresno, Cal. a18t6

FOR SALE—BUILDING, 32x40, DOUBLE door and shed, 16x16; also packing outfit, cheap. HARRY EASTWOOD, 2227 Merced street, Fresno, Cal. a26t6

FOR SALE—GOOD FRESH COWS. APPLY to WM. McINDOO, Jersey Farm Dairy. a14tf

FOR SALE—CHEAP, THE ARCADE HOTEL, corner J and Stanislaus. N. TUNZI. a20t6m

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—SITUATIONS AS COOKS BY man and wife; no objections to camp or country. Address K.W., box 15, this office. a20t6*

WANTED—A POSITION BY A JAPANESE as cook, city or country. Address JAPANESE, box 28 this office. a24t6*

WANTED—A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT housekeeper wants place on ranch to cook and do the housework for ranchman. Steady, reliable woman. Call 1129 J street, room 12. a11

PASTURAGE

FIRST-CLASS PASTURAGE FOR $1.25 A month; running water and shade. 1940 Mariposa street. BEN BRESEE. a17tf

GOOD PASTURE AT FAIR GROUNDS. Apply to WILLIAM HELM. 128tf

TAKEN UP

TAKEN UP—TWO MARE MULES, 1 DARK bay two years old, branded ɟ on left hip; 1 black mule three years old, branded ɟ on left hip. Owner please call for same at RANQUET'S place, 7 miles north of Lemoore Canal. a26t2-w1t

DRESSMAKING

GOOD DRESSMAKER WOULD LIKE A FEW more engagements by the day; charges $1.50. Address Miss L., box 212, Fresno P.O. a26t3*

ESTRAYED

ESTRAYED—2 GRAYS AND ONE BAY horse left my place in Orchard Hill ad. Hill Friday morning, April 24th. J. R. ASHLEY. a25t4*

ESTRAYED OR STOLEN—ON 15TH INSTANT, a bay mare, my place on Kern street, one brown mare 5 years old; left hind foot white, and white strip on forehead; halter on mare when last seen. Address I. A. HODGES, Fresno. a18t3

LOST

LOST—A BLACK HAND SATCHEL CONtaining bank book, dry goods and medicine; owners name in book. Please return to this office. a21t3*

Saturday, May 2d

For This Day Only.

BED LOUNGE DAY.

Satin Russe Sofa Beds $5.50, regular price $8.

Tapestry Sofa Beds $9.50, regular price $13.

Plush Sofa Beds $13.50, regular price $16.50.

Corduroy Sofa Beds $14.50, regular price $18.

W. PARKER LYON,

Fresno Furniture King.

WANTED—HELP

WANTED—A WOMAN COOK. ADDRESS A.L., box 24, Republican office. a26t6

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO COOKING AT 1507 R street. a24tf

WANTED—A GIRL TO COOK AND DO general housework. Call at 607 R street. a22t3

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork, 2 miles from town; low wages but good home; must be kind with children. Church avenue between Fig and Walnut avenues, 1 p.m.'s place or P.O. box 526. a21t3

WE MUST HAVE HELP. WE PAY MEN and women $10 to $18 per week for easy home work. No books or peddling. Steady employment guaranteed. Send stamp for work and particulars at once. HERMAN & SEYMOUR, 223 South Sixth street, Philadelphia, Pa. a7

F. L. EMPLOYMENT OFFICE FURNISHES is male and female help at short notice. 964 J street, MRS. K. BRUCE and C. FRUCHT. a15

SPIRITUALIST.

MRS. R. COWELL, OF OAKLAND, TEST AND business medium. Sittings daily. Public circle Thursday at 8 p.m.; Friday at 2 p.m., for ladies only. Rooms 1 and 2, Pleasant View hotel, corner J and Fresno streets. a18tf

H. GRAFF & CO.

Leading Grocers.

Our special weekly sales are a success. We shall continue them. The people appreciate them. Our stores were crowded last week with buyers.

Special for This Week

COFFEE.

H. Graff & Co. finest blended Roasted Coffee 30c per pound, regular price 35c. Do you appreciate a good cup of coffee? Try ours.

TABLE FRUIT.

Apricots, Blackberries, Cherries, Peaches and Pears, put up in 2½-pound cans, 150 each, regular price 20 and 25c. These are fancy pack—no cheap goods.

WASHING POWDER.

Fairbanks Gold Dust, put up in 3-pound package, 20c, regular price 25c.

TELEPHONE BLACK 141.

1817, 1819, 1821, 1823 Tulare Street

Stockholders' Meeting.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Fresno Canal and Irrigation Company, for the election of a board of Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, room 10, Temple Bar building, Fresno city, California, on Monday, May 11th, 1896, at 2 o'clock p.m.

W. H. INGRAM, Secretary.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE FRESNO MORNING REPUBLICAN.
Fresno, Fresno County, California
PUBLISHED BY
The Fresno Republican Publishing Co.
J. W. SHORT, Editor and Manager.
The Great Newspaper of the San Joaquin Valley.
Largest Circulation. - The Most News.
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Daily Republican, six months, by mail.... 3 00
Daily Republican, three months, by mail.. 1 50
Daily Republican, per month, by carrier... 60
Weekly Republican, one year, by mail.....$1 50
Weekly Republican, six months, by mail... 1 25

YESTERDAY'S CONVENTION.

The Republican county convention held in Fresno yesterday is pronounced even by those of opposing political faith to have been the most harmonious and enthusiastic convention ever held in the county. The entire body of delegates appeared to be actuated by a common purpose to faithfully represent the popular will of the party, and the work in hand was dispatched in a harmonious and business-like way.

The delegation to the state convention is a thoroughly representative one, and the resolutions adopted will awaken an enthusiastic response in the hearts of Republicans throughout the county. Not only that, but a number of the principle planks will be warmly indorsed by the patriotic men of all parties. Seldom indeed has a declaration of principles been more plainly, unequivocally and concisely stated.

The declaration for McKinley, protection and reciprocity, voices the sentiment of the people not only of Fresno county, but of California; the demand for a restriction of foreign immigration is equally in line with public sentiment; the declaration for the free coinage of silver at the present ratio announces in unmistakable terms the views of the Republicans of California; and the indorsement of Congressman Bowers for re-election is a deserved tribute to a faithful public servant. In line with the indorsement of Bowers is the denunciation of the funding bill and the appeal to congress to foreclose the mortgage upon the delinquent road and permit government purchase and control.

If the state convention in its platform as faithfully represents the sentiment of the Republicans of California no dissenting voice will be heard from the rank and file of the party.

The evening contemporary appears to have straddle on the brain. It applies that term to the following demands for national legislation made yesterday by the Republican county convention:

The free coinage of silver at the present ratio. The people demand that this unholy war upon the money of the people shall cease, and that both silver and gold, the money of the constitution, shall be allowed to be practically as well as theoretically the currency of the nation.

If that is a straddle, we would like to see the party who can, in a few words, write a more direct and positive declaration in favor of free coinage.

A rapid speaker utters 150 to 200 words a minute, which a few stenographers are able to take down. For single minutes the typewriter has been operated at about 175 words. Compare these results with the speed of Delaney's machine telegraphy, by which 8000 words per minute have been transmitted and legibly recorded on the receiving tape, and we have something that is capable of reporting every word of a Tillman explosion without ruffling a hair or perspiring a drop.

Finding the body of a murdered man by the mystic light of clairvoyancy has not as a rule been considered practicable. Still, if the people of Fresno want to try it, at least they have the right, and the murdered man will refrain from laughing at them.—*Examiner.*

The trouble in this case is that evidence of death is not conclusive, and there is some sort of gruesome possibility that the attempt to locate the body by clairvoyant power might cause a smile where it is least expected.

Why should our delegation to the St. Louis convention sacrifice the chance to get a cabinet officer for a chance to get nothing?—*S. F. Call.*

That cabinet position is all right and we ought to get it, but it may be possible to over-boom a good thing. It is just as well to keep in sight of the fact that here is a Presidential nomination to be made that must be satisfactory to the people.

The X ray is the only known force that can go right up to a marble heart without flinching.—*Examiner.*

But it does not go any further.

Democrats are showing a change of heart in one respect this year. The office is seeking the man.

THE ORIENTAL INVASION.

The silk industry of the United States does not rank among those of first importance, but the fact that when all the looms are in operation they give employment to 65,000 persons makes it worth while to give the condition of business a fair share of consideration. This industry is among the first of those which are beginning to be seriously effected by Japanese competition, and from the results noted up to date a very fair idea may be drawn of the effect to be anticipated from other lines of oriental industry when they have reached a like stage of development.

Briton Richardson, secretary of the Silk Association of America, has this to say in regard to the present condition of the domestic industry:

"I think it a conservative estimate to say that between 35 and 40 per cent of all the silk looms in this country are standing idle today. The silk looms of the United States, if running full, would employ 65,000 persons. Easily 40 per cent of these are without work and consequently without wages. And the worst of it is that the industry is threatened with still further paralysis unless some speedy change is brought about."

William Strange, vice-president of the association, says:

"Unless there is a change in present conditions it is only a question of time when every silk loom in the United States must be stopped and the whole industry transferred to Japan."

These observations are based upon the actual condition of the silk industry in the United States at the present time, and upon data which goes to show that it is the Japanese who are rapidly taking possession of our market.

The question which presents itself is a very plain one: Shall we permit this industry to be ruined and a good many thousands of American workmen deprived of their means of livelihood by this Oriental competition, or shall a duty be put upon manufactured silk imports that will permit the domestic manufacture of silks to be continued?

Silk manufactures can be reasonably classed as luxuries; at least the class of people who are the largest consumers of that product can afford to pay prices that are in keeping with the existing standard of American wages, and no hardship upon the poor can be inflicted by a protective duty upon that class of foreign imports. There may be a few people in this country who are still clinging to the theory that it is an inalienable right to buy everything in the cheapest market, but the vast majority who are by the operation of this blighting policy deprived of the means to buy in any market, are ready to declare in favor of the principle of maintaining home industry against destructive foreign competition from whatever source it may come.

If straws are not considered satisfactory evidence of the way in which the wind is blowing, the recent removal of a matting factory from Connecticut to Japan will doubtless be accepted as a rather strong indication that the business of this country is not moving in the right direction under the influence of oriental competition. When American citizens find it necessary to remove established industries to foreign countries, it is about time to find a remedy for the condition that induces such action.

An official report on diphtheria at the London hospitals last year presents the conclusion that 250 lives were saved in those institutions alone by the use of antitoxin. In 1894 there were 902 deaths in 3042 cases, or a mortality of 29.6 per cent; in 1895, when antitoxic serum was used in three-fifths of the cases, there were 796 deaths in 3529 cases, or a mortality of 22.5 per cent. The essential conditions were the same in the two years, with a somewhat larger proportion of juvenile, or unfavorable patients, in 1895.

The Woman's Edition of the *Populist* was issued yesterday, and is not only highly creditable to the ladies who did the work, but contains an unusually large amount of interesting matter on the live subject of equal suffrage.

The Democratic tariff has not captured the markets of the world, but it has turned over a considerable part of our home market to foreigners.

The state convention will not voice the sentiments of the Republicans of California without a clear-cut declaration for silver coinage.

RANDOM REMARKS.

The Alameda *Telegram* trusts that Rev. C. O. Brown will "retire into the dark recesses of his own shadow, and if possible, take that along with him." This doesn't seem to give Brown more than half of a show, but, then, he probably does not deserve much more than that.

Speaking of funny things in politics, the Bakersfield *Californian* tells of a prominent Republican of that place who "expresses the opinion that Grover Cleveland will be the next President." That is nothing. There is a prominent Democrat up here who expresses the opinion that Grover Cleveland ought to be the next President.

A rag bag has its drawbacks as a place for keeping money, as Fletcher Highley, an Indiana farmer, is ready to aver. Highley sold some stock and received $600 for it. This money, together with his gold watch and that of his wife, he placed in a rag bag for safe keeping. While he was away from home two or three days thereafter a peddlar called, and Mrs. Highley traded the contents of the rag bag for a tin saucepan. This is believed to be the highest price ever paid for a tin saucepan. Highley has telegraphed to the firm to whom the peddler shipped the rags, but the chances are against him.

George A. Knight has done a most graceful thing, and he should receive credit therefor. Last July Governor Budd appointed Dennis Spencer as attorney of the State Board of Health. Knight was then the incumbent of the office, and he refused to recognize the legality of Spencer's appointment. The consequence was that Spencer did the work of the office and Knight drew the salary. Spencer brought an action to test the legality of his appointment and won the case in the superior court, but Knight appealed, and the case was in the supreme court at the time that death interposed a pleading of its own. At that time the amount of salary drawn by Knight since last July was $2250. Spencer left a family and not much property. It was at this time that Knight did a good thing. Without waiting to know the result of the suit, he turned the money over to Mrs. Spencer. He may, or may not, win, but the money is here, in any event. It was one of the deeds that deserve to be advertised, because it had the right sort of a stamp upon it.

A.J.W.

CLOTHING SPECIALS.

A Sure Method of Attracting Attention.

The White Front Stores clothing department has hit upon a method of attracting attention which is certain to meet with success. Carrying the best and most stylish stock of gentlemen's, youths' and boy's clothing in the valley and having an immense assortment the White Front Stores want the people far and wide to be made aware of the superiority of their goods and the extraordinary cheapness of their prices. In order to attract the attention of all to the merits of their clothing department they are offering three specials in clothing this week, which for good values at low prices beat anything that has heretofore appeared. In order that they may test the truth of the above everybody who reads this is requested to consult the White Front Stores advertisement in today's Republican and then see the goods at the clothing department of the stores. *

Odd Fellows Anniversary.

The Independent Order of Odd Fellows will commemorate their 77th anniversary by holding services at the K-street M. E. church at 3 p.m. Sunday, April 26th. All members of the order are invited to attend this service. The members of Fresno Lodge No. 186, and Central California Lodge No. 343, and sojourning brothers, will meet at their lodge room in the Masonic Temple building at 2.30 p.m. and march in a body from there to the church. The members of Fresno Lodge, Rebekah Degree, will meet at their hall in the Spinney building at the same hour and proceed from there to the church. The Rev. J. W. Webb will deliver the address. An excellent program of music has been prepared and those who attend will be sure of hearing good music. The public is cordially invited to attend. The following is the program:

Quartette—"Son of My Soul"............Holden
Mesdames Otis S. Smith and G. L. Hoxie, Messrs C. A. Teller and S. L. Platt.
Invocation.
Vocal duet—"Jesus, Thy Mercies Untold".....
Mrs. Otis S. Smith and G. L. Hoxie.
Scriptural reading.
Vocal solo—"Eternal Rest"..................
C. A. Teller.
Address.
Quartette—"The King of Love My Shepherd Is"..........................Shelly
Mrs. Otis S. Smith and G. L. Hoxie, C. A. Teller and S. L. Platt. *

Joe Bernhard Wins.

Joe Bernhard, a Fresno student at Stanford, distinguished himself at the intercollegiate field day contests yesterday. Joe won the 100-yard dash in 10 1-5 seconds. His former record was 10 3-5. He also won the 220-yard dash in 23 1-5 seconds. Former record 23 4-5. Joe is a first-class sprinter and has gained quite a reputation.

Select Special Sale.

Sachs & Heringhi are offering at special sale a select line of Wash Fabrics. The goods are the finest ever shown in Fresno, and the prices quoted during this sale will surprise all dry goods buyers by reason of their cheapness. *

Suit to collect a promissory note for $675 was brought in the superior court yesterday by Rebecca A. Rawlins against Theodore W. Fairman and others. The note is secured by a mortgage on lots 12 to 15, block B, Sronce's addition to Fresno. Sam Jackson represents the plaintiff.

Do you want to be absolutely sure of your mount? Then ride the Stearns. A. N. Warnekros. *

When you're broke see Uncle Fagan. *

Get our prices on sewer connections. Donahoo, Emmons & Co. *

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

The following real estate transfers were recorded yesterday:

James C Goss to Mrs Anna Bayless, s½ of lot 13, Kimble colony; $500.

James C Goss to Charity Goss, lot 14 and n½ of lot 13, Kimble colony; $10.

George Kirkham and wife to John M Morrow, n½ of se¼ of sw¼, sec 29, t 16, r 22; $1300.

John M Morrow to George Kirkham, n½ of se¼ of sw¼, sec 29, t 16, r 22; $1.

United States to George Forsyth, sw¼, sec 2, t 17, r 19.

Cassie S White and James R White to F M Roessler, ½ interest in s½ of sw¼ of se¼, sec 30, t 13, r 21; $10.

Joseph H Hall et al to F M Roessler, ½ interest in sw¼ of se¼, sec 30, t 13, r 21; $10.

Emily M Wilson to Alonzo D Chance, lot 14 and n½ of lot 15, blk 109, Fresno; $10.

MARRIED.

FISHER—CRAWFORD—At the residence of T. W. Chapman of this city, April 22, 1896, Rev. W. H. Martin officiating, J. M. Fisher and Miss Charlotte Crawford, both of Fresno.

Attention, Ex-Confederates!

Sterling Price Camp of ex-Confederates is hereby ordered to meet at my office, 1930 Mariposa street, May 2, 1896, at 3 p.m., for annual election of officers and other business. Banquet at 8 p.m.

T. R. Meux, Commander.

R. G. Harrell, Adjutant. *

Uncle Fagan loans money on anything. *

For Over Fifty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle. *

To Sequoia Mills.

Passengers to Sequoia mills please call on J. H. House, Stevens' old feed yard. Telephone 115. *

High grade ladies' Crescent for $50 at Warnekros'. *

From Suffering to Happiness.

Come unto me all who are suffering of chills and fevers and private diseases and I will give you absolute cure (no cure, no pay) at the Golden Rule drug store, 1730 Mariposa street, where all kinds of pure and fresh drugs are sold cheaper than anywhere else in town, where a doctor of long experience and a graduate of best medical school in Europe and America will prescribe free of charge. Satisfaction always guaranteed. 1730 Mariposa street. *

'Rah for the Races!

The picnic at the Fair grounds on May day will be the grandest of the season. Bicycle, foot and horse racing and other sports. Dancing in the pavilion. No intoxicating drinks will be sold in the pavilion. Ladies admitted free. Gents, 50 cents. Gentlemen's driving race May 2d. *

Dr. Cockrill, dentist, Fiske block, with Drs. Maupin. *

Our metal polish is great. D., E. & Co.*

Type-Writer Supplies.

Complete line at South & Fenten's.*

Sugar-cured Shoulders, 8 cents at Blackler's. *

Adriance Buckeye Mowers.

One car of the latest improved has arrived, Baker & Hamilton, corner of Fresno and I streets. Don't buy a mower before inspecting our Buckeye. *

Do You Know Me?

Get acquainted at the Old Palm Garden. *

Insure the safety of your horses by boarding them at the New Brick Stables on Front street. Open April 1st. *

Columbia bicycles at D., E. & Co.'s. *

During the winter of 1893 F. M. Martin of Long Reach, West Va., contracted a severe cold, which left him with a cough. In speaking of how he cured it he says: "I used several kinds of cough syrup, but found no relief until I bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which relieved me almost instantly, and in a short time brought about a complete cure." When troubled with a cough or cold use this remedy, and you will not find it necessary to try several kinds before you get relief. It has been in the market for over twenty years and constantly grown in favor and popularity. For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by Smith Bros., cor. Hughes hotel.

Fresno Bakery Branching Out.

E. J. Weimar, proprietor of the Fresno Bakery and Lunch Parlors, has lately enlarged his place of business, having taken the entire storerooms, 1127 and 1129 J street. Mr. Weimar is among the younger business men of Fresno, who may be congratulated upon his success, having begun in a small way a few years ago and gradually built up a lucrative patronage. The secret of his success has been good lunches at a moderate cost and a splendid article of bread and pastry and strict attention to his business.

WEAK MEN
CURED AS IF BY MAGIC.

Victims of Lost Manhood should send at once for a book that explains how full manly vigor is easily, quickly and permanently restored. No man suffering from weakness can afford to ignore this timely advice. Book tells how full strength, development and tone are imparted to every portion of the body. Sent with positive proofs (sealed) free to any man on application.
ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

GAS COOKING STOVES.

Indispensable Articles of Cleanliness and Usefulness.

No household is now considered complete without a gas cooking stove. The demand increases every day, more especially since science has been utilized in the manufacture of a stove which is a boon in every respect for the housewife.

GREAT ADVANTAGES.

No one who has once used a gas cooking stove will ever do cooking by any other method. It is economical, clean and thorough. A gas cooking stove is always clean, and the labor and trouble of removing ashes are avoided. Meats, bread and pastry are properly cooked, because they are roasted and baked with oven heat, which is not obtainable in a coal stove.

FREE FROM SMELL AND SMOKE.

By a scientific combination of air and gas, smell from gas or smoke from flame is made impossible in gas cooking stoves. This is one of the many recommendations which make cooking by gas stoves preferable to cooking on a coal range. Broiled steaks and juicy roasts are far more enjoyable by the former method.

Until recently the people have hesitated putting in a gas stove on account of the expense of the stove, pipe connections, etc. The gas company, however, has mapped out a plan to meet the difficulty. The company will connect up a stove free of charge and supply gas at $2 per 1000 feet. They will also let you use a three-burner gas stove free. For the large ranges the company charges $12, payable in two years at the rate of 50 cents per month.

Parties do not have to use any specified amount of gas on any stove. Call at office, 1047 J street, and see the stoves. The company has put in eighty-five stoves already according to the above terms.

* Fresno Gas and Electric Light Co.

N. P. Justy's band and orchestra. Music furnished for balls, parties, soirees and concerts. For terms apply to N. P. Justy, 1940 Mariposa street. *

Hotels
—AND—
Restaurants
ATTENTION!
Just opened another large shipment direct from the Pottery in England of John Maddock & Sons
ROYAL :: VITREOUS
Double Thick
HOTEL :: CHINA
There is no better ware of the kind made in the world. It will not absorb grease when chipped, and is guaranteed against crazing.
Complete Stock at the Lowest San Francisco Prices
Cups and Saucers, Plates, Bakers, Platters, Pudding Dishes, Butter Chips, Jugs, etc.
Try it once, send us your orders and write for prices.
Hotel and Restaurant Table Cutlery a Specialty
Louis Einstein & Co.
Crockery Department.

THE NEW
Champion Mower
With the recent improvements the New Champion Mower is better than ever before. It has never had any equals, and is now farther in advance of all other mowers than ever. If you want the best and most value for your money, buy the CHAMPION.
DONAHOO, EMMONS & CO., County Agents.

LOST MANHOOD "NERVIA" Cures any form of disorder caused by excessive use of Tobacco, Alcohol or Opium, or on account of youthful indiscretion or over indulgence, etc., Dizziness, Convulsions, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, Weak Memory, Seminal Weakness, Hysteria, Nocturnal Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Loss of Power and Impotency, which, if neglected, may lead to premature old age and insanity. Positively guaranteed. Price, $1.00 a box; 6 boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price. A written guarantee furnished with every $5.00 order received; to refund the money if a permanent cure is not effected.
NERVIA MEDICINE CO., Detroit, Mich.
PADDOCK & MILLER, 1720 Mariposa Street.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of Impotency. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.
The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because ninety per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE is the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if six boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, six for $5.00, by mail. Send for free circular and testimonials.
Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal. For Sale by
GEORGE H. MONROE, Druggist, 1922-24 Mariposa St., Fresno.

If you want a sure relief for pains in the back, side, chest, or limbs, use an
Allcock's Porous Plaster
Bear in Mind—Not one of the host of counterfeits and imitations is as good as the genuine.

SPECIAL SALE
—OF—
Wall Paper and Paints
White Blanks..........4½c Roll
Brown Blanks..........3½c Roll
Gilts..........7½c Roll
Ingrains..........8c Roll
Best Gilts and Pressed Papers, 8 yards in a roll..........25c Roll
Mixed Paints..........$1.25 per gallon
BEGINNING APRIL 1st.
N. D. GILBERT, 1144 J Street.

Graupmann's :: Resort
For Fine Cold Lunches.
SANDWICHES A SPECIALTY. Frankforter and Sauer Kraut. Northeast corner of Tulare and I streets, Fresno.

WEBSTER BROS.
Drugs, Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles, Perfumes. Everything usually carried in a first Class Drug Store. Physicians Prescriptions accurately filled.
THE DRUGGISTS, CORNER MARIPOSA AND K STREETS.

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TELEPHONE 212 RED.
Pharmacist,
1917 MARIPOSA STREET,
PHOTOGRAPHIC SUPPLIES

SPARE :: RIBS
—AT THE—
CITY MARKET
S. EVINGER, Proprietor,
1147 I Street, Fresno, Cal.
Wholesale and Retail Butcher and Packer.

H. C. WARNER
SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN
FISKE BLOCK
J. ST. FRESNO.
All the latest scientific methods used for fitting all cases where spectacles are required. Astigmatism, presbyopia, hyperopia, miopia and all error of refraction corrected.

FOR SALE
The undersigned has the selling of all lands located in Fresno and Madera counties belonging to the California Savings and Loan Society, and I am now offering the best
BARGAINS IN IMPROVED AND UNIMPROVED LANDS
Ever offered in the San Joaquin Valley. If you want to buy or want to sell your property, call on me. Property taken charge of for absent owners.
THOMAS E. HUGHES.

S. LION,
Will buy, sell and exchange all kinds of New and Second-hand Furniture, carpets, stoves, tinware, glassware, clothing, shoes, hats, valises, etc. Tailoring and Repairing a specialty. Upholstering and cabinet work done neatly and promptly at reasonable prices. Call on or notify No. 1842 Tulare street, next to postoffice, Fresno, Cal.

Election Notice—School Tax.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE qualified electors of Little Panoche School District, County of Fresno, State of California, that an election will be held on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1896, at which will be submitted the question of voting a tax to build a school house and furnish same; also to decide on the location.

It will be necessary to raise for this purpose the sum of $600.

The polls will be open at Little Panoche school house from sunrise until 5 o'clock p.m.

The judges appointed to conduct the election are: Wm. Mitchell, Inspector, Geo. B. Smith, Wm. Messerschmidt, Judges.

J. T. SULLIVAN,
G. A. GREER,
JAMES MITCHELL,
District School Trustees

a11d

BUSINESS HOUSES AND INDIVIDUALS
Can obtain all information in their line from the press of the state, coast or country from the PRESS CLIPPING BUREAU, 510 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

A GRAND
SELECT SALE
—COMMENCING—
Monday, April 27, 1896.

Owing to the lateness of the season the most of our choice select Wash Fabrics in Silk and Cotton have just arrived, and will now be placed on sale. They consist in part of all the latest designs in American, French and Irish Dimities; Persian Crepons, new designs; Tulle Chatelaine, in all the latest Dresden effects; Drap, Baronne, elegant colorings; Corde Faconne, in elegant patterns; Linen color Batiste in plain, stripe, check and lace effects with Embroidery and Lace to match, which is one of the very latest in washable Fabrics.
A choice variety of Plain Black Lace Stripes and Fancy Organdies, as well as a complete stock of staple Wash Fabrics in Duck, Pique, Percales, etc.
In silks we have all the new weaves and patterns in Dresden Figured, Plaid and Stripe Taffeta, and the latest colorings in the now famous Soie Fantasie Silks for dresses and waists, and a complete stock of Wash Silks in Plain and Stripe for waists.
One special line of 20-inch Stripe Japanese Silk, worth 50c, we will include in this select sale at 25c per yard.
In Laces and Embroideries we have all the new styles for trimming Wash Goods, in White and Butter color Valenciennes, Batiste Embroidery and Insertion Bands in the Linen shades Butter and Ivory Oriental, Lierre, Chantilly and Applique.
The above line is the finest variety of Wash Fabrics ever shown in Central California.
SACHS
&
HERINGHI
The Leaders in Low Prices
1022 I STREET.
Sole Agents for P. Centemeri & Co. Kid Gloves.

FIT AND FASHION
W. M. Harrell makes a hit, with garments of a perfect fi T
Matchless styles and fashion true, unexcelled the county throug H
Here in Fresno, patrons deem, Harrell the Tailor is suprem E
Admirable cutting here we meet at his store upon J stree T
Renowned afar, it is quite clear, to serve us well is his ide A
Reliable goods from him we buy; of very latest styles, say I
Excellent for workmanship, all know well, in this that Harrell does exce L
Leading the trade, he'll always show well-selected patterns when I g O
Look in; you'll find both skill and care and prices always just and fai R

These shoes fit to perfection and wear as only the best of leather can. They're shapely, pliant—the most comfortable of footwear. They always manage to let in air and keep out water.
For Sale by Alexander & Goodman

STILL THE TALK of the TOWN!
Half of the People of Fresno County Shod by Us During Our
GREAT RETIRING FROM BUSINESS SALE,
And enough left to shoe the other half. The entire stock must be disposed of, and at our present prices it ought to go at once.
Plymouth Rock Shoe Store, RETIRING FROM BUSINESS.
1815 Mariposa Street, Near I.

WOMAN'S WORLD.

AN OAKLAND GIRL WHO SWINGS CLUBS FOR SWEET CHARITY.

The Renewing of Skirts—Traits of American Women—The Double Bed—A Warning to Wheelwomen—Married Women as Teachers—Three Successful Girls.

Society circles in this city have a young lady member who swings Indian clubs for charity, and she is so expert and so pretty that she is being talked about considerably in the Lakeside district.

She is Miss Rita Mylotte, and first took up club exercise two years ago for her own personal benefit, and found that she got such physical aid from it that she soon gathered about her a class of little boys and girls whose parents could not afford to patronize gymnasiums, and gave them lessons free just for the love of it and for the benefit she might reap from the exercise.

Miss Mylotte made so close a study of this branch of physical culture that she has become almost as proficient as the best of club swingers in the various and many gyratory movements practiced by professionals. Her services are in demand now at nearly every charitable entertainment and concert within her circle, and her work is so good that she never fails of an encore.

Miss Mylotte talked modestly about her achievement, but grew enthusiastic

MISS RITA MYLOTTE.

when physical development through club swinging was touched upon.

"Physical culture," said the little woman, "is a subject on which volumes might be written before its possibilities and necessities are fully understood. Professors of the art have multiplied, yet doctors and hospitals are as liberally patronized as ever.

"Favored classes can indulge in the luxury in the many elaborately fitted gymnasiums that have sprung up in all our cities and towns, but until the art is more practiced in the public schools the poorer classes can get no benefit.

"Club swinging I regard as the best of all the exercises in this line, because almost any one can practice it. There is no costly apparatus to pay for, and all the exercise that is wanted can be taken in one's room on arising in the morning or just before retiring. I would not advise too long practice at a time to beginners, for the exercise brings every muscle in the body into play, and one feels the effects after a few minutes.

"Many young women of my acquaintance swing clubs now, and I am sure that if girls knew the benefits to be derived they would soon secure clubs. The limbs are soon developed from a state of weakness and deficiency to one of strength and fullness, and the whole body feels the change a few lessons will bring."—Oakland Cor. San Francisco Chronicle.

The Renewing of Skirts.

A woman in moderate circumstances always likes to be as saving as possible. Therefore a bit of advice in regard to widening skirts of the past season should not go amiss.

A skirt may be very near the fashion and yet lacking in width for present requirements. They being really the most important part of a dress and the most costly, a little ingenuity and discretion work wonders.

To widen a dress of last year rip the seams to or above the knee, according to the width required, and fill in with full pointed panels of a different material. A spring silk skirt would look well with panels made of lace edged with a narrow braid or cord.

Then, again, should the skirt be of a fashion dating beyond last season, the best method for altering it would be to add a tablier. To do this the seams must be ripped all the way up, and the front breadth cut up the center and let flow back on each side. Then the side seams should be taken in at the hips and darts added. It is quite necessary, if the skirt is to be well fitting, to have the seams flow the full width of the material from the hips downward. The space in front can then be filled in with a lining as foundation for the tablier.

If the skirt is for evening wear, a pretty way would be to mount on the lining a tablier of some light material a trifle narrower than the lining, say, about one inch at the waist and widening toward the bottom, and cover the remaining space with firmly lined revers tapering from the waist on either side.

Another way would be to cut away the lower portion of the tablier in an ornamental line at the lower edge and fill in the space with velvet or lace covered satin. To conceal the junction of the two materials, trim with a narrow guipure and finish with ribbon bows.—New York Journal.

Traits of American Women.

One can rarely open a newspaper nowadays without coming upon a paragraph concerning the American woman. Her wit, her beauty, the smallness of her feet compared with those of English women, her extravagance in clothes or jewelry, are continually being impressed upon us by the industrious and patriotic journalists of the United States. Her good looks and her powers of repartee are facts patent to all observers and listeners, and I am even willing to believe that the foot of the average Boston or New York woman is smaller than that of her London sister. When, however, I read that the American women never talk scandal or say any unkind things about one another, I feel that my powers of belief are subjected to an unduly severe strain. If a man had made such a statement, one could have understood it, bearing in mind the fascinations of the American maid or matron, but it is a woman—Mrs. Craigie (John Oliver Hobbes)—who claims such remarkable qualities for those members of her sex who dwell in the United States.

Mrs. Craigie, who is, as every one knows, an American, returned recently from a visit to the States and was interviewed a few days ago by a member of the staff of The Daily Chronicle. The interviewer suggested that Americans were, as a rule, kind to one another. Mrs. Craigie admitted that they were. "I don't recollect," she said, "having heard during my recent visit one woman say an unkind word about another. Ungracious personalities didn't find a place in conversation, there was no retailing of scandal, no ungenerous exchange of little tattle. It was always the kindly word and thought. And then American women have the art of being able to chaff each other with complete good nature. A little point like that is worth bearing in mind, because large effects are so often the result of apparently small causes. I do not need to add that the American woman is witty, and that she dresses with excellent taste, for these are matters of the most ordinary knowledge."—Lady's Pictorial.

The New Double Bed.

Fashionable physicians are responsible for a new style in beds in this city which just now are adding largely to the profits of dealers in high class furniture. Like all new fashions, the divided bed comes from Paris by way of London. It is a unique and clever idea. The Astors, Sloanes and Vanderbilts were, it is said, among the first to take up the divided bed in both their town and country houses.

In appearance the divided bed is just what its name implies. If it were made out of ordinary materials, it would look like a double bed of usual width cut in two.

The price of a divided bed is quoted by Fifth avenue furniture dealers all the way from $200 to $4,000. A bed of a price about midway between these two extremes has been recently ordered by a man whose grandfather was glad to lay his head upon a cornhusk pillow. Satinwood enters largely into the making of this regal couch. It is carved and hand painted in the Elizabethan fashion, and attached to the cornice at the head of the bed is a canopy of silk. In accordance with the dictates of modern hygiene the canopy is not attached to the framework of the divided bed.

It has long been a wish of physicians to introduce upon hygienic grounds the divided bed. Since society has taken it up it will possibly not be long before it comes into general use. The divided bed has several distinct advantages.

It is believed by most physicians that it acts as a safeguard against the transmission of disease germs. It insures greater advantages of ventilation. In the case of sickness or any form of illness the divided bed considerably lessens the chance of contagion by supplying separate pillows.—New York Cor. Boston Advertiser.

A Warning to Wheelwomen.

Miss Marguerite Lindley, the physical culture lecturer, says that unless women are very careful bicycle riding will not only injure their health, but spoil any grace of movement or symmetry of form of which they may be possessed, and that corrective exercises are needed to counteract the effects of riding. However, Miss Lindley does thoroughly believe in the wheel when it is ridden properly and when riding is supplemented with the aforesaid "corrective exercises." These supplementary exercises are not designed to be taken at intervals during a bicycle excursion, but at home. They are taken standing in proper position, with chest and abdomen in line, or lying on the back or chest. When standing, the arms are raised shoulder high and extended, thereby raising the chest. The trunk is twisted, an exercise which brings into play many of the unused muscles.

The most valuable of the corrective exercises for bicyclists, Miss Lindley said, is taken lying on the stomach, with the feet fixed firmly and the hands on the hips. From this position the head and shoulders are raised by means of the muscles of the back. Another valuable exercise is taken lying on the back and extending the leg up and out from the hip. Both of these movements give exercise to the muscles which bicycling neglects.

Narrow bicycle saddles Miss Lindley declared to be the cause of half the evils resulting from wheeling. She advocated the use of a saddle adapted to the needs of the person who sat on it—a made to order saddle. And she insisted that the width of the made to order saddle should be at least approximately as great as that of a properly made chair.

Married Women as Teachers.

Worcester, Mass., is one of the few cities that indulge in the folly of prohibiting the employment of married women as teachers. The superintendent recently appointed a Mrs. Butler as a substitute. She is an experienced teacher, eminently successful, and her home life is such as to make it agreeable for her to teach. A member of the board called in question the right of the superintendent to make such appointment under the rule. Mr. Carroll explained that it was practically impossible to secure efficient substitutes in emergencies, and that bad results have followed from employing young women, inexperienced, as substitutes, as bad results almost uniformly follow such appointments.

The reply of a member of the board was, "I am opposed to employing married women when there are so many young girls waiting to get schools." Such an attitude on the part of school boards will bring our school system speedily to disgrace. It is not often that married women wish to teach. It is not often that a married woman is as good a teacher as one more recently educated for the work, who associates with the profession more than a married woman ordinarily can, but to conduct the schools on the basis of giving employment to young girls who are waiting will bring discredit upon the schools as surely and as speedily as anything that can be done. The best service from married or unmarried men or women must be the standard.—Journal of Education.

Three Successful Girls.

Twelve years ago the Misses Stewart of Cincinnati, three young women reared in wealth, were, by business failures, thrown upon their own resources. They secured a room in a business block and established a lunchroom, where they made a specialty of home cookery, doing most of the work with their own hands. The excellence of the food soon created a demand. The little lunchroom became a success, and at the end of five years, when the great Chamber of Commerce building was put up and there was to be a large restaurant connected with it, the Misses Stewart boldly applied for it. They were backed by many business men, who had known them in their days of wealth and been impressed by their ability as business women. Their bid was accepted, the Misses Stewart assumed charge of the Glenesin lunchroom and have conducted it for the past seven years.

The patronage is very large. For rent and services alone the yearly expenses are $10,000. The prices are reasonable, yet the sisters have not only paid all expenses, but live in comfort and are becoming rich. They have never lost social position by going into business, and during their entire career have never had to borrow a dollar. In spite of their success, and the fact that from their surplus they have been able to make many profitable investments, they have not ceased to give their personal supervision to each department.

Summer Bodices and Blouses.

"Fashionable dressmakers are now making the English distinction between the blouse, which we usually call the shirt waist, and the bodice," writes Isabel A. Mallon in The Ladies' Home Journal. "Both are supposed to be worn with skirts that differ from them in color and material, but the blouse is full, is draped, has a tucked or fancy front, with stiff collar and cuffs, and always suggests a rather undress get up. The bodice fits the figure, and though it may be made of cotton, silk or velvet it must never suggest by its trimming or style of collar the tailor made or shirt effect. Unlike the blouse, it is very often sufficiently elaborate to be worn with the richest skirt, and the trimming upon it may be ribbons, spangles, laces, feather or fur pipings and all the very open embroidery that imitates Irish crochet. However, it is the blouse that will be given the greatest popularity during the coming season."

A Costly Wardrobe.

The bicycle girl, if she starts out to be thoroughly up to date, will find that her wardrobe alone will cost her a pretty penny. Here are the prices of an entire bicycle outfit, obtained from reliable dealers in athletic goods: Bicycle suit, with leather trimmings, combination divided skirt and knickerbockers, $60; suit, with round skirt and norfolk jacket, $25; separate serge knickerbockers, $8; heavy ribbed wool sweaters, $5; sweaters in silk and wool, $8; cap, $3; belts, from 75 cents to $2.50; knee protector, $3.50; gloves, $1.50; suede leggings, $5; cloth leggings, $2; boots, $6; low shoes, $3.50; tights, $4.50; corsets, from $3.50 to $6, and this does not mention the wheel.—Philadelphia Record.

The Merry Go Rounds.

Palmyra, Me., has a unique woman's club, called the Merry Go Rounds. The members meet every Wednesday at the homes of the different ladies in turn and spend several hours helping the hostess patch the boys' trousers, mend wrecked stockings and take other needed stitches as the needs of the household require, finishing up, after a picnic supper, with a social and literary entertainment to which the husbands are invited.—New York Tribune.

Silks or ribbons that are to be packed away should be rolled in brown paper, as the chloride of lime in white paper will discolor them. White satin should be folded in blue paper and a brown paper put outside and pinned closely together at the edges.

London women schoolteachers are agitated over a proposal to raise the salaries of schoolmasters, but not of schoolmistresses. The highest salary paid to men is now $1,100 and to women $750, although their work and responsibility are equal.

Women physicians occupy honorable positions in the Maine Academy of Medicine and Science. Dr. Jane L. Herson and Dr. Harriet M. Lewis are president and vice president of an important section.

Snowdrop linen, so dear to the hearts of our grandmothers, is coming into favor again, and with it comes a whole host of somewhat similar patterns, such as interlaced rings, coins and squares.

China has the new woman too. The daughter of a magistrate in Shantun acts as treasurer in her father's district, keeps the books, pays the bills and stirs up delinquent debtors.

Hadn't the Time.

A man asked for work at the door. The lady of the house said that she would take his name and address and see what could be done for him. She offered him a pencil and bit of paper. "You write it, mum," he said. "I would write it myself, but I never learned to write." "Not even your name?" she exclaimed. "No'm, I ain't had the time." "Well, why not take time? I'll teach you to write your name at least. It seems strange that an intelligent man like you hasn't learned that. How did it happen?" "Well, mum, you see I went and got married young, and I've always been busy working, and I ain't had the time for learning."—Boston Transcript.

Used to Them.

Henpeck—Have you "Mrs. Caudle's Curtain Lectures" or some other book of that sort?

Bookseller—I'll see, sir.

"I wish you would, for I want to get a good night's rest."

"What has that to do with it?"

"Everything. My wife died a few days ago, and I think if I read a few pages of 'Mrs. Caudle' I won't miss her."—Philadelphia Record.

The single car propulsion common among the boatmen of almost every country is on the principle best seen in the tail of the fish.

Papier mache shoes for horses have been recently introduced, with, it is said, gratifying results.

The Poplar as a Lightning Conductor.

A careful examination of the trees that are struck by lightning shows that over half of them are white poplar. From this fact scientists conclude that the poplar has some value as a conductor of lightning. This being the case, agriculturists are advised to plant those trees in the vicinity of their farm buildings. An additional suggestion is the attaching of lightning rods to two or three of the tallest of those trees. This will, it is stated, almost absolutely insure buildings against being destroyed by electric storms.—New York Ledger.

There is in souls a sympathy with sounds, and as the mind is pitch'd, the ear is plea'd with melting airs of martial, brisk or grave, some chord in unison with what we hear is touch'd within us, and the heart replies.—Cowper.

Vegetables Free.

Go to the New England Market and buy corned beef and soup meat and they will give you vegetables. *

French Taney Wafers.

These wafers are for painful, scanty, profuse or irregular menses, and ladies will find that no better remedy exists for these difficulties. To avoid being imposed upon by base imitations, buy from our agents and take French Taney Wafers only. Price by mail, $2. Buker & Colson, Central Drug Store, 1908 Mariposa street, Fresno, Cal., sole agents. *

New Stage Line

To Pine Ridge. Leaves House & Swett's stable, corner of L and Fresno streets, daily. Will call at Cowan House for passengers. Easy riding rigs. Packages delivered with care. J. H. House, proprietor. *

For first-class plumbing, tin or iron work go to F. A. Foin & Son's, very reasonable charges, Fresno street. *

Get a rig for $1.50 (except Sundays and holidays) for four hours' ride. Telephone 32, Dexter Stables. *

Go to the Tivoli for the genuine imported Berliner Weiss beer. *

Plumbing and tinning. D., E. & Co.*

KONGO CANNIBALS.

DESCRIBED BY A MISSIONARY WHO KNOWS THEM WELL.

Their Appetite For Human Flesh Illustrated by Scenes That Father Allaire Has Witnessed—A Life That Is Constantly Beset With Dangers.

Father Allaire, missionary apostolic to the French Kongo, was recently in France to order a small iron steamboat to be used in visiting the mission stations, and was persuaded while there to contribute to Le Correspondant an account of his work and its field. The courageous fathers of the French Catholic missions in Africa visit regions hitherto scarcely known to white men, and, living habitually far beyond the bounds of the new African civilization, have peculiar opportunities of studying unmodified savage life. Father Allaire has been for ten years in the French Kongo, and for the last six years at Liranga.

His home station of Liranga is surrounded by cannibal tribes, and not only has he time and again declined hospitable invitations to take part in a cannibal feast, but more than once he has discerned among his neighbors a hankering after his own flesh.

"You are wrong," said a cannibal when the father turned in disgust from an offer of human flesh. "You should taste it, and after that you'd never turn away; it is so good."

A cannibal, bearing aloft a bloody human head, said to the father:

"That is the head of one you knew well. We ate him three days ago. He was delicious. You should have come earlier so as to have a taste."

Cannibalism is a veritable passion with some of the father's black neighbors. Rescued slaves tell him, and he believes it, that there are in the interior chiefs who eat no flesh save that of girls and boys from 10 to 16 years of age. He made a journey up the Kongo to the land of the fierce Bondjos, strangers to him, with the hope of buying children out of slavery and taking them back to the mission station. When he reached Ngombos, an agglomeration of six or seven large cannibal villages, he was constantly saluted with the words:

"Sell us children. We will buy, but not sell them."

The cannibals had evidently heard of his mission, and the journey was in vain. When he was about to return, a chief invited him to anchor opposite a village, saying:

"Show your goods there, and my people will fetch down the slave children to sell."

The father accepted the invitation, climbed with difficulty the steep embankment, more than 80 feet high, upon which stood the fortified village, and entered the place with an interpreter and a few followers. Sixty savages surrounded the priest, and he and the chief went through the famous form of blood brotherhood, each making a slight wound in his arm and permitting the outflowing streams of blood to mingle. The father then discovered that there were no women or children in sight, and that the points of spears were trembling behind the houses. The chief suddenly demanded gifts for himself and all his men.

There was silence in the village, while the blacks babbled consciously in the sun, and the lances peeped out here and there from behind the huts. The father answered that he would be glad to pay handsomely for any slaves that should be brought to the boat. At this the chief seized his left hand and bade him begone. When the father was ready to make the steep descent of the bank, he saw a stealthy giant just ready to lance one of the men from the steamboat. His left hand still grasped by the chief, the father aimed his uncharged rifle at the negro below, and the latter, dropping his weapon, drew back.

The next instant the chief had pushed the father over the bank. He lay stunned for a second, but rose unhurt to find the savage lancers attacking his own men, and the latter casting themselves into the river for safety. Quickly loading his rifle, he turned upon the attacking party, but at sight of the loaded weapon the negroes fled. Once on the boat the father found that none of his men was wounded. One, the blunk interpreter, was missing, and he was soon discovered making ready to storm the village. He declared that with two rifles the missionary party could sack the place, and was disgusted when the father refused to undertake the task.

"It is curious," said the interpreter, "that when these people were making ready to eat you you are unwilling to be revenged on them."

He then explained that as the missionary party clambered up to the town the negroes were vowing to have the goods as presents or by force, and that when the cannibal chief took the priest's hand the savage said significantly to his men:

"It is well; he has no skin and his hand is fat."

Father Allaire says that slavery in his part of Africa is not a thing of constant blows. Its worst feature is the possibility of human sacrifice at the death of a slave owner. The slave at ordinary times may go and come as he will, subject only to the possibility of being resold or of being called to be sacrificed in order that a dead master may have slave company in another world. Slavery is worse for children than for adults, and in parts of the French Kongo children are used as money. A pirogue is spoken of as worth so many slaves. Slave children pass through the hands of as many as 20 chiefs. A native law makes a thief caught in the act the slave of his captor, and it is not unusual for men to expose valuable things, and then lie in ambush to capture and thus enslave any one that yields to the temptation to steal the article exposed. Young children are seized and enslaved when found alone, and African mothers, who are most tender of their little ones, guard them with great care.

A Household Hint.

Winks—I've got a new way of sifting coal at my house.

Blinks (with languid interest)—Have you?

Winks—Yes. I used to have the man pick out the good pieces of coal from the sifter and throw the rest away. Now I have him pick out the cinders and burn the rest.

Blinks—Well, what difference does that make?

Winks (proudly)—Oh, about two tons a year.—Somerville Journal.

No More Book Proposals.

Search reveals the amazing fact that the proposal—in literature at least—is becoming obsolete. Stories there are of a plenty, but in the English publications they mostly relate to mysterious disappearance of diamonds or are tales of conspiracy or intrigue, and in the American product the proposal is all done behind the scenes—the reader is introduced to the engaged couple or to the married pair. The sentimental age is passing evidently, and we contemptuously hurry over the romantic episode to reach those dramatic crises in life which seem to occupy the attention of both writers and readers.

30 DAYS

IS NOT LONG. So take advantage of the opportunity. It's one of a lifetime to get one of the best Bicycles in the world at a price within your means, and at terms that you can pay for the machine as it is used. Every wheel pays for itself when you can buy it for

$5 First Installment.

$3 Weekly Installment.

THIS INSTALLMENT PRICE alone is a guarantee to the purchaser that he is getting a first-class wheel, AND THAT I COULD NOT AFFORD TO SELL A CHEAP WHEEL FOR SUCH INTALLMENT.

REMEMBER the time is limited, and you will have to fall IN LINE WITH ALL THE POPULAR

Crawford Bicycle

Riders to get the benefits that are to be derived from such bargains. This shows my faith in Crawford Bicycles, and experience has taught me to be liberal with them in every way, which I am doing, and this shows you the man who is selling goods that cannot be reached by any other dealer in the West.

R. M. THOMPSON,

Bicycles, Guns, Ammunition, Baseball, Tennis, Cycling Sundries and Sportsmen's Supplies, 1896 Fishing Tackle just in

1156 J Street, Fresno, Cal.

TAVERN OF

CASTLE CRAG

Queen of All Mountain Resorts.

The Tavern of Castle Crag, the most beautiful, attractive and accessible of all mountain resorts will open for the reception of guests June 1st, and will close October 1, 1896.

GEORGE SCHONEWALD, Manager,
Room 59, Union Trust Building,
San Francisco.

"An Investment in Knowledge Pays the Best Interest.

FRESNO Business College

—AND—

NORMAL SCHOOL,

The Leading School of the San Joaquin Valley,

Has Business, Normal, Academical, Elocution, and Shorthand and Typewriting Departments.

TUITION.

One year	$75
Six months	50
Three months	30

Board and room, $16 a month and upward.

For particulars address
RAMSAY & RAMSAY,
Box 2036. Fresno, Cal.

REMOVAL NOTICE

Colonel J. G. Anderson has removed his

REAL ESTATE AND PENSION OFFICE

To No. 958 J street, opposite Postoffice.

BARLEY BOUGHT, ROLLED & SOLD

Patent Kitchen Tables, $2.75.
Egg Cases, Complete, 65c.
Headquarters for Window Glass.
Bee Men's Supplies a specialty.
Strawberry Baskets and Crates.

Notice to Creditors.

In the Superior court of the county of Fresno, state of California.

In the matter of C. H. Boucher, an insolvent debtor.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL THE creditors who have proved their claims against the above named insolvent to appear before the said court, at the court room of department No. 1 thereof, on the 18th day of May, 1896, at the hour of 9 o'clock a.m., and show cause if any they have why the said C. H. Boucher, insolvent, should not be discharged from all his debts, in accordance with the Statutes in such cases made and provided.

Dated April 11th, 1896.

a12 T. G. HART, Clerk.

Notice to Creditors.

In the matter of the estate of Peter Carlson Soderman, alias Peter Carlson, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned, administrator of the estate of Peter Carlson Soderman, alias Peter Carlson, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said administrator, personally, at his office in the court house, in the county of Fresno, state of California, or at the office of Evertz & Ewing, rooms 2 and 3, First National Bank building, city of Fresno, county of Fresno, state of California.

Dated April 24th, 1896.

L. H. CHURCH,
Administrator of the estate of Peter Carlson Soderman, alias Peter Carlson, deceased.

a24130

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Nam Lee, sometimes known as Lam Lee, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned, executor of the estate of above named deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within ten (10) months after the first publication of this notice, to the said executor, at the office of S. S. Wright, attorney at law, rooms 18 and 19, Fresno loan and Savings Bank building, in the city of Fresno, Fresno county, state of California, the same being my place for the transaction of the business of the said estate in the said county of Fresno, state of California.

WONG KEE,
Executor of the estate of Nam Lee, sometimes known as Lam Lee, deceased.

Dated at Fresno, April 6th, 1896. a7

FRESNO CAFE

First-Class Restaurant and Oyster House

Private Rooms and Parlors for Families and Parties.

Polite Attention to Ladies Unescorted

LAMOND & BIELENBERG,

1052 I St., Next to Farmers' Bank.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY — SUNSET, OGDEN & SHASTA ROUTES

KEEP —IN— MIND —THE— SUNSET LIMITED

For the Season of 1895-96,

—WILL RUN—

Semi-Weekly

—BETWEEN—

San Francisco, Los Angeles and New Orleans,

—OVER THE GREAT—

Sunset Route

—LEAVING SAN FRANCISCO—

TUESDAYS AND SATURDAYS

From Tuesday, November 5, 1895.

The most complete, modern, elegantly equipped and perfectly arranged Vestibuled Transcontinental Train in America. New equipment, especially designed and built for this service. Nothing spared to assure PERFECT COMFORT and the highest degree of ENTERTAINMENT obtainable while traveling.

Direct connections in New Orleans for all Eastern points. Quick time. Only one change

Notice Inviting Street Work Proposals.

PURSUANT TO STATUTE AND TO RESOlution No. 103, adopted April 6, 1896, by the Board of Trustees of the city of Fresno, directing this notice, the undersigned invites and will receive at his office in the city hall up to 3 o'clock p. m. of the 4th day of May, A. D. 1896, sealed proposals or bids for the following street work to be done according to the specifications posted and on file therefor adopted or herein mentioned, or as contained in the resolution of intention No. 135, to-wit:

That Fresno street in said city, from the south line of Tulare street to the north line of Kern street, except such portion thereof as is required by law to be kept in order or repair by any person or company having railroad tracks thereon, be graded, curbed, guttered, crosswalked and sidewalked, with gutters on each side of the street, except at crossings; such gutters to be one foot lower than the center of the street, and the street bed to have a uniform curve from gutter to gutter. The sidewalks of said street, between the same limits, also to be graded to the official grade thereof, except where already paved or planked. Vertical curbs to be put in at the outer edge of said walks, except where already paved or planked, consisting of 5x6-inch redwood plank 16 feet long, firmly spiked to 4x6-inch redwood posts 3½ feet long, set in the ground flush with the curbing, 5½ feet center to center, with at least four 60d nails in each plank at each post. The curbs at the corners of the blocks to be beveled with a plank four feet by 5x14 inches, firmly spiked as above at each end. Street crossings, according to the plans and specifications for such work on file in the office of the city clerk, to be constructed and put in at the following places, to-wit: One street crossing to be put in at the south side of Tulare street and one at the north side of Kern street.

Bidders must file with each proposal or bid a check payable to the order of the President of the Board of Trustees of this city, certified by a responsible bank, for an amount which shall not be less than ten per cent of the aggregate of the proposal, or by a bond for the said amount and so payable, signed by the bidder and two sureties, who must justify before any officer competent to administer an oath, in double the said amount, and over and above all statutory exemptions.

Clerk's office, the 23d day of April, 1896.

J. W. SHANKLIN,
a23d12 Clerk of the city of Fresno.

Notice—Street Sweeper Wanted.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Board of Trustees of the city of Fresno, will receive sealed proposals up to 5 o'clock p.m. on Monday, May 18th, 1896, for supplying one street sweeping machine for said city of Fresno. Bidders will accompany their bids with a full description of the machine offered, together with the price delivered on board the cars in Fresno. Bidders will also accompany their bids with certified checks in the amount of 10 per cent of the price of the machine offered, said checks to be made payable to the order of the president of the Board of Trustees of said city of Fresno, and conditioned that the successful bidder will enter into contract and supply a machine at the price offered. The Board of Trustees reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Board of Trustees of the city of Fresno.

Fresno, April 23d, 1896.

a23d12 J. W. SHANKLIN, City Clerk.

Stockholders' Meeting.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Enterprise Canal and Irrigation Company, for the election of directors and such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held on Saturday, May 2nd, 1896, at 2 o'clock p.m., at the office of the company, room 10, Temple Bar building, Fresno city, Cal.

W. H. INGRE, Secretary.

Fresno, April 17, 1896. a12

EVERY ONE CAN SING

INGENIOUS THEORY ABOUT THE TRAINING OF VOICES.

Singing Is Just as Natural as Talking, but the Voice Must Be Cultivated According to Inflexible Rules—Practice Should Begin at the Top of the Voice.

In fairy days when the fox wished to make his voice sweet he went to the miller and asked for chalk. This he ate with such satisfactory results that his next call was made without any of the unlucky effects generally produced by his naturally harsh voice. It is very evident from all that one hears and reads nowadays that this end of the century is expecting to be told of some royal road to voice improvement. Why should not such a road be found? In these days of Roentgen rays and consumption cures why should not the art of music advance tremendously?

The human voice is used for two purposes—by every one to speak with, by many to sing with. That many wish to sing but find themselves unable to do so is unhappily true. That all these could learn to sing is also true, though this is not without question in many minds.

Much has been written lately in criticism of the disagreeable qualities of the speaking voice, especially the harshness of the voices of American women. Little has been suggested, however, to remedy the defects. As for the singing voice, it has lately been stated that "of all branches of musical study the most discouraging perhaps is the cultivation of the voice."

Here is something which interests thousands of persons, and when we include in our subject the improvement of the speaking voice it is one which should interest millions. People are scarce who really care nothing about music. They are scarcer still who do not carry a musical instrument about with them wherever they go. The singer is at no trouble or expense to procure an instrument upon which to perform. All he needs to do is to open his mouth and it is ready. Moreover, this instrument, rightly treated, needs far less practice than any piano or violin, and there is a method of right treatment which can be described to "out of the way students." This method consists of just two things—relax the throat, begin all practice at the top of the voice.

In order to gain a relaxed throat simply try to stretch the throat open, as in yawning, and to sing as low down in the throat as possible. Never imagine that any tones proceed from or go to the top of the head, but think that they all start from a point low in the throat, and must come directly out of the mouth, toward the front teeth. A contracted throat produces a rough, rasping or nasal voice. An open, relaxed throat produces a round, smooth, clear voice.

The second injunction—begin all practice at the top of the voice—is most important. More harm has been done by the training of voices upward than the world has yet any idea, and it is marvelous that we have not learned this fact before the end of the nineteenth century. Scales should never be sung upward by beginners, because this tends to emphasize instead of to bridge over any breaks that the voice may have. By always training the voice downward the difficulties with regard to breaks and registers are overcome without any theorizing and experimenting on the part of the student. An exercise which can be practiced with immense benefit by every student is to begin at the highest tone that the singer can take easily and sing each successive tone downward to the syllable "ha" low down in the throat as possible, using a great deal of breath for each syllable and taking fresh breath for each one.

Besides the question how best to improve the singing voice, persons are seeking answers to two other questions—how can we improve our speaking voices and can we all learn to sing?

The speaking voice can be made pleasant and agreeable in the same way that the singing voice is improved. It is most emphatically true that many persons speak habitually in tones that are unnecessarily shrill and rasping. This is caused by throat contraction, which squeezes the tone and renders it rough. To relax the throat by stretching it open as in yawning and to speak low in the throat allows the tone to be smooth, round and clear. A very unwise injunction is often given in this connection—viz, "Do not speak in such a high key." The very opposite of this should be inculcated. Voices are never shrill because they are high; they only sound shrilly because the throat is apt to be contracted more on high tones. This weakens the high tones and the effort to speak loudly causes forcing of the voice. If people would relax the throat and then strengthen the high tones by their free and proper use, they would soon notice a vast improvement in tone quality.

"Can every one learn to sing?" Unquestionably, yes. Every one who can speak can also learn to sing, if he will take a little trouble, for the very same instrument, the larynx, furnishes the voice for both speech and song. The only difference between the speaking voice and the singing voice is that the former uses the lower and medium tones and the latter uses chiefly the higher and medium tones. If a person thinks he cannot sing, let him, in the first place, be satisfied to begin at the beginning, instead of at the end. Let him not be discouraged because he cannot at once sing a whole tune correctly, but let him believe that, if, as must be the case, he can form any single tone or two tones correctly, he can improve upon this ability, just as any one who can add two and two can also add three and three, and then four and four. The main thing to understand is that inability to sing is not generally caused, as is so often supposed, by want of voice or want of ear, but simply by lack of flexibility of voice—that is, weakness of the muscles which tighten and relax the vocal cords.—New York Herald.

Russia and Religious Liberty.

The only dissenters that the Orthodox church has ever tolerated with any degree of good will have been the actual pagans from the frozen north and the Mohammedans. Neither of these can be charged with the crime of attempting to pervert others from the Orthodox faith. To speak plainly, the vaunted toleration of the Russian government has always been of a peculiar character. No dissenting body has suffered more than the Uniats, and yet they differ from their Orthodox brethren only in acknowledging the supremacy of the pope of Rome. M. Leroy-Beaulieu tells us that "everything was put in operation against them—fines, imprisonment, flogging, confiscation of their property, exile and torture." We are a Protestant people, and the martyrdom of the Uniat church appealed but slightly to British sympathies. It is otherwise with the martyrdom of the reforming bodies.

About the same time (1877) as the Uniat persecution, the persecution of the Stundists began and has continued, increasing in cruelty, to the present day. The Stundists are, roughly speaking, 250,000 of peasants; the Jews are 5,000,000 or 6,000,000. Mr. Thompson tells the pitiful tale of Jew-baiting with sympathy and moderation. Here the Russian government have appealed to what is worst in human nature, and though they have escaped being sent to Coventry by the French and English Hebrew capitalists they have not escaped economic punishment. The hurrying of the Jews is generally admitted to be one of the causes of the growth of poverty of the Russian people. M. Ewera mentions that, after the expulsion of the Jews from Moscow, the rate of interest in private pawnshops rose from 25 to 200 per cent per annum.—Academy.

Memories of Sir Walter Scott.

A writing desk on which Scott wrote most of his novels was given to his amanuensis, William Laidlaw; on the death of his daughter, Katherin, last year, it passed, along with a collection of letters, to her nephew, Mr. W. L. Carruthers, Inverness. The gold snuffbox presented by Scott to Sir Adam Fergusson is now in possession of Mr. C. E. S. Chambers, the editor of this journal. In 1892 Mary Gray Garden, a daughter of the Ettrick Shepherd, possessed a small gold brooch, set with pearls, and containing a lock of Sir Walter's hair, perfectly white, cut off after death and given by one of the family to her father. His pony phaeton was possessed by Mr. W. Macfie of Clermiston, Midlothian; the sofa and fire grate from his study in Castle street by the Rev. Donald Masson, Edinburgh.

To the Advocates' library, which already possessed a novel of Scott's in manuscript, the Marquis of Huntly has handed over 47 instruments of credit, drafts and promissory notes (1819-25), the latter showing sums amounting to £30,000. The gold watch which Scott presented to Dr. Clarkson of Melrose, his medical adviser, after Lady Scott's death, is still worn by a descendant. A ring, bearing the inscription, "From Jedediah Cleisbotham to his friend, Bailie Nicol Jarvie," along with a scarfpin, are possessed by a son of Mr. Mackay, who acted this character in "Rob Roy." The picture by Sir David Wilkie, "The Abbotsford Family," representing the Scott family in lowland Scots' peasant costume, was added in 1895 to the Scottish National gallery at a cost of 800 guineas.—Chambers' Journal.

Side Hunts For "Varmints."

The Tacoma Rifle, Rod and Gun club had a side hunt recently, in which only "varmints" were killed. By "varmints" they meant anything that was deadly to any recognized game. They chose sides of eight each, and the hunt lasted seven days, on five of which the weather was drizzly and wet. Here is what they killed: One weasel, 58 crows, 2 magpies, 7 coons, 9 owls, 3 minks, 1 eagle, 38 skunks, 4 hawks and 2 wildcats.

There was a time when side hunts were extremely popular, everything counting, from game to vermin, and it was usually the game heads that counted most, but now that there is so little game it is no longer popular to kill for count, because it savors too much of killing for a price. Vermin hunts have been recorded in increasing numbers from time to time for some years back, while squirrel hunts are rapidly going out of favor.

They held a squirrel hunt lasting one day up in Herkimer county once. All the kinds of squirrels they have there are red and ground squirrels, and being midwinter the ground squirrels were all hibernating. The hunters got three bushels of red squirrels, two bushels of rabbits (varying hares) and half a dozen foxes. That night they had a supper and dance, the losing side paying for it. These hunts usually wind up in a dance, so that the women folks can have their share of the sport too.—New York Sun.

An Illiterate Preferred.

There are many who object to the education of the masses, but the following advertisement is the first instance I have seen of an employer of labor expressly stipulating for ignorance as a qualification for employment:

"Wanted—A thoroughly capable, energetic, all around gardener; small vinery and greenhouse, cows, pigs and poultry; boy kept; a man who cannot read and write preferred; age about 30; must have first rate character; wages, £1 a week and small cottage. Apply, stating all particulars, to Mrs. Girardot, Rosehill, Ruabon."

I would suggest to Lord Salisbury and those who share his desire to curtail the dangerous operations of the school board that it would be a good thing to form a union of employers, if any others are to be found, who share this good lady's views. The demand for improved education is largely influenced by the fact that an educated man is, as a rule, considered worth more money than a dunce. Open up a market for illiterates and you will take all the steam out of educational progress.—London Truth.

Women's Pets.

Most sensible people will be sorry to learn, says Ella Hepworth Dixon, that lapdogs are now bred so small that they are often "taken to theaters and other public entertainments" concealed beneath their owners' arms. Needless to say that the arm always belongs to a woman, and a very foolish one at that. It is difficult to realize that at the end of a serious, not to say pessimistic, century, there are still people silly enough to want to take their pet animals to theaters and tea parties and receptions. A woman with a dog is always more or less conspicuous. If she is of the spectacular blond type, she is scarcely a refined looking object in a drawing room, reading room or on the street leading or holding a dog. The dogs would no doubt be happier at home and occasionally yelp information to that effect.—New York Telegram.

Olga Nethersole.

Some 10 or 12 years since a certain quiet English lady was in search of a nursery governess for her little boy. There was one candidate for the position who was so sweet and young and pretty that she was engaged on the spot, and her employer took much interest in her. The lady found, however, that the attractive little governess was less mild than she looked, as she soon developed such a decided genius for violent flirtation that she was felt to be far too much responsibility for a British matron to cope with. She has since proved conclusively that she was meant for other things and that her talents could be turned advantageously into other channels, for she is now playing Carmen, and her name is Olga Nethersole.

A Somber Affair.

The first drawing room of the London season was a rather somber affair, as the court was still in mourning, and it was intimated that the queen would appreciate ladies appearing in slight mourning. Of course all the ladies of the diplomatic corps were in court mourning, so the changes were rung on the somewhat limited scale of black, white, gray and violet. Ingenuity was taxed to vary these limited costumes, one of the most effective dresses being worn by the wife of the minister of the Netherlands. The train was of black velvet lined with white satin, the skirt and corsage glittering with jet and graceful jetted net sleeves hanging from the shoulders.—New York Times.

FOR YOU AND ME.

"Come, Curly Head, 'tis eventide.
The birds are sleeping, closed the flowers,
And you are weary, little one,
A-sporting through the sunny hours.
Come, fold your hands and whisper low
Your mother's prayer for you tonight—
'Teach me, dear God, to love thee much
And do the right.'"

Not then I knew the words—ah, me!
I since have learned on life's rough road
That they alone are truly safe
Who do love God,
For everywhere, on every side,
I see the shackled human soul,
Driven by passion, want and wrong
Whither the wheels of fate swift roll.

And, oh, the sight is fraught with pain,
The bruised and bleeding throngs of men,
Who rightly are the sons of God,
And o'er my lips and o'er again
There surges that sweet mother prayer,
From mother lips long hid from sight—
"Teach us, O God, to love thee much
And do the right."
—Mattie Bonner in Philadelphia Press.

THE COFFEEPOT.

"Did you think of it, dear?" my wife asked me one morning over the breakfast table. "Father's birthday is day after tomorrow. What present are we to give him this year? Have you made up your mind?"

I was deeply interested in my paper, reading the report of our latest cause celebre, a murder trial, and not paying any attention to her remarks. I answered absentmindedly:

"Ten years state's prison."

"W-h-a-t?" a startled expression coming into her eyes. "Drop that nonsense," she retorted hotly, "and give me a sensible answer if you can."

I put the paper away and looked up, noticing for the first time that she was in a temper and remembering the foolish remark I had made.

"Pardon me, darling," I begged remorsefully. "You know well enough that I couldn't have meant the words in good earnest. I was so very deeply engrossed in the district attorney's address to the jury that I became somewhat confused. Overlook it and be friends. But to the point. What are we to give the old gentleman? A nice pocketbook?"

"Would that not be like throwing out an indelicate hint?" she replied, somewhat pacified.

"H'm! I don't know. Well, then, how about a morning cap of red, white and black, with a large tassel?"

"He has one."

"Or a comfortable house coat?"

"No, no! I tell you what, a 'self actor machine,'" she exclaimed triumphantly; "just the thing!"

"A what?" I queried, shaking my head incredulously. "Heaven defend us! What kind of a thing did you say? And what in the world is he to do with it?"

"You know, dear"—Anna was all excitement now—"how fond father is of good coffee; how he scolds the cook for not making the beverage to his liking. What does she know about making coffee anyway? Not long since I saw in Mrs. Faber's house a newly invented self actor extraction coffee and tea machine. I tell you that is exactly what father wants."

"So that is it! A coffee machine! I thought it was a sewing machine or some such thing. What did you call it? A self actor extraction and so forth machine? What a monstrous name! How dreadful!"

"But practical, unspeakably practical, I tell you. You pour the water into the boiler and then some coffee into a little bowl above. Then you light the alcohol beneath. The heated water is by means of a glass tube led from the boiler into the bowl. The boiler's weight diminishes as the water lessens. The latter therefore raises itself a trifle, thus releasing a spring attached to the cover of the alcohol lamp, which falls upon the lamp and extinguishes the flame. Do you understand?"

"Not the least bit!" was my energetic response. But my wife went on as though it mattered little whether I understood or whether I did not understand:

"And as soon as the boiler has cooled off the beverage in the bowl, as the result of the pressure of the outer air—do you understand, now?"

"No!" I exclaimed more energetically than before, but with the selfsame result, for my better half kept on just as if I had replied "Yes" instead of "No!"

"As the result of the pressure of the outer air the now ready coffee runs by means of a sieve and the identical tube back into the boiler below. Then you can empty it into cups at your convenience," she concluded deliberately. "I find that a wonderfully simple procedure."

"Yes, surprisingly simple, my dear," I said doubtingly. "See here, wifey, I think I shall have to take another course in physiology and technology before I would be equal to comprehending the raising of the tube by air pressure and the dropping of the lamp cover as the result of the escape of heated water. And you really intend giving such a what do you call it machine as a present to your father? I am quite sure I don't care, but I bet your father will be displeased, simply because he will not be able to make head or tail of so complicated a thing."

"You have always fault to find with my propositions," she pouted sensitively. "Always. But I take the bet. What is it to be for—a kiss?"

"A kiss! As though an everyday affair like that were an object for a wager."

My wife laid the index finger of her right hand on to her little nose, her favorite attitude when in a reflective mood.

"The other day," she said, "I noticed a splendid brooch in S.'s show window; just the thing."

"And I a rocking chair at F.'s, such as I always longed to possess," I added. "It is a bargain. Rocking chair against brooch! If your what do you call it machine does its duty, you will get your brooch; if not, you are bound to buy me the chair. Shake on it!"

"All right," my wife acquiesced in a triumphant tone.

She really purchased the extraction machine, which, to judge from appearances, was a pretty, neat and brightly polished little affair. The birthday arrived, and we solemnly assembled in her father's house and handed him the present, but he looked rather surprised.

"Well, well!" he exclaimed. "Just look at this! A filtering machine. Did you ever? I must confess I like the idea, for our city water is not very clear, and the supply is poor. It may come in handy."

"What are you talking about, my dear father?" my Anna interrupted excitedly and in an almost angry tone. "You do not really mean to say that you think our love is so trifling as to buy you a filtering apparatus for a birthday present?"

The old man looked from one to the other of us, embarrassed.

"God forbid," he said feelingly, "that I should think so ill of my dear children, but perhaps—yes, I know, that's it; one of the newly invented patent electric night lamps, eh?"

I grinned. Anna looked daggers at me.

"It is a new coffee machine, father, dear," said my wife's sister Fannie, whose head is always full of mischief. "You throw the beans in one side, and 'cafe au lait' already made flows out on the other. Plain as daylight."

"Fannie, my child," said I, with all the dignity I could muster, "please go and bring some hot water and the necessary ground coffee and give us a chance to demonstrate to father the utility of this wonderful machine."

Fannie did so. In the meantime the old man walked several times around the table, shaking his silvery locks and casting suspicious glances at the complicated thing before him. He looked positively frightened.

"Say, Otto," turning to me with an anxious face, "I hope that thing will not explode. We read every day dreadful stories about these new fangled patents in the papers. Please be careful, children, I beg of you."

"Why, father, the whole proceeding is so very simple," my wife pleaded, defending her present. "Just read what it says here! I take the water," taking the vessel with the hot water from Fannie, "and pour it into the boiler like this—see, just so. Aw!" she suddenly cried out. She had scalded her fingers.

It was my turn now. "Please step aside," I said, going up to the table. "Let me try. You will injure yourself worse with your experimenting. Hand me the water, Fannie. That's it. Thank you, dear! And now I'll light the lamp. Zounds, the stuff won't burn!"

"It is prepared noninflammable alcohol for medicinal purposes," said father.

"Well, then, send for some that will burn," I cried, out of patience, after I had wasted a dozen or so matches in the vain attempt to ignite the lamp.

"I know what I am going to do. I am going to sacrifice my bottle of eau de cologne," Fannie exclaimed magnanimously. "What is the difference!"

She ran off and pretty soon returned with the odorous fluid, emptying it into the lamp after I had poured out the "medicated" alcohol.

The cologne burned all right, and pretty soon a low, melodious singing could be heard, showing that the machine was beginning to do its work. My wife's countenance was all aglow. Now she was happy; only father looked still anxiouslike and worried.

"Children, better not go near it," he admonished. "Only yesterday three little girls were terribly scalded, you know."

Pretty soon the steam seethed inside the machine, the cover fell upon the lamp and the flame was extinguished. I looked sideways at my wife with a grin.

"According to the recipe," I said maliciously, "the coffee ought to be done now, but I fail to smell the usual aroma. Do you?"

Just then the water in the boiler began seething and bubbling stronger, and a stream of water shot out of the latter into the glass tube and thence into the bowl on top.

"My, how nice!" exclaimed my little 8-year-old brother-in-law Fred gleefully. "For all the world like a waterfall!"

My wife was disgusted. She turned pale from subdued excitement and anger. "What can this mean?" she said. "Something must be wrong!"

"I think your self actor extraction machine is suffering from internal troubles. There is altogether too much internal business," I ventured to remark dryly. "I dare say you are beginning to make up your mind where the best rocking chairs are for sale. Eh, dear?"

My wife looked as if she were considering whether it would be the better policy to fall in a fainting fit into my arms or to declare herself vanquished and pay the bet, while her father continued shaking his head until the tassel on the top of his cap swung to and fro like a pendulum.

"Well," he at last remarked, "this is the funniest apparatus I ever saw. Where is the coffee?" when suddenly Fannie, in her usual impulsive way, cried:

"What a set of fools we all are! We forgot all about putting some in."

Sure enough. A napkin had been accidentally thrown over the ground coffee brought in by Fannie, and during the prevailing excitement of expectancy nobody had given it a thought.

My wife was delighted. Her machine was to be redeemed, after all. After favoring me with another annihilating look the second act of the drama began. Not a single word was spoken. We were awaiting developments.

Again the seething and bubbling sound, and even the aroma of steaming coffee filled the room. The brown fluid could be seen passing through the tube, and exclamations of surprise and gratification escaped the lips of those present. Anna was all smiles and sunshine.

"I trust," she said to me mischievously, "that you have not forgotten the address where to buy that brooch we were talking about yesterday."

Even father nodded satisfied and pleasantly.

"This is a practice machine," he mused complacently, pouring out the first cup of the brown beverage, "and what an aroma, but rather an odd sort of smell. Strange, isn't it? What does it smell like?"

The old man lifted the cup to his lips and tasted the contents. With a jerk he set it down again upon the table, making a wry face.

"I'll be— I ask your pardon, but that stuff has a positively wicked taste. Monstrous, abominable, flat! What the dickens does it taste like?"

He expectorated several times and pressed his hands to his stomach as if nauseated.

"Just like eau de cologne, father," I suggested, "a very agreeable smell, don't you think? A trifle odd when taken with coffee, but you will undoubtedly get used to the taste when you once become familiar with the machine."

"For shame, husband," said my wife, "how mean of you! Undoubtedly Fannie has accidentally spilled a drop of eau de cologne into the boiler while filling the lamp. Where is the harm? It is a bit unpleasant, it is true, but that is all there is to it. We will have to try again, for the machine works all right. Of that we ought to be convinced now."

"Hold!" objected father, lifting his hand with a protesting gesture toward the coffee machine. "No more of this monkey business! I would rather that Anna make us all a cup of coffee now in the old fashioned way, and later you may continue your experiments as long as you like. The machine is just splendid, children," he continued, "and I thank you heartily for your thoughtfulness in giving it to me, but there is something strange and odd about it to which I must get used first, and that takes time for a man of my age."

"Before we go any further with it," I added, "let us tell the girl to give it a thorough cleaning. Lottie"—to the cook—"take this machine into the kitchen and scald lamp and boiler with hot water and soda or some such stuff."

The girl went off with her burden. Shortly afterward we were startled by a loud report, followed by frightened screams from the kitchen and by a sound of falling and breaking pieces. Something told me that again it was that ill fated machine. I opened the kitchen door. Sure enough, the girl in a dark corner had stumbled with her burden, and the self actor extraction coffee and tea machine lay broken on the floor. The poor, frightened girl sobbed. Fannie scolded, my wife wrung her hands in despair, I bit my lips underneath my bushy mustache, and, father looked pleased and relieved.

"Never mind, children," he said. "It is best so. I take this for a sign from above. Providence has interfered. I am conservative in my ideas, and am therefore not overfond of the present era of machinery. Stop crying, girl"—this to the cook—"and brew a good cup of coffee for my company. And now no more about the matter. I do not wish to have my birthday spoiled."

"How about our bet, Anna?" I asked my wife.

"You have lost that," she quickly responded. "The machine was in perfect order if only"—

"Yes, if only it had not been so imperfect! No, my dear, this time you have lost and not I. You had better get ready to go for my rocking chair!"

"What bet are you quarreling about, you two?" asked the old man.

I told him all, and called on him to decide who had won.

"Both of you," was his diplomatic opinion, which created another controversy between Anna and myself. Meanwhile Lottie appeared with the coffee, made in "old fashioned" style, and the conversation became general.

On the following morning, however, there appeared a messenger in our dwelling, delivering a rocking chair for me, a splendid piece of furniture, by the way, and exactly five minutes later another messenger came, bringing a brooch for my wife, a veritable little gem. To each of the two presents was fastened father's visiting card with the inscription, "This is my revenge for jeopardizing my life with your self actor extraction coffee and tea machine!"

"Say," I remarked to my wife, comfortably stretching myself in the new rocking chair, "you seem to have been in the right, after all, for your self and so forth machine has proved itself to be very practical indeed—in its results."—From the German.

Indiana's Spouting Well of Water.

There are many peculiar wells in Delaware county, Ind., which have been sunk for the purpose of securing gas, but none of them is as strange as one on the farm of J. B. Cunningham, near New Burlington. When the drill had reached a depth of 200 feet, it was forced from the bottom of the well, and there was a flow of water which extended several feet into the air, so great was the force under it. With the water come stones weighing two and three pounds, and they are also thrown high into the air. The water issues from an eight inch pipe and has been flowing continuously, and the men cannot get near the well to work. Several wagon loads of rocks and sand have been forced out. It is estimated that the well is flowing 20,000 gallons per day. The water is lukewarm and has a peculiar taste.—Chicago Chronicle.

Clever Mr. Sexton.

Mr. Sexton is one of the most interesting figures in the English house of commons. He is a powerful debater and is possessed of remarkable resources in the line of eloquence. He is a brilliant mathematician, and his ability to use statistics in a telling way is one of his most valuable qualities. In private conversation he is even more sparkling than in debate. He is witty, epigrammatic and sympathetic. He is a great Shakespearean scholar.

THE MAN OF MODERATE MEANS.

How at Last He Became a True Expert In Patches on Shoes.

"I thought I was a connoisseur in patches," said the man of moderate means, "for I had four patches on each shoe. I used to laugh as I looked at them and fancy that I might almost call myself an expert. But, alas, as I soon discovered, I was scarcely more than an amateur.

"In the course of time a new crack developed in one of my shoes, in the upper, crosswise of the shoe and about midway between the sole and the top or highest point of the shoe. At the same time a patch along the welt on the same side started loose, and I took the shoe to the shoemaker. He had put other patches on my shoes in the most perfect manner, and he had always treated me when I came for a new patch with the same politeness as though I had come each time for a pair of new shoes.

"He looked the shoe over, and said he would make one patch to cover both places, the place along the welt and the new crack in the top. This was obviously the thing to do. It would make one patch instead of two, and so would look better, and, with its greater area and wider distribution of the wearing strain, it would last longer than two smaller patches. So he put it on that way; running along the welt and then making a turn and running up to cover the crack in the top.

"As I looked at the new L shaped patch I realized how limited my previous knowledge of patches had been. I had had many patches, but they had been but commonplace, just plain, ordinary patches, but as I looked at the new patch—and looking down at my shoes I saw in them (and in the near future, if I would keep them in repair) the prospective need of other patches, alphabetical and geometrical—I knew that I was now in a fair way to become an expert indeed."—New York Sun.

The Coming Fashionable Bonnet.

That plaited straw, yellowish in tint, will form the fashionable bonnet there can be no doubt. But the shape selected will depend this season, more than ever before, on that fancied by the wearer. Since the directoire, first empire and Louis XVI styles are all in vogue, with a suggestion of the large bonnets fancied during the early part of this century, and the small bonnets such as were in vogue among the beauties of the second empire, it would seem as if every face should be suited. The fact that the stock and the jabot are growing nearer and nearer to the ears means, so say the milliners, the coming in of ribbon ties, and broad ones at that. Importers announce that the enormous straw hats will be tied by inch wide ribbons under the chin, while the small bonnets will be put on securely with three inch wide ties.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Mr. George Kuntz's Gem Test.

According to the statement made by Mr. George Kuntz, who is an authority on precious stones, one need not take their diamonds to jewelers to find out their worth, but expose them to sun or electric light for five minutes, then shut them up in the hand and go into a dark closet. On opening the hand, if the stones let forth a phosphorous light, they are genuine; if not, little more than glass.—New York Journal.

A Last Word to the Lion.

Distinguished Naturalist (in Africa)—My boy, I guess I'm your breakfast. But just wait till you commence to feel the pangs of the dyspepsia I've had for the last 20 years, and you'll wish you had let me alone.—Harlem Life.

New summer goods at Donahoo's. *

FRATERNAL SOCIETIES

Odd Fellows

FRESNO LODGE No. 186, I.O.O.F., meets Monday evening at 7.30 in Masonic Temple. All Odd Fellows are cordially invited to attend.
T. J. KELLY, N. G.
E. M. BISHOP, Secretary.

Masonic Meetings

MASONIC TEMPLE, CORNER TULARE AND I STREETS

FRESNO LODGE, NO. 247, F. & A. M. Stated meetings on Friday on or before the full of the moon.
C. W. BARRETT, W. M.
T. H. WARRINGTON, Secretary.

O. E. S., RAISINA CHAPTER NO. 89, MEETS first and third Tuesdays of each month at 7.30 o'clock in Masonic Temple
MRS. GOLDIE LEVY, Worthy Matron.
MRS. ELIZA F. GRIMES Secy.

Knights of Pythias.

FRESNO LODGE, NO. 138, K.P., MEETS Friday evening of each week at Castle hall, Spinney building, I street.
N. P. JUSTY, C.C.
O. P. TULLER, K. R. S. | Box 803.
JOHN BORELLO, M. F. |

FRESNO REBEKAH DEGREE LODGE NO 168, I.O.O.F., meets the first and third Saturday evenings of each month at 7.30 o'clock in Odd Fellows hall, Spinney building, opposite Pleasanton hotel. All visiting Rebekahs cordially invited. MRS. ANNIE MAXWELL, N.G.
MISS MADGE YANCEY, Secretary.

Grand Army

ATLANTA POST G.A.R., MEETS THE FIRST and third Thursday of each month at Kugerly hall, corner J and Tulare streets. All members in good standing are invited.
L. H. OWEN, P.C.

A. O. U. W.

YOSEMITE LODGE No. 171, A. O. U. W.—Meets every Tuesday evening in new Spinney building, corner I and Merced streets. A cordial invitation is extended to all members of the order. J. W. SHANKLIN M.W.
J. M. COLLINS Recorder.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

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Specialty made of Gold Fillings, Crowns and Bridge work. None but the best work done. Office, 1930 Mariposa street between J and K.

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Attorneys

WALTER D. TUPPER

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Room 5, DeLong Building, Fresno, California.

F. E. COOK

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Fresno, California. Rooms 6 and 7 Fresno National Bank Building.

G. C. FREEMAN. A. E. SNOW.

SNOW & FREEMAN,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

Rooms 4 and 5, Fresno National Bank building, Fresno, California.

J. P. MEUX H. M. JOHNSTON

MEUX & JOHNSTON,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

1930 Mariposa street. Will practice in U. S. and State courts at San Francisco and Los Angeles.

Notice of Commissioner's Sale.

In the Superior Court, county of Fresno, state of California.

The California Savings and Loan Society (a corporation), plaintiff, vs. C. C. Stratton, T. H. Maguire, defendants.

WHEREAS, AN ORDER OF SALE IN THE above-entitled cause to me directed, was issued out of the superior court of said county of Fresno, on the 2nd day of April, 1896, on a judgment and decree of foreclosure of mortgage rendered therein and docketed on the 28th day of March, 1896, in favor of said The California Savings and Loan Society (a corporation), plaintiff, and against C. C. Stratton and T. H. Maguire, defendants, which said judgment and decree is recorded in judgment book, volume 9, of the said Superior court, on page 6 et seq., for the sum of four thousand seven hundred two and 82-100 dollars in gold coin of the United States, with interest thereon at the rate of 7 per cent per annum from the date of said judgment, and accruing costs.

And whereas, I am commanded by the said order of sale to sell the mortgaged premises to satisfy the said judgment and all costs.

Notice is hereby given that on Tuesday, the 28th day of April, 1896, at 12.03 p.m. of that day, in front of the door of the court house, in Fresno, county of Fresno, state of California, in obedience to the commands of said order of sale, I will sell the mortgaged premises in the said order of sale, as follows: Situate in the county of Fresno, state of California, viz.:

The east half of section five (5), in township eighteen (18) south, of range nineteen (19) east, Mount Diablo base and meridian, state of California together with all the improvements and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

And that the said sale will be made at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, payable in gold coin of the United States.

Dated, Fresno, April 2nd, 1896.
O. SCRIBNER, Commissioner.
J. F. Cowdery, attorney for plaintiff. f15

Trustees' Sale of Real Estate.

WHEREAS, AUGUST CARLSON EXECUTED a certain deed of trust to Ed. R. Hamilton and Wm. P. Coleman on January 19th, 1892, and which was recorded on the 22nd day of January, 1892, in book one hundred and thirty-nine of deeds, at page sixty-four (64) and following, records of Fresno county, state of California; said deed of trust conveying the real property hereinafter described for the purpose of securing the payment of a certain promissory note made by the said August Carlson, and whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note and the interest thereon.

Now, therefore, by the authority vested in them by said deed of trust, and upon application of the owner and holder of said note, the undersigned as such trustees will on May 8th, 1896, between the hours of 10 and 11 o'clock a.m., in front of the court house door, in the city of Fresno, county of Fresno, state of California, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, in United States gold coin, all that certain real property situate in the county of Fresno, state of California, and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the southeast corner of section number five (5), in township fifteen (15) south, range twenty (20) east, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, and running west along sectional line fifty-three and one third (53⅓) rods, thence north sixty (60) rods, thence east fifty-three and one-third (53⅓) rods, thence south sixty (60) rods to the place of beginning, containing twenty (20) acres more or less, together with all the improvements and appurtenances thereto belonging; also all water ditches, water rights, and contracts and privileges that are connected with, used or appertain to said land.
ED. R. HAMILTON, Trustee,
128 W. P. COLEMAN, Trustee.

Assessment Notice.

Paragon Vineyard Company; location of principal place of business, room 16, 7th floor, Mills building, San Francisco, California; location of property, Fresno county, California.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT AT A meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the 13th day of April, 1896, an assessment (No. 1) of $1.10 per share, was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, payable immediately in United States gold coin, to the secretary, at the office of the company, room 16, 7th floor, Mills building, San Francisco, California.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 15th day of May, 1896, will be delinquent, and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on Monday, the 8th day of June, 1896, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale. By order of the Board of Directors.
J. E. HIGGINS, Secretary.
Office, room 16, 7th floor, Mills building, San Francisco, California. a16

Commissioner's Sale.

No. 6776.

In the Superior court, county of Fresno, state of California.

The California Savings and Loan Society (a corporation), plaintiff, vs. Joseph W. Davies, et al., defendants.

WHEREAS, AN ORDER OF SALE IN THE above-entitled cause to me directed, was issued out of the Superior court of said county of Fresno, on the 28th day of March, 1896, on a judgment and decree of foreclosure of mortgage rendered therein and docketed on the 25th day of March, 1896, in favor of the California Savings and Loan Society (a corporation), plaintiff, and against Joseph W. Davies, et al., defendants, which said judgment and decree is recorded in judgment book, volume 9, of the said Superior court, on page 27, for the sum of $2354.54 in gold coin of the United States, with interest thereon at the rate of 7 per cent per annum from the date of said judgment, and accruing costs.

And whereas, I am commanded by the said order of sale to sell the mortgaged premises to satisfy the said judgment and all costs.

Notice is hereby given that on Saturday, the 25th day of April, 1896, at 12 o'clock m., of that day, in front of the door of the court house, in Fresno, county of Fresno, state of California, in obedience to the commands of said order of sale, I will sell the mortgaged premises in the said order of sale, as follows:

Lots 17 and 18 in Briggs' Selma tract, being the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter (SW¼ of NW¼) of section thirty-four (34), in township fifteen (15) south, of range twenty-one (21) east, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, state of California, together with all the improvements and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

And that the said sale will be made at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, payable in gold coin of the United States.

Dated Fresno, March 28th, 1896.
DAVE COSGRAVE, Commissioner.
J. F. Cowdery, Attorney for plaintiff. m29

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Architects
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FISKE BLOCK, FRESNO, CAL

ATLANTIC —AND— PACIFIC Railroad.

Trains leave FRESNO as follows:

Chicago Limited

Leaves every day at 12.52 a. m., carrying Pullman Palace Sleepers and Tourist Sleepers to Chicago via Kansas City without change. Annex cars for Denver and St. Louis.

VIA LOS ANGELES.

Trains leave daily at 12.52 a. m. and 5.50 p. m., connecting in Los Angeles with solid trains, Los Angeles to Chicago.

Summer or winter the Santa Fe route is the most comfortable railway, California to the East.

A popular misbelief exists regarding the heat in summer. The heat is not greater than is encountered on even the most northerly line. This is well known to experienced travelers.

The meals at Harvey's Dining Rooms are an excellent feature of the line.

THE GRAND CANYON OF THE COLORADO can be reached in no other way.

Ticket office—1823 Mariposa street, Grand Central Hotel building.

Notice of Sale of Real Estate Under Execution.

Sheriff's Sale No. 6269.

Eunice D. Marion, et al., vs. J. H. Burnett, et al.

BY VIRTUE OF A DEFICIENCY EXECUTION issued out of the Superior court of the county of Fresno, of the state of California, wherein Eunice D. Marion and Wash Marion (her husband) plaintiffs and J. H. Burnett, Annie Burnett (his wife) and the Fresno Flume and Irrigation Company (a corporation) and Moses Mock, defendants, upon a judgment rendered the 18th day of February, A.D. 1895, for the sum of one hundred and seventy-two and 76-100 dollars, deficiency, lawful money, besides costs and interest, I have this day levied upon all the right, title, claim and interest of said defendants, J. H. Burnett, Annie Burnett and Moses Mock, of, in and to the following described real estate, to-wit:

The southeast quarter of southeast quarter of section fifteen (15); the northeast quarter of northwest quarter of section twenty-two (22), all in township eleven (11) south, range twenty-three (23) east, M.D.B. and M.; also a portion of the south half of the northeast quarter of section twenty-two (22), in township eleven (11) south, range twenty-three (23) east, M.D.B. and M., beginning at a point ten chains east from the southwest corner post of the northeast quarter (i. e. ten chains east from the center) of section twenty-two (22), thence east fifteen chains, thence north ten chains, thence west fifteen chains, thence south ten chains to the point of beginning, containing fifteen acres more or less.

Public notice is hereby given that I will, on Thursday the 7th day of May, A.D. 1896, at 2 o'clock p.m. of said day, in front of the court house door of the county of Fresno, sell at public auction, for lawful money, all the right, title, claim and interest of said defendants, J. H. Burnett, Annie Burnett and Moses Mock, on the 18th of February, 1895, or at anytime thereafter, of, in and to the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise sufficient to satisfy said deficiency judgment, with interests and costs, etc., to the highest and best bidder.

Dated Fresno, Cal., April 10th, 1896.
JAY SCOTT, Sheriff.
a12 By L. A. SPENCER, Under Sheriff.

Ordinance No. 70.

In the Board of Supervisors of Fresno county, California:

An ordinance to regulate the obtaining of supplies for county offices.

THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE county of Fresno do ordain as follows:

SECTION 1.

All county officers shall on or before the first Monday of each month in which stationery, blank books or any other office supplies for their offices, which are a county charge may be required, file with the clerk of this board a requisition and full and complete list of the articles so to be required.

SECTION 2.

Said clerk shall report said requisition to said board and such supplies shall be furnished only upon and in accordance with the order of said board, and any demands filed against the county for such supplies furnished, without compliance with this ordinance, shall not be allowed by this board.

SECTION 3.

This ordinance shall take effect and be in force on and after the 1st day of May, 1896.

Adopted this 9th day of April, 1896, by the following vote:

Ayes—Supervisors Garrett, Letcher, Rose, Sayre and Wickersham.

Noes—None.

[SEAL.] F. P. WICKERSHAM,
Chairman Board of Supervisors, Fresno county, California.
Attest: T. G. HART, Clerk.
a12 By J. R. JOHNSON, Deputy Clerk.

Notice for Publication of Time Appointed for Probate of Will.

In the Superior court of the county of Fresno, state of California. Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Peter Michel, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT MONDAY, the 27th day of April, A.D. 1896, at 2 o'clock p.m. of that day, and at the court room of said court, in department 1 thereof, at the Braly block, in the city of Fresno, state of California, have been appointed as the time and place for proving the will of said Peter Michel, deceased, and for hearing the application of Elizabeth E. Michel and Charles D. Hillman, for the issuance to them of letters testamentary thereon.

Dated April 14th, 1896.
T. G. HART, Clerk.
H. H. Welsh, attorney for petitioners. a14td

Assessment Notice.

La Favorita Vineyard Company. Location of principal place of business, room 53, Nevada block, No. 309 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California; location of property, Fresno county, California.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AT A meeting of the Board of Directors of the La Favorita Vineyard Company, held on the 13th day of March, 1896, an assessment of thirty dollars ($30) per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, payable immediately in gold coin of the United States, to George R. Wells, the treasurer of said company, at the office of the company, room 53, Nevada block, No. 309 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 21st day of April, 1896, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on the 11th day of May, 1896, at 1 o'clock p.m., to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale. By order of the Board of Directors.
JAS. E. HIGGINS, Secretary.
Location of office, room 53, Nevada block, No. 309 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal.
m17t5oaw

Notice of Commissioner's Sale.

No. 6720. Department 1.

In the Superior court of the county of Fresno state of California.

M. Theodore Kearney, plaintiff vs. Horatio H. Whitten and Cecelia Frances Whitten, his wife, Helen G. Bloodgood, Laura Virginia Luce and John M. Luce, her husband, John Doe, Richard Roe and Richard Green, defendants.

WHEREAS, AN ORDER OF SALE IN THE above-entitled cause to me directed was issued out of the Superior court of said county of Fresno, state of California, on the 15th day of April, 1896, on a judgment and decree of foreclosure of mortgage rendered therein and docketed on the 14th day of April, 1896, in favor of the plaintiff above named, M. Theodore Kearney, and against said defendants, Horatio H. Whitten and Cecelia Frances Whitten, his wife, Helen G. Bloodgood, Laura Virginia Luce and John M. Luce, her husband, John Doe, Richard Roe and Richard Green, which said judgment and decree is recorded in judgment book, volume 9, of the said Superior court, on pages 458 et seq., for the sum of three thousand four hundred seventy-nine and 20-100 dollars, in gold coin of the United States, with interest thereon at the rate of 7 per cent per annum from the date of said judgment, and accruing costs.

And whereas, I am commanded by the said order of sale to sell the mortgaged premises to satisfy the said judgment and all costs.

Notice is hereby given that on Saturday, the 9th day of May, 1896, at 12.00 o'clock noon of that day, in front of the court house, in Fresno, county of Fresno, state of California, in obedience to the commands of said order of sale, I will sell the mortgaged premises described in the said order of sale, as follows: Situate, lying and being in the county of Fresno, state of California, and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lots fifty-one (51) and fifty-two (52), as the same are numbered and described upon the map of Fruit Vale estate of said county and state, made by J. C. Heukenius, dated February 1st, 1889, and recorded in the office of the county recorder of said Fresno county. Said lots being twenty (20) acres of land, more or less, according to said map, and being portions of section eleven (11), in township fourteen (14) south, of range nineteen (19) east, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, together with the water rights appurtenant to said lots as recorded in the office of the county recorder of said Fresno county, in book "1" of covenants, pages 470 et seq., reserving from said lots the right of way for roads and canals as laid down on said map.

And that the said sale will be made at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, payable in gold coin of the United States.

Dated Fresno, California, April 15th, 1896.
F. E. COOK,
Commissioner appointed by the Court.
Chickering, Thomas & Gregory and Frank H. Short, attorneys for plaintiff. a16

Probate Notice.

In the Superior court of the county of Fresno, state of California.

In the matter of the estate of John Robertson, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT SATURDAY, the 11th day of April, 1896, at 10 o'clock a.m., and the court room of said court, department No. 3, have been appointed by the judge and clerk of said court as the time and place for hearing the application of Stuart S. Wright, for the admission to probate by the court above named, of the last will and testament of John Robertson, deceased, heretofore proved and allowed in the register's office of Lackawanna county, state of Pennsylvania, of which and of the probate thereof, a copy is filed in this court, duly authenticated, and for the issuance under said will of letters of administration with the will annexed, upon said estate, to said Stuart S. Wright.

March 26th, 1896.
[SEAL.] T. G. HART, Clerk.
m27 By W. R. WILLIAMS, Deputy.

Sheriff's Sale.

No. 6897.

Superior court of the county of Fresno, state of California.

Order of sale and decree of foreclosure.

J. H. Brush, plaintiff vs. William A. Finley, defendant.

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, issued out of the Superior court of the county of Fresno, state of California, on the 22nd day of April, A. D. 1896, in the above-entitled action, wherein J. H. Brush, the above named plaintiff, obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure and sale against William A. Finley, defendant, on the 22nd day of April, A.D. 1896, for the sum of $2114.71, besides interest and costs, which said decree and judgment was, on the 22nd day of April, A. D. 1896, recorded in decree book, volume 9, page 16 et seq., I am commanded to sell all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the county of Fresno, state of California, and particularly described as follows, towit:

The northwest fractional quarter of section three (3), in township seventeen (17) south, range nineteen (19) east, M. D. B. and M., containing 159 66-100 acres, according to U. S. survey, together with all and singular the tenements hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

Public notice is hereby given that on Saturday, the 23d day of May, A.D. 1896, at 2 o'clock p.m. of that day, in front of the court house door of the county of Fresno, I will, in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, sell the above-described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment, with interest and costs, at public auction, to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand.

Dated Fresno, Cal., April 23d, 1896.
JAY SCOTT, Sheriff.
a23 By L. A. SPENCER, Under Sheriff.

Notice of Street Work.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Board of Trustees of the city of Fresno, on the 20th day of April, 1896, adopted a resolution (No. 146) of its intention to order the following work to be done, to-wit:

That a 6-inch sewer be constructed from a manhole on Mono street, opposite the alley in block 119 through the center of the alley in block 119 to a point within 10 feet of the north line of said block 119, with a 4-inch on 6-inch Y for each 25 feet frontage on said block, on said alley, the 4-inch branch to be capped with an earthen cap; a six-inch inspection hole to be constructed at the upper end of the sewer, equipped with a cast-iron cover, as provided for in the specifications.

For further particulars of said work reference is hereby made to said resolution on file.

Fresno, Cal., April 22nd, 1896.
M. BILBY,
a23 Superintendent of Streets of the city of Fresno.

Notice of Commissioner's Sale.

In the Superior court, county of Fresno, state of California.

The California Savings and Loan Society (a corporation, plaintiff vs. Fernando Michel, C. C. Stratton, T. H. Maguire, defendants.

WHEREAS, AN ORDER OF SALE IN THE above-entitled cause to me directed, was issued out of the Superior court of said county of Fresno, on the 2nd day of April, 1896, on a judgment and decree of foreclosure of mortgage rendered therein and docketed on the 28th day of March, 1896, in favor of said The California Savings and Loan Society (a corporation) plaintiff and against Fernando Michel, C. C. Stratton and T. H. Maguire, defendants, which said judgment and decree is recorded in judgment book, volume 9, of the said Superior court, on page 8 et seq., for the sum of seven thousand two hundred five and 95-100 dollars in gold coin of the United States, with interest thereon at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the date of said judgment and accruing costs.

And whereas, I am commanded by the said order of sale to sell the mortgaged premises to satisfy the said judgment and all costs.

Notice is hereby given that on Tuesday, the 28th day of April, 1896, at 12.00 o'clock m. of that day, in front of the door of the court house, in Fresno, county of Fresno, state of California, in obedience to the commands of said order of sale, I will sell the mortgaged premises in the said order of sale, as follows: Situate, lying and being in the county of Fresno, state of California, viz.:

All of section two (2), in township seventeen (17) south, of range seventeen (17) east, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, state of California, together with all the improvements and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

And that the said sale will be made at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, payable in gold coin of the United States.

Dated Fresno, April 2nd, 1896.
O. SCRIBNER, Commissioner.
J. F. Cowdery, attorney for plaintiff. a3

Notice of Sale of Real Estate Under Execution.

Constable's sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED out of the Justice's court of the third township, of the county of Fresno, state of California, wherein August Parret, plaintiff and Marianne Apprate, defendant, upon a judgment rendered the 14th day of December, 1895, for the sum of two hundred thirty-four and 20-100 dollars, lawful money, besides costs and interest.

I have levied upon all the right, title, claim and interest of said defendant Marianne Apprate, of, in and to the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the county of Fresno, state of California, and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

The north one-half of the southwest one-quarter of the southwest one-quarter of section twenty-five, township fourteen south, range twenty east, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, being twenty acres more or less, said land is further described as lot fifty-six (56) of the Malaga tract, as per map of Malaga tract and town of Malaga, now on file in the recorder's office of Fresno county, state of California.

Public notice is hereby given that I will on Tuesday the 12th day of May, A.D. 1896, at 12 o'clock m. of said day, in front of the door of the county court house, in the city of Fresno, county of Fresno, state of California, sell at public auction for cash, lawful money, all the right, title, claim and interest of said defendant, Marianne Apprate, of, in and to the above described property or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise sufficient to satisfy said judgment with interests and costs, etc., to the highest and best bidder.
WM. SHAW,
a15 Constable Third Township.

Foreclosure Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, UNDER and in accordance with an order of sale to me directed, bearing date April 16, 1896, issued by and out of the Superior court of the State of California, in and for the county of Fresno, in a civil action pending in said court wherein John D. Patterson is plaintiff, and Thomas E. Hughes and others are defendants, I will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash in U. S. gold coin, on Saturday, the 9th day of May, 1896, at 12 o'clock m., at the front door of the court house, in the city of Fresno, the following described real property, situated in said county of Fresno, to-wit: The east half of the northeast quarter of section ten (10), in township fourteen (14) south of range twenty (20) east from the Mount Diablo base and meridian, according to the U. S. government survey. CHARLES H. MILLER,
a17 Commissioner.

Notice to Voters

All voters will take notice that the Great Register of Fresno County was cancelled by the Board of Supervisors on April 15th, 1896, and a new and complete registration of the voters of the county was ordered.

Each and every person who is a qualified elector of this county, in order to become entitled to vote at any election to be hereafter held, must have his name entered upon the New Great Register now being prepared by me before August 9th, 1896.

Persons desiring to be registered must apply to the County Clerk or to one of his deputies. T. G. HART,
County Clerk.
1wd
4lsw

Assessment Notice.

The Wristen Canal Company; location of principal place of business, Oleander, Fresno county, state of California.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AT A meeting of the board of directors, held on Friday, March 27th, 1896, an assessment of $4 per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, payable immediately in United States gold coin to the secretary, at the office of Harris and Hubbard, over the First National bank, in the city of Fresno, county of Fresno, state of California.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on Saturday, May 23d, 1896, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on Saturday, the 13th day of June, A.D. 1896, at the hour of 1 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale. By order of the board of directors.
[SEAL] M. B. HARRIS,
Secretary of the Wristen Canal Company.
a9td

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That the partnership heretofore existing between F. K. Prescott and C. S. Pierce, under the firm name and style of Prescott & Pierce, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent and F. K. Prescott will collect all bills and pay all indebtedness.

Dated April 13th, 1896.
F. K. PRESCOTT,
a14t12 C. S. PIERCE.

YET LOVE CAN LAST.

Yet love can last, yet love can last,
The future be an was the past,
And faith and fondness never know
The chill of dwindling afterglow,
If to familiar hearth there cling
The virgin freshness of the spring
And April's music still be heard
In wooing voice and winning word.

If when autumnal shadows streak
The furrowed brow, the wrinkled cheek,
Devotion, deepening to the close,
Like fruit that ripens tenderer grows;
If, though the leaves of youth and hope,
Lie thick on life's declining slope,
The fond heart, faithful to the last,
Lingers in love drifts to the past;
If, with the growely shortening days,
Faith trims the lamp, faith feeds the blaze,
And reverence, robed in wintry white,
Sheds fragrance like a summer night—
Then love can last!

—Alfred Austin.

CAUSE AND EFFECT.

"Gossip—it's a confounded nuisance! That's what I call it! Why can't they let us alone? I am accustomed to any amount of gossip. People must have something to talk about, and I'm sure I'm delighted to be able to afford them any amusement, but when it comes to being smacked on the back and congratulated six times in one afternoon it's coming it a bit too strong. I don't mind for my own sake—a man can look after himself—but I'm thinking of you. I was in hopes that you had not heard."

"Not heard indeed! I had two letters this morning and three this afternoon, four wanting to know when the wedding was to be and the fifth from a girl asking to be bridesmaid. I am afraid to go out. People fly at me at every corner, shake my hands off and say how delighted they are, and how charming it is, and how they always knew it would come to this, and that we are made for one another—they never did know two people so exactly suited."

"Extraordinary! That's what they say to me. I never was so taken aback in my life. Of course we've always been good friends, but"—

"Certainly not."

"And I don't think"—

"Neither do I. It's absurd! Utter nonsense!"

"No, but really—let us have it out while we are about it. What can have given rise to such a ridiculous report? We have been a good deal together, of course, because we are in the same set and always seem to hit it off, and you are such a jelly good dancer and all that kind of thing—but I can't see what we have done to set people talking at this rate. Honestly, now—I am anxious to know—did you ever imagine—that is to say, did you think—I mean, have I ever"—

"You never have. No, Captain May, and I have never imagined! On the contrary, I don't mind admitting, now that we are upon the subject, that I have cherished a secret grudge against you because you have never given me an opportunity of refusing you. That sort of neglect rankles in a woman's mind, and now you see for yourself the awkward position in which it has placed me. When people ask if I am engaged to you, I am obliged to confess that I have never been asked. You ought to have thought of this and provided against it. It would have been so easy some night at a ball or in an interval at the theater—the whole thing might have been over in five minutes, and then I should have been able to say that I had refused you, and everything would have been happy and comfortable. I don't feel as if I could ever forgive you!"

"Sorry, indeed! You see I should have been most happy, only I could never feel quite sure that you really would re"—

"How odious you are! You need not have been afraid. There never was anything more certain since the beginning of the world. I wouldn't marry you to save my life. I would as soon think of falling in love with the man in the moon. We have always been friends, of course, but that counts for nothing. One may like a person very much and yet find it quite impossible to go any further. I could better love a worse man."

"Same with me. I think no end of you, but when Lewis came up and congratulated me the other day I was struck all of a heap. If he had said the same thing about a dozen other girls, I should have been less surprised, but it never occurred to me to look upon you in that light."

"Oh, indeed! I'm awfully obliged, I'm sure, but I don't think much of your taste. There are a dozen other men who wouldn't agree with you, that's one comfort. As I am so utterly repulsive in your eyes, I think I had better say 'Good afternoon' at once and relieve you of my presence."

"What nonsense you talk! I never said a word about your appearance that I know of. That's the worst of arguing with a woman—she flies off at a tangent, and there's no doing any good with her. I don't see why you should be offended. You seemed to think it just as impossible to fall in love with me."

"That's different—I mean I don't care what you think, but other people think—that's to say, I have always been told— Some people think I am very nice, if you don't. I think it's perfectly hateful of you to say such things. I should like to know, just as a matter of curiosity, what it is in me you object to so much?"

"You won't like it, you know, when you do hear. You'll be in a bigger rage than ever. Much better leave it alone. Well, if you will have it, I dislike the way you do your hair. Wait a moment; it means more than you think. It is not only ugly in itself, but it shows a fatal want of perception. Your beauty—if you will allow me to say so—is of a classic order, and if you adopted a more natural style of coiffure your appearance would really be—er—uncommonly fetching! 'Stead of that, you persist in following a hideous exaggeration of fashion, which destroys your individuality and is utterly unsuited to your style. It seems a small thing in itself, but it has farreaching consequences. The moment we meet I notice it, don't you know, and feel nettled. The whole time I am with you I am worrying about it. It sets up a chronic state of exasperation. Perhaps you don't understand the feeling"—

"Oh, yes, I do! Perfectly! I feel the same toward you because you will insist on wearing enormous stand up collars. I call that a want of perception, if you like. I wouldn't be present for the world, but I have seen men with longer necks. When you want to speak to your neighbor, you have to twist your whole body. It makes me die with laughing to see you."

"Delighted to afford you so much amusement. Sorry I make myself so ridiculous! You are excessively polite, I'm sure."

"You were a great deal worse yourself. You said that I"—

"Nothing of the kind. You misunderstood me. I simply remarked"—

"Don't contradict! You said I was an ugly thing, and that it exasperated you only to see me. You did! It makes it worse to deny it. I can't think how you can look me in the face!"

"Why get excited? It's really not worth while, and you will make your-

MEN WITH POOR MEMORIES.

Names of Friends and Even Servants Suddenly Forgotten.

An amusing instance of aphasia was that of an old country gentleman, who retained in his employ a large number of servants, most of whom he had known since childhood.

Wishing one day to suddenly summon his butler, he found that the man's name had for the moment, as he thought, escaped him. He determined to call his footman, but to his surprise he discovered that he could no more remember the man's name than the butler's.

He was all the more astonished when he found that he had entirely forgotten the names of every man and woman in his service.

He had also forgotten the names of his most intimate acquaintances, and so set about providing substitutes. Every man was known by his peculiarities; certain persons of rank in the neighborhood he called the "king" or the "queen" or the "grand vizier;" his butler and footman were respectively "old waiter" and "young waiter."

Another curious instance of aphasia was that of a famous Berlin physician. He was sitting in his study one morning, writing a receipt for a bill, when suddenly, after having written two words, he lost all sense of their meaning.

He tried to write on, but found he could think of no word. He threw down his pen in despair, and attempted to speak, but was equally unsuccessful.

This was one of those cases, however, which soon pass off, and in a short time he was able to finish the receipt.—Odds and Ends.

Japanese Singing.

Japanese music is crude. There are no written notes to go by in playing, nor has the singer any "Do, Re, Mi" to play by observation, imitation and practice. Instrumental and vocal music are always taught together, and by the same instructor, who is either a lady or a blind man, who has received a musical degree.

The singular method of practicing by a young lady intent upon cultivating her voice is thus described:

During the winter the girl in training clothes herself comfortably, takes a samisen—a banjo with a square body, played with a plectrum of ivory—and ascends every cold night the scaffold erected on the roof of the house for drying purposes.

There she sits for hours, sitting and banging away, until she can endure it no longer. Upon coming down she is so hoarse as to be unable to utter a word.

This training is persisted in until her natural voice has left her and a new clear voice has been acquired, which can be heard in a storm. The girl screams her worthless voice out and away.—Pearson's Weekly.

SWEET MYSTERIES.

Slowly the seeds in the garden are growing—
Glad homilies!
Tides set in motion by winds briskly blowing,
Pause ere they rise.
The nestling shall rise and mount to heaven's gate,
And the butterfly, though in a shroud, he must wait
In dim surmise,
For all things shall rise.

Gently kind spring has awakened the flowers—
Sweet mysteries!
Swiftly the grub on the wing, with new powers,
To happiness flies.
Ever with refluent wave and strong motion,
Landward now march the forces of ocean.
Grand auguries!
For all things do rise.

In the world visible lurks the invisible,
Making men wise,
Telling of blessed truths plainly perceptible
To lovelit eyes;
Telling of heaven and the happy tomorrow:
Telling of joy with no vestige of sorrow
And of bright skies,
Where love never dies.

—C. P. Wilson in New York Sun.

HALF A MILLION.

I had been in the dry goods business ten years or more and had drudged all that while, winter and summer, without a holiday, except Christmas and New Year's day and the Fourth of July, when one summer, calculating my profits, I made up my mind that I could afford to enjoy myself for once as other people did—cut the shop outright for a while and spend a week or so in the country. Trade was dull, and I was dull too. So as Dobbins' aunt—Dobbins is my head clerk—had a house at Shadyslope and took a boarder or two and was anxious to fill her unoccupied rooms that summer, I gave my name to Dobbins to fill up the list and ran down there with my trunk and bag about the 1st of July.

I felt that it was an honor to Dobbins' aunt as well as to Dobbins, but I made up my mind to be affable and not to make them more uncomfortable than I could. No matter what your position in life, it is very wrong to put on airs, and I never do it.

"Tell them not to put themselves out on my account," I said to Dobbins, "but to treat me just as they do the other boarders," and Dobbins said he would.

"Puff of Puff & Co.," I said when I met the aunt. "Don't disturb yourself on my account. I am quite simple in my habits."

She said she wouldn't, though I could see it was not every day that the head of a firm came to Shadyslope. They had three or four other people there, a few who taught music and composed some, you know, and an artist and a doctor and a few who wrote novels, but nobody of any importance.

When I sat down to the table that night, I put them all at ease at once.

"I distinctly desire it to be understood that I don't want to disturb any one," I said. "Go on just as you have been doing. I want relaxation, and it will amuse me. Simple pleasures are very charming when one is weary with application to more important matters."

Then I bowed. But you can't expect everything of people not up to the mark. Two or three laughed—why I don't know.

It was very pleasant there—particularly pleasant. My landlady had a daughter, quite a charming creature, with eyes like bluebells and a voice like a canary. She used to sing a good deal with the music man. The moment that girl looked at me she appreciated me.

Before the day was over she was desperately in love with me, and when a creature like that gives you her heart, how can you look coldly on her?

Far be it from me to win the affections of an innocent girl, knowing as I do that I have a position in the world and must marry with due consideration of the fact, but knowing what emotions I had awakened in her bosom I felt obliged to be kind to her. We walked together. We rode, we sang. I felt that it was wrong, but my feelings carried me away. I often thought to myself, "If that girl's father had been in the wholesale line and had left her well off, what a bliss would have been mine!" But he was nothing but a lawyer and had scarcely left a penny. Excelsior is my motto. Large retail should always aspire to a connection with wholesale. And Miss Briggs of Briggs & Bounce smiles very sweetly when she bows to your humble servant.

Alas, who shall control the heart's affections? Evelina's beauty and her devotion touched my soul too deeply. On the 1st of September, when trade was growing brisk, I began to feel that it was better for the peace of both our hearts that I should fly. I should forget the dream in a little while. But she, poor child, I feared that she would never forget me.

"Adieu," I said as I shook hands with her. "Perhaps we shall never meet again."

She turned her face away from me. Her emotions overcame her. And I took the next train for the city.

I entered again into the turmoil of trade. It was brisk. But nothing could make me happy. I accused myself of trifling with the affections of an angel. She loved me, I thought, and I have broken her heart—I who secretly adore her.

I lost my appetite. I grew thin. When I saw fair creatures of her age bending over the counter, my mind flew back to her, lovelier than all. When Mrs. Briggs' daughter smiled upon me, I thought how plain she was and how adorably beautiful was Evelina.

At last—it was in October—my head clerk claimed a holiday. "I shall spend it with my aunt and Evelina," he said. I sighed.

"A beautiful girl," said I.

"Yes," said he, blushing at the compliment to the family, I presume. "The loveliest girl I ever knew, and a lucky one too."

"Lucky?" said I.

"Yes," said he. "In a year from this time she will be a very rich woman. Old grandfather left her everything, come of age or marry, and he was worth $500,000."

"Half a million!" I cried.

My head clerk nodded.

"Visit your aunt and cousin when you will," I said, "and don't return until you feel quite rested. You never mentioned to me before, Dobbins, that your grandfather left $500,000."

"You see it wasn't left to me," he said and went off.

"Half a million! Miss Briggs was not worth that. A wholesale business was the thing to be connected with, of course, but when the heart is touched we are willing to sacrifice all else. I will fly to your side, Evelina," I soliloquized. "I will recompense you for your hours of grief by telling you how I adore you!"

I pictured the scene to myself. I saw her as she confessed her love and fainted in my arms, and that evening I ran down to Shadyslope to offer my heart and hand to Evelina.

I arrived after dark. The house was very quiet, and as I advanced I reflected that my sudden appearance might agitate Evelina too terribly. I must announce myself cautiously. I stole forward on tiptoe to reconnoiter.

Two forms were seated on the porch—a mint gleam or moonlight revealed them to me—a lady with her cheek reposing upon a gentleman's shoulder, his arm about her waist. They were my head clerk, Tom, and his Cousin Evelina. I stood as one petrified. They were talking of me.

"He really thought I was smitten, Tom," said Evelina. "He flirted with me terribly."

"Did he dare"—began Tom. "Didn't he know"—

"Of course I did not tell him I was engaged to you," said Evelina. "Why, Tom, you couldn't be jealous of such a fellow—a man with no idea beyond his counter."

Then Tom kissed her.

I waited for no more. Fortunately I caught the down train. At 12 o'clock I was in the city. At the depot I met Simpkins about to start for Albany.

"Simpkins," I said, "I've heard you speak of a troublesome nephew you desired to provide for."

"Confound him, yes," said Simpkins.

"My head clerk's place is vacant," I said. "Tell him to come to me."

"Thank you," said Simpkins.

I waited for no thanks. I strode away and wrote Dobbins that his services were no longer required.

* * * * * * *

I have been married a year to Miss Briggs, and her father failed five months ago. Simpkins has just been arrested for embezzling sundry sums of money, and yesterday I passed Tom Dobbins and his wife in the street. She is excessively pretty—lovelier than ever—and I feel quite sure, despite all that I overheard, that her heart is still mine in secret. Of course she could not admit it, not knowing I returned the sentiment. But when I remember how much we were together I feel sure it must be so, and that two hearts were broken. Quite a romantic story mine. Don't you think so?—Exchange.

A Prison Designed by a Convict.

Perhaps the most interesting fact about the building of Wormwood Scrubs prison is that the plans for its construction were drawn out by a convict in his cell while undergoing the probationary nine months to a long term of imprisonment.

The man was originally an architect, and among the foremost of his profession. He was a gentleman by birth and education, but in early life began to abuse his natural gifts, and at the time was undergoing his second term of imprisonment for forgery. The completion of the work occupied him for nearly six months and was effected under great disadvantages. In place of a table, for instance, he had to pin his paper to the wall of his cell, moving it round with the sun in order to obtain the best light.

The prison authorities consider this marvelous specimen of architectural drawing the finest piece of work ever done by an English convict. It measures in size 5 feet 6 inches, being drawn to the scale of a hundredth part of an inch.

The convict displayed the greatest interest and pride in the erection and completion of the prison, which was built entirely by convict labor. It contains 1,331 separate cells for prisoners, which cost on an average £70 7s. each, besides hospital wards and a chapel.

The total number of bricks required was 85,000,000, each one being made by the convicts on the premises, or on some adjoining land leased for the purpose. The iron castings were obtained from Portland or Chatham prison, the granite from Dartmoor and the Portland stone from Portland. The total cost of the prison was more than £97,000.—London Letter.

The New Woman as a Politician.

"Woman's vote will purify politics." This is the new woman's favorite cry. Not long since a prominent equal suffrage lecturer, while earnestly setting forth this claim and enlarging on the shameless manner in which men conduct elections, declared that woman's chaste and refined influence was the only thing that could change the present undesirable condition of affairs. She was not ashamed, however, to relate, previous to the close of her lecture, that a short time before her sister had induced her family's hired man to vote for a certain measure by presenting him on the eve of election with a half dozen new shirts made by her own hands. The absurdity of this incident reached a climax when it was noticed that in a large audience of women few saw anything wrong in female bribery. The fair speaker omitted to inform her audience whether or no this was to be the prevailing mode of political purification when one-half of the burdens of state rest on female shoulders. But as women never lack expedients some purifying process less laborious than shirtmaking may soon be devised.—Mrs. Frances H. Winston in Forum.

An Egyptian Bride.

At the marriage in Egypt of Princess Minet Hanen, sister of the khedive, the bride came in preceded by a woman musician all dressed in white satin. She was supported by two bridesmaids. Her gown was of white satin, but one could scarcely see the material because of the heavy gold embroidery. Her neck and arms were simply covered with diamonds, and on her head she wore a high crown of precious stones, to which was attached her veil of silk and gold. On either side of her head were ornaments of gold and jewels, with threads of gold reaching to the ground, of such weight that the bridesmaids had to carry them. She was one of the most beautiful women ever seen, and when she was seated on the throne it was a picture. She and her surroundings were beautiful beyond description. When she retired, the khediva stood on the throne and threw newly coined money among the ladies for luck.

A Gifted New Orleans Girl.

Miss Celeste Groenevelt, a gifted young girl of New Orleans, bids fair to become the greatest woman pianist. She was born and reared in an atmosphere of music. Her mother, who is now with her abroad, is a pianist of note, and her father, Professor G. W. Groenevelt, is a gifted musician, organist, composer and musical director. Miss Groenevelt played before Paderewski on his first visit to this country. He gave her work unstinted praise and advised her to go to Vienna and complete her studies under his old master, the great Leschetizky. She acted upon this advice and lately went to Berlin to perfect herself. Recently she gave a recital at the Conservatory of Berlin and won high plaudits. She also played privately before the great conductor, Nikisch, who warmly praised her work. A sister, Miss Grace Groenevelt, is a gifted and promising violinist.—Boston Woman's Journal.

Too Vague on One Point.

"Your story is a little vague at one point," said the publisher, and the young woman naturally wanted to know the whereabouts of the alleged vagueness.

"Where you say," exclaimed the publisher, "that 'she, defeated in argument,' had no recourse but to woman's most effective weapons against the tyrant man.' Now, do you refer there to tears or fainting?"—Liverpool Mercury.

—GO TO THE—

GILT EDGE LUNCH COUNTER

1028 I Street, for the

BEST 15 CENT MEAL IN TOWN.

GEORGE SCHOBLING, Prop.

Summons.

No. 4896.

In the Superior court of the state of California, in and for the county of Fresno.

La Societe Francaise d'Epargnes et de Prevoyance Mutuelle, plaintiff vs. W. L. Pitcalthly, W. P. Friend, Mary A. Ball, John Doe Ball, Henry A. Fritch, J. M. Price, Henry Doe, Richard Roe, Mary Coe and Jane Roe, defendants.

Action brought in the Superior court of the county of Fresno, state of California, and the complaint filed in said county of Fresno, in the office of the clerk of said county.

The People of the state of California send greeting to W. L. Pitcalthly, W. P. Friend, Mary A. Ball, John Doe Ball, Henry A. Fritch, J. M. Price, Henry Doe, Richard Roe, Mary Coe and Jane Roe, defendants.

YOU ARE HEREBY REQUIRED TO APPEAR in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff in the Superior court of the county of Fresno, state of California, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within this county, or, if served elsewhere, within thirty days.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of this court for the foreclosure of a certain mortgage described in the said complaint, and executed by the said defendant W. L. Pitcalthly, on the 22nd day of March, 1889, and recorded in the office of the county recorder of said Fresno county, March 27th, 1890, in Liber 72 of mortgages, at page 391 et seq., to secure the payment of a promissory note for six thousand dollars ($6,000), executed by the defendant W. L. Pitcalthly to the plaintiff on the 22nd day of March, 1889, and that therein it may be decreed and adjudged as follows:

1. That said mortgage aforesaid be corrected and reformed so as to cause the description of the tract secondly therein described to be corrected in the following particulars: That the course therein written "Thence running thence from said point easterly along the north line of said quarter section 60 chains, more or less, to a point distant 20 chains west of northeast corner of said section," be corrected and reformed so as to read as follows: "Thence running from said point easterly along the north line of said quarter section 20 chains, more or less, to a point distant 20 chains west of northeast corner of said section;" that the course therein written "Thence at right angles southerly along the south line of said quarter section to a point distant 12 rods and 10 feet east of the southeast corner of said quarter section," be corrected and reformed so as to read as follows: "Thence at right angles southerly 35 chains, more or less, to the south line of said quarter section;" that the course therein written "Thence at right angles westerly along the south line of said quarter section 60 chains, more or less, to the southwest corner of said quarter section," be corrected and reformed so as to read as follows: "Thence at right angles westerly 73 chains, more or less, to the south line of said quarter section;" that the course therein written "Thence at right angles northerly along the west line of said section to the place of beginning, containing about 130 acres, more or less, and being all of that certain tract known as the Ball Addition to the town of Sanger, save and excepting the lots Numbers 6 and 8 of said addition, according to the map of said addition on file and of record in the office of the county recorder of said Fresno county, said map having been filed April 22, 1889, and recorded in volume 3 of maps, at page 16, Fresno county records. Together with the water right or rights appertaining to all the lands herein before described, and the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

Second—Commencing at the point forming the northwest corner of the northeast quarter of section number 13, township 14 south, range 22 east, Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence running from said point easterly along the north line of said section 60 chains, more or less, to a point distant 20 chains west of the northeast corner of said section; thence at right angles southerly 5 chains; thence at right angles westerly 20 chains, more or less, to the south line of said section 13; thence at right angles southerly 35 chains, more or less, to the south line of said quarter section; thence at right angles westerly 12 rods and 10 feet to the southwest corner of said quarter section; thence at right angles north 31 rods and 11 feet; thence at right angles west 12 rods and 10 feet to the westerly line of said quarter section; thence at right angles north along the west line of said quarter section to the point of beginning, containing 147¾ acres, more or less. Together with the water right or rights appertaining to all the lands herein before described, and the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint, as above required, the said plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the said complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Superior court of the county of Fresno, state of California, this 6th day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five (1895).

T. G. HART, Clerk.

[Seal of the Superior Court of Fresno County.]

Stanley, Hayes & Bradley, Attorneys for plaintiff.

Trustees' Sale of Real Estate.

WHEREAS, ISAAC C. TUCKER EXECUTED a certain deed of trust to Ed. R. Hamilton and Wm. P. Coleman, on the 7th day of December, 1891, and recorded December 11th, 1891, in book 122 of Deeds, at page 8 and following, records of Fresno county, State of California; said deed of trust conveying the real property hereinafter described for the purpose of securing the payment of a certain promissory note made by the said David C. Tucker, and whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note and the interest thereon.

Now, therefore, by the authority vested in them by said deed of trust, and upon application of the owner and holder of said note, the undersigned, as such trustees, will, on May 9th, 1896, between the hours of 10 and 11 o'clock a.m., in front of the court house door, in the city of Fresno, county of Fresno, state of California, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in United States gold coin, all the certain real property situate in the county of Fresno, State of California, and described as follows, to-wit:

The northeast quarter of section thirteen (13), in township twelve (12) south, range twenty (20) east, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, together with all the improvements and appurtenances thereto belonging; also all water rights, water ditches and privileges that are connected with, used or appertain to said land.

ED R. HAMILTON, Trustee.
a3 W. P. COLEMAN, Trustee.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Marion W. Coffman, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned, executrix of the estate of Marion W. Coffman, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within ten (10) months after the first publication of this notice, to the said executrix, at the office of J. W. Cate & Son, No. 1011 J street, in the city of Fresno, county of Fresno, California, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of the said estate in the county of Fresno, state of California.

JENNIE A. CATE,
Executrix of the estate of Marion W. Coffman, deceased.

Dated at Fresno, March 9th, 1896.
H. H. Welsh, attorney for executrix. a10130

Commissioner's Sale.

In the Superior court, county of Fresno, state of California.

The California Savings and Loan Society (a corporation), plaintiff, vs. A. Albrecht, Ruth R. Albrecht, Albert Albrecht, H. D. Colson, D. W. Parkhurst, M. Lucrelia Parkhurst, Pamela L. Asbury, George A. Wilson, A. Albrecht as assignee of the estate of D. W. Parkhurst, an insolvent debtor, defendants.

WHEREAS, AN ORDER OF SALE IN THE above entitled cause to me directed, was issued out of the Superior court of said county of Fresno, on the 23d day of April, 1896, on a judgment and decree of foreclosure of mortgage rendered therein and docketed on the 20th day of April, 1896, in favor of said The California Savings and Loan Society (a corporation), plaintiff, and against A. Albrecht, Ruth R. Albrecht, Albert Albrecht, H. D. Colson, D. W. Parkhurst, M. Lucrelia Parkhurst, Pamela L. Asbury, George A. Wilson, A. Albrecht as assignee of the estate of D. W. Parkhurst, an insolvent debtor, defendants, which said judgment and decree is recorded in judgment book, volume 9, of the said Superior court, on page 30, for the sum of two thousand four hundred and twenty-one dollars, in gold coin of the United States, with interest thereon at the rate of 7 per cent per annum from the date of said judgment, and accruing costs.

And whereas, I am commanded by the said order of sale to sell the mortgaged premises to satisfy the said judgment and all costs.

Notice is hereby given that on Monday, the 18th day of May, 1896, at 12 o'clock m., of that day, in front of the door of the court house, in Fresno, county of Fresno, state of California, in obedience to the commands of said order of sale, I will sell the mortgaged premises described in the said order of sale, as follows, situate, lying and being in the county of Fresno, state of California, viz.:

First, the southwest quarter of northwest quarter of section twenty-two; second, the south half of the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of said section twenty-two; third, the south half of the north half of the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of said section twenty-two; all in township fourteen south, of range twenty-two east, Mount Diablo base and meridian, together with all the improvements and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

And that the said sale will be made at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, payable in gold coin of the United States.

Dated, Fresno, April 2d, 1896.

J. P. Cowdery, attorney for plaintiff. a24

Notice of Commissioner's Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, PURSUant to decree of foreclosure and order of sale rendered by the Superior court of the county of Fresno, state of California, on April 21st, 1896, in an action wherein the California Savings and Loan Society (a corporation) was plaintiff, and C. Wyman Walkington Mann, Alice J. Prather and W. W. Patterson were defendants, in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendants for the sum of $1,768 15-100, with interest thereon at 7 per cent per annum from said date, and accruing costs, which judgment was recorded in judgment book, volume 9, at page 24 et seq., of the records of said court on April 21st, 1896, and docketed, and the order of sale herein.

I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, gold coin of the United States, on Monday, May 18th, 1896, at 12 o'clock m., in front of the door of the county court house, in Fresno, in said county of Fresno, to satisfy said judgment, interest and costs, and thereafter, the following described property, situate in the county of Fresno, state of California, to-wit:

Southeast quarter of northeast quarter (SE¼ of NE¼) of section thirty-three (33), in township fourteen (14) south, of range twenty-two (22) east of the Mount Diablo Base and Meridian.

Dated April 24th, 1896.

E. T. WALCORT, Commissioner.

J. P. Cowdery, attorney for plaintiff. a24

Delinquent Notice.

La Favorita Vineyard Company; location of principal place of business, room 23, Nevada block, No. 302 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California; location of property, Fresno county, California.

NOTICE—THERE ARE DELINQUENT UPON the following-described stock on account of assessment levied on the 13th day of March, 1896, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

Names	No. Cert.	No. Sh'rs.	Amt
C. W. Brookhurst	6	10	$200 00
C. W. Brookhurst	7	5	100 00
Louis A. Monroe	13	10	200 00
Malvina L. Kelling	14	5	100 00
Warren Heaton	15	2	40 00
Warren Heaton	16	3	60 00
E. C. Dunn	21	5	100 00

And in accordance with law, and an order of the Board of Directors, made on the 14th day of March, 1896, so many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary will be sold at public auction at the office of the company, room 23, Nevada block, No. 302 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California, on Monday, the 11th day of May, 1896, at the hour of 1 o'clock p.m. of said day, to pay delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising and expenses of the sale.

JOS. E. HOWES, Secretary.

Office, room 23, Nevada Block, No. 302 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California. a24

Trustees' Sale of Real Estate.

WHEREAS, ELIZABETH D. EASBY EXecuted a certain deed of trust to Ed. R. Hamilton and Wm. P. Coleman, on the 7th day of December, 1891, and recorded December 11th, 1891, in book 122 of Deeds, at page 8 and following, records of Fresno county, State of California; said deed of trust conveying the real property hereinafter described for the purpose of securing the payment of a certain promissory note made by the said Elizabeth D. Easby, and whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note and the interest thereon.

Now, therefore, by the authority vested in them by said deed of trust, and upon application of the owner and holder of said note, the undersigned, as such trustees, will, on May 9th, 1896, between the hours of 10 and 11 o'clock a.m., in front of the court house door, in the city of Fresno, county of Fresno, state of California, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in United States gold coin, all the certain real property situate in the county of Fresno, State of California, and described as follows, to-wit:

The north half of the northwest quarter of section twenty-five (25), in township fifteen (15) south, range twenty-two (22) east, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, together with all the improvements and appurtenances thereto belonging; also all water ditches, water rights and privileges that are in anyway connected with, used or appertain to said land.

ED R. HAMILTON, Trustee.
a2 W. P. COLEMAN, Trustee.

Summons.

In the Superior court of the county of Fresno, state of California.

Kingsley Van Loo, plaintiff vs. Louise Van Aken, Theodore Van Aken, her husband, and Petronella Van Aken and E. A. Holmes, defendants.

Action brought in the Superior court of the county of Fresno, state of California, and the complaint filed in the office of the clerk of said county.

The People of the state of California send greeting to Louise Van Aken, Theodore Van Aken, her husband, and Petronella Van Aken and E. A. Holmes, defendants.

YOU ARE HEREBY REQUIRED TO APPEAR in an action brought against you by the above-named plaintiff, in the Superior court of the county of Fresno, state of California, and answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within this county, or, if served elsewhere, within thirty days.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of this court for the foreclosure of a certain mortgage described in the said complaint, and executed by the said Louise Van Aken and Theodore Van Aken, her husband, for the balance remaining due, and also that the said defendants, and all persons claiming by, through or under them, may be barred and foreclosed of all right, title, claims, lien, equity of redemption and interest in and to said mortgaged premises, and for other and further relief, as will more fully appear by reference to the complaint on file herein, which is hereby made a part hereof.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the complaint, as above required, the said plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Superior court of the county of Fresno, state of California, this 2nd day of January, A.D. 1896.

[SEAL.] T. G. HART, Clerk.

By W. R. WILLIAMS, Deputy Clerk.

Frank H. Short, attorney for plaintiff. m14

Trustees' Sale of Real Estate.

WHEREAS, OLOF JACOBSON EXECUTED a certain deed of trust to Ed R. Hamilton and Wm. P. Coleman on April 27th, 1893, and recorded on the 6th day of May, 1893, in book 139 of deeds, at page 368 and following, records of Fresno county, State of California, said deed of trust conveying the real property hereinafter described, for the purpose of securing the payment of a certain promissory note made by the said Olof Jacobson, and whereas, default has been made in the payment of the interest on said note.

Now, therefore, by the authority vested in them by said deed of trust, and upon application of the owner and holder of said note, the undersigned, as such trustees, will, on May 8th, 1896, between the hours of 10 and 11 o'clock a.m., in front of the court house door in the city of Fresno, County of Fresno, State of California, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, in United States gold coin, all the certain real property situate in the County of Fresno, State of California, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot number eighteen (18) of the Riverside colony, being the west half of the southwest quarter of northeast quarter of section thirty-three (33), in township fifteen (15) south, range twenty-three (23) east, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, together with all the improvements and appurtenances thereto belonging, also all water ditches, water rights and privileges that are connected with, used, or appertain to said land.

ED R. HAMILTON, Trustee.
a5 W. P. COLEMAN, Trustee.

BANKING HOUSES

BANK COMMISSIONERS' REPORT

Showing the Financial Condition of

THE FARMERS' BANK OF FRESNO

At the close of business on March 23d, 1896.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$293,818 01
Bank Premises, Furniture and Fixtures	8,000 00
Real Estate	54,679 03
County Warrants	7 40
Cash on Hand	27,684 36
Due from Banks	18,677 31
Other Assets	355 00
Total Resources	$403,871 61

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock Paid up	$200,000 00
Reserve Fund	10,000 00
Undivided Profits	9,986 21
Due Depositors	229,739 49
Due Banks	14,787 91
Total Liabilities	$403,871 61

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, FRESNO, CAL

OLDEST BANK IN FRESNO COUNTY.

ESTABLISHED 1887.

Paid Up Capital $100,000
Surplus 125,000

O. J. Woodward ..... President
S. Kennedy ..... Vice President
E. A. Walrond ..... Cashier

This bank transacts a general banking and exchange business, issues letters of credit, draws direct on China and all the principal cities of the United States and Europe.

DIRECTORS:

J. Vogel, T. C. White, C. L. Walker, S. Kennedy, O. J. Woodward.

BANK OF CENTRAL CALIFORNIA, FRESNO, CAL.

Capital Stock $100,000
Paid Up 70,000

Louis Einstein ..... President
Wm. Helm ..... Vice President
Leopold Gundelfinger ..... Cashier

DIRECTORS.

Louis Einstein, William Helm, Leopold Gundelfinger, H. H. Chaize, Max Frankenheimer.

This bank transacts a general banking and exchange business, issues letters of credit and draws direct on our correspondents in all the principal cities of the world.

Special attention paid to collection of claims and inheritances in all parts of Europe and America; also in parts of Asia, Africa and Australia by power of attorney.

Payments effected through our foreign money order system direct to any person in all countries of Europe.

DEPOSIT YOUR MONEY WITH THE FRESNO NATIONAL BANK.

Opposite the Postoffice.

Paid up capital $250,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits 20,000.00

JOHN MCMULLIN, President.
JOHN D. GRAY, Vice President.
G. ALLISON TRIPP ..... Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

F. D. Vanderlip, D. A. Good,
S. D. Chaddock, F. P. Wolcott,
John D. Gray, John McMullin,
Arch A. Smith.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK OF FRESNO

Hughes Block, Fresno, Cal.

Capital $100,000
Dr. R. Rowell ..... President
F. K. Prescott ..... Vice President
A. V. Lisenby ..... Cashier

This bank does a savings business exclusively; paying interest on both term and ordinary deposits. Money loaned on real estate security only.

The only Savings Bank in Fresno county.

DIRECTORS:

O. J. Woodward, A. V. Smith, F. K. Prescott, Dr. R. Rowell, W. J. Dickey.

Open from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. Open Saturday evenings from 7 to 8 p.m.

Everyone should have a bank account.

PARK LIVERY AND FEED STABLE

Cor. Tulare and I. Streets.

Horses boarded by the day, week or month at Reasonable rates. Best of care.

HACKS AND COUPES on short notice day night. Carriages for Funerals a specialty.

SCOTT & SMITH, - Proprietors.

Office, Grand Central Hotel telephone No. 5

Stable Tulare and I. Streets, telephone No. 25a

Notice of Guardian's Sale of Real Estate at Public Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT IN pursuance of an order of the Superior court in the county of Fresno, state of California, made on the 23th day of March, 1896, in the matter of the estate and person of Henry S. Dixon, an insane person, the undersigned, the guardian of the person and estate of the said insane person, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, in gold coin of the United States, and subject to confirmation by said Superior court, on Saturday, the 9th day of May, 1896, at 12 o'clock noon of said day, at the western door of the court house in the city of Fresno, county of Fresno, state of California, all the right, title, interest and estate of said Henry S. Dixon, in and to all those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land situate, lying and being in the city of Fresno, county of Fresno, state of California, and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lots numbered twenty-three (23) and twenty-four (24) in block number one hundred fifty (150), according to the official map of the city of Fresno, now on file and of record in the office of the county recorder of the county of Fresno, state of California.

Terms and conditions of sale—Cash, gold coin of the United States, 10 percent of the purchase money

OUR GREAT REMOVAL SALE

STANDS UNCHALLENGED!

The Values We Offer Must and Will Serve to Emphasize the Fact That the Greatest Patronage Ever Bestowed Upon One Institution in Central California, Which We Now Enjoy, is Because VVe Deserve It.

Every Item We Advertise Has the Merit of Quality and Worth Behind It, and Every Price on It is Lower Than You Can Buy the Same Thing for Anywhere in California.

Whenever you see goods quoted by our competitors, it matters not how cheap they may be, always remember the BANKRUPT SYNDICATE will duplicate the same goods with a liberal discount. If you are offered five-dollar bills in any store, we will go them one better, anyhow. If you see quoted by any dealer OUTING FLANNEL at 4c or PRINTS at 3½c, always remember that for the same price you will get a better one at the

BANKRUPT SYNDICATE.

At the outset of the month of March our great Shoe Department has driven competitors to become desperate, and as a result you see the announcement "Retiring from Business." Whether it is genuine or a fake sale, it establishes the fact nevertheless that our Shoe Department is a terror to them. Says Count de Monte Cristo ONE.

Now comes the startling announcement from our Dry Goods competitors that they, too, are to retire. This will establish the fact that our Dry Goods Department, too, which is only six weeks old, is taking hold strongly and cracks its whips upon competitors painfully. Says Count de Monte Cristo TWO.

And next will be our Clothing Department; this time without regard as to whom it may strike. We have no special hate or design against any one in particular, but our aim is to prove substantially to the public that for high grades, richly tailored Clothing at the right prices you will have to look to the BANKRUPT SYNDICATE.

Ladies' Trimmed Hats in flowers and ribbons, regular value $3, removal sale..... $1.98

Ladies' very fine Trimmed Hats, in black and colors, regular price $4.50, removal sale..... $2.29

Ladies' Duck Suits, the largest variety in the city, regular $2 and $3 suits, removal sale..... $1.48

Ladies' high grade Piqua Suits, in Eaton and Blazer, regular price $4, removal sale..... $1.98

Ladies' tailor made Denim Suits, in dark pin stripe, absolutely worth $5, removal sale..... $2.48

Ladies' fine P. K. Suits, in combination Eaton, regular price $5.50, removal sale..... $2.98

Ladies' ready made Waists, large sleeves and well worth $1.50, removal sale 83c

Ladies' Gilt Belts, just the thing for this season, regular price 60c, removal sale..... 23c

Ladies' fine Silver Buckels, combination, and sold everywhere for 75c, removal sale..... 23c

Ladies' high art Pattern Hats, such that you have to pay all over $6, removal sale..... $2.63

Fine Velvet and Silk Flowers, in all shades, regular value 75c, removal sale..... 29c

Just received 20 dozen fine Towels, soft and honey comb pattern, removal sale 5c

Extra heavy Turkish Bath Matts, in pink, blue, etc., sells the world over for $1, removal sale..... 49c

Another cut in our Taffetta Moire, we have them in beautiful designs, removal sale..... 19c

The remainder of our French Crepoline, black ground or cream, with pretty figures, removal sale..... 12½c

All our 25c, 30c and 35c figured Dotted Swiss, without limit or reserve, removal sale..... 19c

All our 20c and 25c Silkoline, without reserve or limit for this great removal sale..... 13c

All our 12½c and 15c fancy Cretons, in the latest designs and shades, removal sale..... 10c

All our fancy Buntings, in pink, cream, red and blue, also white and cardinal, removal sale..... 4c

All our Scotch and Zephr Suitings, in mild Sum Plaids, decidedly handsome, removal sale..... 12c

All our Silk and Wool Mohairs, black, raised figure or dot, positively worth 75c, removal sale..... 39c

Double width fancy Plaid Dress Goods, in Spring shades and usually sold for 25c, removal sale..... 13c

Ladies' Okford Ties, with patent tip, sizes 2 to 6, on the E lasts, fully worth $1.25, removal price..... 79c

Ladies' Oxford Ties, patent tip and paten blucher, regular price $1.50, removal sale..... 98c

Ladies' high grade Ties, all sizes, black or tan, cloth tops, absolutely worth $2, removal sale..... $1.38

Ladies' Southern Ties, in black or tan, common sense, positively worth $2.50, removal sale..... $1.48

Misses' Vici Kid Button Shoes, spring heel on D, E and EE, worth $2, removal sale..... 98c

Ladies' fine Kid Button Shoes, broken sizes, hand turned and absolutely worth up to $4, removal sale..... $1.39

Misses' Tan Dongola Button Shoes, spring heel, and usually sold for $1.50, removal sale..... 89c

Ladies' high grade Southern Ties, hand turned, cloth tops, such that always sell for $3, removal sale $1.89

Men's fine Calf Shoes, lace or Congress, very nobby, in retiring sales you pay $3, removal sale..... $1.69

We are sole agents for Bents' celebrated Handsewed Razor Toe $3 shoes; they have no equal.

Ask to see our Columbia Calf, Comfort and Dress Shoes, sells everywhere for $4, removal sale... $2.48

And now for Men's Suits. We have made TWO DISTINCT LOTS of them, and here is the way they go.

All our Sack Suits, in Cassimere or Worsteds, that formerly sold at $6.50, $7.50, $8.50 and $10, your choice of all..... $5.90

All our Sack and Frock Suits that formerly sold at $12, $15, $18 and $20, your choice of any suit in the house..... $8.90

In other words for $8.90 you can pick the best suit in the house without reserve, removal sale.... $8.90

All our English Corduroy Men's Suits, in black or tan, positively worth $12, removal sale..... $5.90

Men's custom made All-Wool Trousers, in gray, etc., never sold for less than $3, removal sale..... $1.89

Boy's suits, all odds and ends, will be cleared out during this sale, and all $1.50 $2 suits, removal price.. 98c

Men's fine Summer Coats and Vests, soft outing flannel, regular price all over $2, removal sale..... 98c

Men's Cassimere Vests, all sizes and assorted fabrics, former price $1.50, removal sale..... 98c

A choice lot of richly Tailored Clever Trousers, well worth $5.50 and $6, removal sale..... $2.98

Men's high grade Smoking Jackets, quilted Satin fronts, sold the world over at $7, removal sale..... $3.48

You are given a price list by those claiming to retire from business. Kindly compare ours with them.

Pins per paper.....1c
100 Heavy Envelopes....10c
Thimbles, each.....1c
Needles per paper.....2c

Safety pins, paper.....2c
Hair pins, package.....1c
Hooks and eyes, card....1c
Curling irons.....3c

Hat pins, 2 for.....1c
Binding ribbon, bolt.....8c
Knitting cotton, ball.....5c
Rubber combs.....5c

Good purses.....5c
Marshall's linen thread....5c
Feather bone corsets....98c
Fine Summer corsets....39c

Ladies' ribbed vests.....5c
Black seamless hose.....9c
Tan seamless hose.....9c
Fine sun bonnets.....19c

Ladies' straw sailors.....10c
Kings' spool cotton.....2c
Fine writing paper, ¼ ream 15c
Shoe brushes and blacking 15c

Lonsdale cambric.....10c
Fine curtain scrim.....5c
Fine table covers.....98c
Fine Dotted Swiss.....10c

Finest $2 feather fans....98c
High grade boy's waists..73c
Very fine boy's waists....98c
E'tre'ly rich boy's waists.$1.23

Be sure and attend our night sale. From now till we move to the Gilmour block we will sell, every day between the hours of 7 and 9 p. m., the following goods at the prices unlimited:

Ladies' Straw Sailor Hats, rough and ready, at.....10c
100 dozen Men's Silk Neckwear, Four-in-Hand or Scarfs, worth up to 75c, for.....12½c
Men's Fast Black Seamless Hose, all sizes, at.....10c
Ladies' Utopia Black, 40-Gauge Seamless Hose at.....15c
Men's Silk Suspenders without limit at.....10c
Pongee Silk, without limit in 19-inch, at..... 9c

Until we move to the Gilmour Block every evening between the hours of 7 and 9 without limit or reserve.

The ∴ Bankrupt ∴ Syndicate,

Disposers of Bankrupt Stocks and Sleepless and Restless VVorkers for Trade,

Will occupy the Gimour Block, 1829 and 1831 Mariposa Street, about May 5th. - - - *1038 J Street, Fresno, Cal.*

THE FRESNO MORNING REPUBLICAN.

Additional Local on Pages 1 and 4.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY

TRAINS LEAVE FRESNO AS FOLLOWS:

Commencing April 22, 1896.

12:52 A.M.—NEW ORLEANS EXPRESS—Daily for Santa Barbara, Los Angeles, San Bernardino and Riverside, and east via El Paso and New Orleans.

2:50 A.M.—EXPRESS—Daily. For Collis, Mendota, Newman, San Francisco, Sacramento, Ogden and East.

8:35 A.M.—MIXED TRAIN—Daily. For Fowler, Selma, Kingsburg, Goshen Junction, connecting at Goshen Junction with mixed train for Hanford, Armona, Tulare, Bakersfield and all way stations.

8:30 A.M.—MIXED TRAIN—Monday, Wednesday and Friday only. For Porterville and way stations. Porterville to Famoso on Wednesday only.

4:50 A.M.—EXPRESS (via Martinez)—Daily. For Berenda (Raymond for Yosemite) Merced, San Francisco, Sacramento, Portland, Ogden and East.

9:00 A.M.—MIXED TRAIN—Daily except Sunday, For Lathrop and all way stations.

9:30 A.M.—MIXED TRAIN—Daily except Sunday. For Pollasky and all way stations. Arrives at Fresno returning at 1.10 p.m.

5:30 P.M.—PASSENGER TRAIN—Daily. For Sanger Junction, Reedley, Porterville and way stations.

5:50 P.M.—LOS ANGELES EXPRESS—Daily. For Los Angeles and intermediate points.

RICH GRAY, Gen. Traffic Manager.
T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. Agent.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

FRESNO, April 25.—Observations taken at 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

Barometer	30.01
Temperature	74
Sensible Temperature	50
Humidity, per cent	40
Wind, NW (miles per hour)	2
Maximum Temperature for past 24 hours	61
Minimum Temperature for past 24 hours	50
Total Rainfall past 36 hours, inches	00
Total Rainfall for season, inches	7.31

Weather Forecast.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 25.—Official forecast for thirty-six hours, ending at 5 p.m. April 26.—Northern California—Fair Sunday, except partly cloudy in north portion; brisk westerly winds.

Southern California—Fair Sunday; fresh westerly winds.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

The above reward will be paid for the arrest and conviction of parties caught stealing or defacing REPUBLICAN boxes which are placed in front of the residences of colony subscribers.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Cranberries
Just received
At Holland & Holland's.

Picnics are in order.

County schools are closing.

Hay there, Adriance-Buckeye!

The downpour made the roads solid.

Read the advertisement of H. Graff & Co.

Little was done yesterday in the courts.

The Cleveland leads. A. N. Warfekroe, agent.

Best meal in the state for 25 cents at the Grand Central.

Eighteen claims were filed yesterday in the Coalinga oil field.

See the latest in sailors and new hats at Miss McRae's, 1143 J street.

Dr. Miner, Garibaldi block. Eye, ear, nose and throat. Glasses fitted.

Ladies' fine tan ties at the Philadelphia Shoe Store, 1937 Mariposa street.

Clean nice rooms; lowest rates. Lodging house, 1931 Mariposa street. Mrs. Brown.

Ticket No. 58 wins the Tandem, held by Fritz Paatz, drawing at R. M. Thompson's cyclery.

The social announced to be given by the ladies of the Baptist church for the 28th inst. has been postponed.

The schedule of rates now offered by the San Joaquin Electric Company is less than $1 per 1000 feet for gas.

Just arrived—Another car of those fine buggies that are so low you can't help buying them. Fresno Agricultural Works.

John Williams yesterday pleaded guilty in Justice St. John's court to a charge of disturbing the peace, and was fined $5.

For $2.75 you can get both the WEEKLY REPUBLICAN and the *Interior* (Fresno's illustrated monthly) for one year. Send orders to REPUBLICAN office.

The Populists of Easton at their primary election cast eighteen votes, electing as delegates J. D. Winkle, R. Vogel, C. M. Todd and M. J. Lindrose.

Why heat your house on Sunday when you can get a chicken dinner with lemon pie or ice cream at the Lytton Dining Parlors, 1148 J street, for 15c.

The defendant in the suit of O. Scribner against E. Morris & Co. has appealed from the justice court of the Third township to the superior court.

Justice St. John yesterday sentenced James Agen, Frank Otto, Charles McCarty and John Clair to five days each on a charge of vagrancy, to which they pleaded guilty. They had been caught sleeping in a box car.

There will be a basket picnic of the New England Society, May 1st, at the residence of Capt. Charles H. Norris at Fowler. Dinner at noon. All New Englanders cordially invited. Mrs. H. O. Baker, Secretary.

Officers and members of Friendship Rebekah Lodge are requested to meet at DeWitt hall at 2 p.m. today, sharp, and proceed from there to the K-street M. E. church to take part in the Odd Fellows celebration. Lizzie Cronkhite, Secretary.

Dr. P. N. Russell of this city has received a commission from Governor Budd, promoting him from the position of assistant surgeon of the Sixth regiment, N.G.O., with the rank of captain, to that of surgeon of the regiment with the rank of major.

The suit of Jacob Hockenberry against John Baird has been appealed by the plaintiff from the justice court of the Third township to the superior court. M. K. Harris is attorney for the plaintiff, and E. S. Van Meter and H. H. Welsh for the defendant.

The Pleasant Valley Oil Company yesterday filed articles of incorporation in this county. The term of life of the corporation is fifty years, capital stock $500,000, of which $320,000 has been subscribed by the following persons, each subscribing for $40,000: Milton McWhorter, C. J. Miner, M. Page Minor, H. W. Skinner, W. D. Crichton, T. S. Price, J. B. Rader, J. E. Wilson. Of these Crichton, Miner, Minor, Skinner and McWhorter are directors. The principal office is in Fresno.

A novel entertainment will be given in Spinney hall on Thursday evening, May 7th, by Mrs. Ockenden's class in physical culture, with recitations by Millidge Sherwood, Errett Shelton and Marion Ellis. Prof. M. M. Myer will furnish the music and Mrs. Geissler will render two vocal solos. The young ladies who will take part in the physical exercises are Hattie Redford, Grace Farley, Eunice Jackson, Cora Donahoo, Edna Doolittle, Galena Conwell, Sadie Dealy, Zoe Eden, Gertrude Degen, Clara Parsons, Edna Hamilton, Susie Davis, Maud Shaffer, Margaret Manson, Katharine Moore and Mrs. Badger. The admission will be 25 cents.

Your Husband

Won't work. Why? No ambition. Why not? Malaria. 3 doses of 3 Day Malaria Cure will set any man to work. Prove it by procuring a bottle of your druggist or sent prepaid on receipt of 75 cents.

FRANCIS S. OTT, Druggist,
200 K St., south side 2d and K;
Sacramento, Cal.

DELEGATES ELECTED

The Republican County Convention.

SPLENDID PLATFORM ADOPTED

Ringing Resolutions—The Day's Proceedings—Harmony and Good Feeling.

The Republican county convention yesterday was one of harmony and effective work. The result is highly satisfactory. The delegates who go to the state and congressional conventions are men who will represent the party's interests on all questions that may come up. There was a good representation from all parts of the county. The platform and resolutions will meet with the hearty indorsement of the party, not only in this county, but throughout the state.

Delegates to the state and congressional conventions are Judge George A. Nourse, George H. Monroe, Dr. C. Rowell, A. J. Shields, R. N. Barstow, A. M. Drew, P. F. Peck, Dr. G. H. Aiken, Alva E. Snow, M. S. Rose, W. F. Rowell, A. H. Powers and S. F. Earl.

Frank H. Short was indorsed for delegate to the national convention and Dr. Rowell for presidential elector.

The convention was called to order at 10.30 by A. J. Wiener, chairman of the county central committee. By request Professor Benjamin W. Fabian played the "MORNING REPUBLICAN March" on the piano, and at its close he was greeted with great applause.

Chairman Wiener then announced the first order of business, the selection of a temporary chairman. M. V. Ashbrook nominated G. W. Jones. In placing the assistant district attorney in nomination Mr. Ashbrook said: "I desire to place in nomination a young Republican who is ardent and earnest in the cause of the party. He is capable of performing the duties of chairman, as has been proven in the work he has done for the party before. He has contributed much to secure the election of the Republican officers in this county. I place in nomination George W. Jones."

The nomination was spiritedly applauded. It was seconded by Judge George A. Nourse, and a motion to close the nomination was carried. Mr Jones was elected unanimously by acclamation.

On taking the chair he expressed himself as deeply appreciating the unanimous selection of himself as presiding officer over such an important body of Republicans. "I represent the younger element of the party," said he, "and as in the past I shall labor in the future for its welfare. I shall labor earnestly and honorably for pure politics and the success of the party."

Chairman Jones then declared nominations for secretary in order. A. M. Drew placed M. B. Kellogg of Fresno in nomination. Mr. Kellogg declined and named Thomas Yost of Centerville, who was elected without opposition. The captain made a happy speech of acceptance. He had been in the ranks of the party from infancy, he said, and this was the first time that he had received any recognition for what he had done. "I am one of the half a million who have written the g.o.p. in blood. It is the custom to write those letters in small italics, but they cannot be printed too small, because there are so many people in the country who read them." The little speech was greeted with a round of vigorous applause.

Secretary Yost suggested that he be provided with an assistant to do his work for him. The captain was in good humor and he entertained the convention in a pleasant manner.

The chair announced that the next order of business was the election of an assistant secretary. A. L. Hobbs nominated E. T. Wolcott. Mr. Wolcott declined and placed William A. White in nomination. R. N. Barstow of Central colony seconded the nomination, and Mr. White was elected by acclamation.

Judge Nourse facetiously moved that Captain Yost be an ornament to the minutes. The Captain replied that he had no basket with him and requested that no bouquets be thrown. (Laughter.)

Mr. Ashbrook then moved that the chairman appoint committees, consisting of five each, on credentials, permanent organization and order of business, and resolutions. The motion was carried and the chair appointed the following:

Credentials—M. B. Kellogg, chairman; W. M. Barr of Sanger, J. P. Kerr of Black Mountain, W. W. Ward of Kingsburg and P. F. Peck of Roberts.

Permanent organization and order of business—F. K. Prescott, chairman; G. E. Foster of Selma, H. F. Clifton of Fresno, J. W. Shanklin, S. F. Earl of Reedley.

Resolutions—Dr. C. Rowell, chairman; Judge George A. Nourse, Othello Scribner of Fresno, Charles Erickson of Washington colony and J. F. Manley of Fowler.

In order to give these committees time to make their reports, the convention adjourned till 1 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

At the opening of the afternoon session the committee on permanent organization and order of business made the following report:

"To the Republican County Convention of Fresno county:

"Your committee begs leave to recommend as follows:

"1. That the temporary organization be made permanent.

"2. That the report of the Committee on Credentials be presented and acted upon by the convention.

"3. That the delegates of this convention meet in district caucuses and select two delegates to the state convention from each Supervisor district, also two alternates in each district. The convention at large to ratify the selections made by the district caucuses.

"4. That three delegates and three alternates to the state convention be elected from the county at large by this convention.

"5. That all voting for delegates and alternates either in district caucuses or in the convention be by ballot.

"6. That each precinct delegation shall select a foreman who shall collect the ballots of his delegation, and upon the call of his precinct shall carry the ballots to the secretary's desk and deposit the same in the ballot box.

"7. Report of Committee on Platform and Resolutions.

"8. Miscellaneous.

"9. Adjournment sine die."

THE DELEGATES.

Upon motion of Mr. Ashbrook it was decided to vote for the three delegates-at-large in one ballot. Before the report of the committee on permanent organization was adopted the report of the committee on credentials was taken up. The following was the report.

Auberry—J. W. McDowell, S. J. Halbert.

Belmont—F. R. Dunlap, William Shields, Andrew Noble, proxy by Wm. Shields.

Big Sandy—T. F. Blair, Sr.

Butler—Charles Griffin, E. W. Marsh by Eli Henderson.

Black Mountain—John P. Kerr, F. C. Cottle by J. P. Kerr.

Cantua—F. G. Ladd by J. P. Kerr.

Crescent—L. C. Goodall, D. C. Francis.

Chicago—J. J. Truman.

Central Colony—W. B. Bannister, H. Madsen, R. N. Barstow, R. A. White.

Clark's Valley—E. O. Minkler.

Centerville—A. H. Powers, Thomas Yost.

Collis—J. H Huff.

Dry Creek—William Shortridge.

East Fresno—William Summers, W. T. Burke, G. A. Nourse.

Easterby—Geo. C. Roeding, Herman Grans by Geo. C. Roeding.

Firebaughs—Francis Dobales, Nemioccio Gonzales, Napoleon Galan by J. E. Russell.

Fresno Colony—A. E. Smith, A. Jagger by A. E. Smith, C. Paulson, Frank Williams.

Fowler—George F. Waterman, J. F. Manley, S. F. Glasgow, W. H. Shafer, D. S. Trobridge, W. F. Chandler.

Fancher—Alfred Baird.

Fresno No 1—G. A. Smith, G. T. Roberts by G. A. Smith, J. Q. Clark.

Fresno No. 2—Lewis Manuel by J. W. Shanklin, L. H. Owens by G. A. Smith, H. P. Hedges, J. T. Shanklin.

Fresno No. 3—C. Rowell, F. K. Prescott, H. F. Clifton, Phil Scott, L. P. Timmins, F. P. Comfort.

Fresno No. 4—O. Scribner, T. H. Hunt, E. T. Wolcott.

Fresno No. 5—A. E. Snow, W. B. Parker.

Fresno No. 6—H. W. Skinner, O. P. Tuller, G. W. Jones, Charles Jovanovich, A. H. Nutt by H. F. Clifton, W. H. Spencer by H. F. Clifton.

Fresno No. 7—A. Tombs, M. B. Kellogg, F. J. Burleigh, A. Woodward by O. S. Angel, James E. McDonald, M. Bilby.

Fresno No. 8—F. J. Haber, T. J. Hay, Dr. Aiken, C. H. Swett.

Fresno No. 9—W. T. Rice by S. B. Bresee, L. R. Melvin, D. Decker, S. B. Bresee, S. J. Walton by T. A. McEahen.

Fresno No. 10—A. Noble, John George by O. Scribner.

Garfield—F. S. Blair.

Gill—J. P. Johnson, J. E. Slone.

Huron—F. P. Ballou, Charles Henslic, by J. P. Kerr for both.

Hughes Creek—C. H. Wait.

Jefferson—H. L. Musick; A. E. Sunderland, by H. L. Musick.

Kingston—E. J. Boust, Ezra Cole, by J. P. Kerr.

Kingsburg—Andrew Erickson, Frank Rosendahl, W. A. Rucker, W. W. Ward.

Liberty—H. L. Green, James Cottle.

Lake—S. Raney.

Lynch—A. Etchegoin, by J. P. Kerr.

Lewis Creek—C. Choboya, by J. P. Kerr.

Madison—A. J. Shields, A. L. McCray, J. H. Luce, F. E. Vorce, E. A. Smith.

Millerton—C. A. Hart, by W. R. Bermingham, D. E. Noble.

Malaga—F. C. Barnes, F. S. Bagley.

Mendocino—J. J. Miley, Charles Forsyth, O. A. Marsh.

Mechanicsville—M. V. Ashbrook.

Mill Creek—Morrison Blunt, by Ed Miles.

New Hope—O. Bennett.

Oleander—E. E. Gatcome, F. Hopkins, J. D. Galloway.

Pine Ridge—E. W. Marsh, by M. V. Ashbrook.

Panoche—C. D. Watkins.

Pleasant Valley—Frank Oleary.

Roberts—Smith Olney, J. H. Hudson, A. M. Drew, T. W. Pickford, A. L. Hobbs, P. F. Peck, Henry Hausberger, one-half vote, by Geo. L. Hoxie; G. L. Hoxie, one-half vote.

Reedley—E. W. Holmes, C. W. Mathews, S. F. Earl, Ed Miles.

Sycamore—Geo. Weitz, by Arthur R. Briggs.

Scandinavian—John Windblad, S. W. Waltz.

Sanger, No. 1—Al Frankenau, D. C. Weddell, A. P. Darling.

Sanger, No. 2—W. B. Depew, by A. P. Darling, one-half vote; N. L. Durgin, B. Stevens, by W. M. Barr.

Squaw Valley—J. W. Carpenter, by E. Miles.

Sequoia—Thomas Niebert.

Selma, No. 1—O. Bachtold, G. E. Foster, William Roberts.

Selma, No. 2—J. C. Moore, J. B. Sturgis, J. W. White, by J. B. Sturgis.

Toll House—Frank Witham, by W. K. Cowan.

Terry—J. H. Harris, A. G. Brown.

Temperance—Ross Mulholland, H. Trueworthy, G. R. Taylor.

Volcano—J. W. Loper, William, McDowell.

Whites Bridge—J. E. Russell.

Walnut—E. A. D. Christopher, W. H. Shafer, J. W. Brown.

Wartham—G. F. Gowler, by J. P. Kerr.

West Park—J. A. Perkins, Albert McNeil, F. L. Burleigh.

Washington Colony—Frank Rowell, Charles Erickson, Walter Whitney, J. T. Lowrey.

Wildflower—L. Heilbron, R. M. Dunlap.

Watts Valley—A. Hilderbandt, by R. R. Barr.

PLATFORM AND RESOLUTIONS.

The report of the credential committee was adopted without objection, after which the report of the committee on permanent organization was adopted.

The next in order was the following report of the committee on platform and resolutions:

"We, the representatives of the Republican voters of Fresno county, in convention assembled, do now and here reaffirm our allegiance to the Republican party and our devotion to the principles, which, embodied in legislation, for so many years gave prosperity to the country. We denounce the Democratic administration of Grover Cleveland for its unwise, un-American and destructive policy. He has allowed a tariff bill to become a law which he had the constitutional power to defeat, which he himself denounced as dishonest and a fraud, and which, decreasing our exports and increasing our imports, hampers our industries and has brought distress upon our people. He has made war upon our silver currency and has industriously sought to discredit it for the purposes of contracting the volume of our circulating medium, lowering the prices of all that our people produce, and thus enriching Wall Street at the expense of the people; the money lender, at the expense of the producer.

"He has sought to overthrow the government of a friendly republic, and reestablishing in its place a monarchy ruled by a barbarous and blood-thirsty queen.

"The sober second thought of the people, at the last election, overwhelmingly repudiated him and his policy.

Resolved—That the wants of the nation call loudly for legislation on these three lines:

First—Protection to American industries, with reciprocity wherever our markets can thereby be extended. The American people should not have to compete on equal terms in our own markets with the underfed and underpaid labor of foreign countries.

Secondly—The restriction of foreign immigration. Of what benefit is it to the nation to protect our manufacturers by the imposition of duties, if cheap labor of foreign countries is allowed free entry upon our shores to compete with that of our own people at their own homes? We welcome no immigrant, who, as a citizen, will owe a higher allegience to any foreign potentate than to our own constitution and laws.

"Thirdly—The free coinage of American silver at the present ratio. The people demand that this unholy war upon the money of the people shall cease, and that both silver and gold, the money of the constitution, shall be allowed to be practically, as well as theoretically, the currency of the nation.

"*Resolved*, That we heartily and unreservedly indorse the course in congress of our representative, Hon. W. W. Bowers. We recognize in him a man of the people, earnest, intelligent, capable, fearless, the friend of the settlers, and their defender against the land grabber. We heartily indorse his fearless fight against the grasping railroad company. We instruct the delegates to the congressional convention, who are to be this day chosen, to vote for the renomination of W. W. Bowers and to use every honorable means to secure his nomination and election.

"*Resolved*, That we entreat of congress not to refund the indebtedness of the Central Pacific Railroad Company, but to foreclose the mortgage upon the road, and let the government purchase and control it. We entreat of congress to take no course that shall help to continue in control of that road its present managers, who have cruelly oppressed the people of the state of California with exhorbitant charges for transportation of passengers and freight for more than a quarter of a century; charges so monstrous that in some cases mule teams successfully compete with the road in hauling freight.

"*Resolved*, That while appreciating the worth and ability of each and all of the aspirants for the Republican nomination for president of the United states in the ensuing national convention, the Republicans of Fresno county recognize the distinguished services, ability, honesty and natural leadership of William McKinley, and believe him to be the choice of an overwhelming majority of the Republicans of California and the entire country. The Republicans of Fresno county ask the Republicans of the state convention to elect McKinley delegates to the national convention, and instruct them to make every honorable effort to secure his nomination.

"*Resolved*, The Republicans of Fresno county feel that they are entitled to the approbation and approval of the Republican party of this state in that they have by long, constant and conscientious effort labored in the cause, so that while formerly this was one of the banner Democratic counties of the state, it is now a solid Republican county; and having received no recognition in the past in the matter of honors or nominations from the party at large, the Republicans of this county respectfully present the name of Frank H. Short as a candidate for delegate to the national Republican convention to be held at St. Louis, from this, the seventh congressional district, and solicit the support and assistance of all Republican delegates in the district in behalf of his election, and hereby instruct the delegation elected to the congressional and state conventions, at all times to use all honorable means to secure his election as such a delegate, and to cast their vote for him as a unit."

The resolutions were read by Dr. Rowell, chairman of the committee, and he was frequently interrupted by applause. Every section met with a warm reception, and upon motion of M. V. Ashbrook they were adopted by a rousing vote.

SELECTING DELEGATES.

The convention now settled down to the business of selecting delegates to the state convention. The precinct delegations arranged themselves in supervisoral district meetings about the hall, each district being entitled to two delegates:

In district No. 1, A. J. Shields of Madison and R. N. Barstow of Central colony were selected delegates. Alternates, J. E. Russell of White's Bridge and F. L. Burleigh of West Park.

District No. 2—A. M. Drew and P. F. Peck of Roberts. Alternates, T. W. Pickford and J. H. Hudson.

District No. 3—Alva E. Snow and Dr. G. H. Aiken. Alternates, C. H. Swett and G. A. Smith.

District No. 4—M. S. Rose of Fowler, W. F. Rowell of Washington colony. Alternates, S. F. Glasgow of Fowler and A. D. Christopher of Walnut.

District No. 5—A. H. Powers of Centerville, S. F. Earl of Reedley. Alternates, G. C. Roeding, J. J. Miley of Mendocino.

The convention ratified the selection of the district delegates. The election of three delegates at large from the county was next in order. H. F. Clifton placed George H. Monroe in nomination. Dr. Rowell was nominated by O. Scribner; Judge George A. Nourse, by A. E. Snow; A. L. Hobbs, by W. F. Rowell; M. V. Ashbrook, by A. M. Drew; H. E. Barnum, by W. H. Shafer; A. Tombs, by J. Q. Clark; C. Bachtold, by W. H. Shafer.

Mr. Tombs declined, and the name of C. Bachtold was witdrawn.

A ballot was taken, resulting as follows: Monroe 73, Rowell 136, Nourse 107, Hobbs 63, Ashbrook 49, Barnum 29. Necessary to choice 82. The chairman declared Messrs. Nourse and Rowell elected, and the convention vigorously applauded. Another ballot would be necessary for the election of the third delegate, but at this juncture M. V. Ashbrook withdrew his name after thanking the convention for the support given him. Mr. Hobbs also withdrew, as did Barnum.

This left Monroe alone in the race and he was elected by acclamation.

On motion Messrs. Hobbs, Ashbrook and Barnum were by acclamation elected alternate delegates at large.

Mr. Ashbrook here secured the recognition of the chair and made a motion, prefaced by a brief speech, instructing the delegates elected by the convention to use every endeavor at the congressional convention to secure the nomination of Dr. Rowell as a presidential elector. Dr. Rowell responded to the effect that he would thoroughly appreciate the honor, but he considered it too much for Fresno to ask, now that the convention had requested the selection of F. H. Short as national delegate. The Doctor further stated that he could not very well accept any position on account of private business. Under the circumstances he preferred to remain in the ranks.

A. R. Briggs then arose and asked if it should be understood that Dr. Rowell had declined. Chairman Jones stated that he had not, and amid applause the motion of Mr. Ashbrook was carried.

Calls were made for F. H. Short, the choice of the convention for national delegate. Mr. Short took the rostrum, and in a brief speech thanked the convention for the honor conferred upon him. His remarks on the party tenets and principles were well received.

Senator A. J. Pedlar was also called upon and made an appropriate speech.

Chairman Jones closed the convention with an address on the prospects of success of the party. Being secretary of the county central committee and therefore in close touch with Republicans in every precinct of the county, he was able to say that indications never were better for the Republican party in Fresno county this fall. He was confident that Fresno is now one of the solid Republican counties of the state.

With three ringing cheers proposed by Captain Jones for the "grand old party," the convention adjourned sine die.

TOWN TALK.

The Retiring Sale of the Plymouth Rock.

The prices at which shoes are going at the Plymouth Rock retiring from business sale are such that they have set the town talking about the wonderful bargains to be had there. The entire stock of fine shoes must be sold without reserve. Prudent buyers will get their footwear while this sale lasts, as it gives the purchaser an opportunity to save enormously on the cost of shoes. It is the Plymouth Rock's loss and the purchaser's gain.

A-B-C

Bohemian St. Louis Beer is the Favorite.

R. Ruben & Son are agents for the famous A-B-C Bohemian Beer, and so rapidly have the sales increased in this valley that the firm finds it necessary to bring the goods here in carload lots. The first carload has just arrived, with the beer in first-class condition. The growing popularity of the beverage attests its genuine merit, which, in fact, is conceded by competitors everywhere. Today the A-B-C Bohemian Beer has no superior on the market.

The striking wheel, Barnes the White Flyer, the mount for '96 at Warnekros'.

THE MAN ABOUT TOWN

Continual Round of Discovering William Wootton.

NOW WOE FOR THE PROPHET

The Question About the Superior Judgeship—Us Bicycle-Plate Idiots.

If the spiritualists, or their mediums, know where lies the body of William Wootton, they owe it to the public to reveal the place and put an end to a mystery which seems hedged about by murder. If they do not know, they owe to themselves to cease this periodical announcement that messengers from the unseen world have placed the knowledge within their keeping. Three times during the sixteen months of my residence in Fresno different mediums have reported that they had seen the place where Wootton was buried, and how many had made similar announcement before that time heaven only knows. Like the ending of the world by modern prophets, the mental discovery of Wootton's burial place by peripatetic mediums is becoming chestnutty and monotonous. What seems to be needed is a little less description of the place, and a little more of the place itself.

I know it will be said that these mediums do not claim that the spirits have told them just where the place is located, but merely have showed them how it looks; it may be in China or the Transvaal, but wherever it is, it presents a certain appearance. And, in response, I say: Go to! Would you have us believe that the soul and intellect of man after it passes "the great divide" is stricken with vaporous imbecility? If any spirit has told or shown to the mediums anything about William Wootton, there was an intelligent reason for the revelation. If there was not such a reason the spirit was not intelligent, and if there was such a reason—well, you cannot make me believe that our departed friends attain such a condition of idiocy "over there" that they cannot reveal the simple thing that they know, but must needs stumble and stammer on the threshold of revelation, leaving the medium on this side only the half-guessed shadow of something to prate about. If this be the vapid immortality that spiritualism demonstrates, and if it be all of life that is before us, God grant that I and mine may sink into the deeper but happier grave of annihilation.

In all this, you will note, is no suggestion that the mediums may not have seen something, but if they have, and if that something includes Wootton's grave, they should obtain more definite information from headquarters, or else maintain a discreet silence. As it is, they injure their cause. There is enough of a popular impression that spiritualism is only faking, without their adding to it by indiscretion. As they, or some of them, know that not all on which spiritualism has laid its hands is fraud, they should be cautious about appearing to justify an impression that it is.

* * *

"Now woe!" said the prophet. "Now woe, and yet woe!
For the days they will come, and the days they will go,
And the weeks will creep on till the weeks they are done,
And the slow dragging months into seasons will run;
And still, like a caldron inverted, the sky
Will cling to its tears; and the world will be dry;
And the great earth athirst will cry out for wet,
For this here it will be a dry season, you bet."

Now woe for the prophet; now woe and yet woe,
For he was so young and so hopeful, to go.
They have chartered a boat, and they'll bury him deep
Where the frog and the turtle their vigils do keep;
For they found him last night in the down-beating rain,
And the coroner's jury were stricken with pain
As a verdict they gave, while they scraped off the mud:
"Another man drowned in a dry-season flood."

* * *

Now by all the legal hocus-pocus that ever was inflicted upon an afflicted people, where would you find the beat of "the question raised by lawyers" in reference to the legality of discontinuing the judgeship now held by Judge Carter? Ere now I have sat and heard lawyers "argue questions" when I could but wonder that a sense of humor did not compel them to laugh at their own motley logic, but for genuine refinement of sophistical and absurd hair-splitting, I think that this judgeship question beats anything that I have ever heard. Observe its logic, if you please, as it halts by you:

The state constitution provides that each county in the state shall have one superior judge, although the legislature may increase the number. Keep your eye on the italicized "one," for, under the logic we are viewing, it is set apart and sacred, and should be mentioned in capital letters.

Judge Holmes first was elected superior judge. He, therefore, was *One*.

Judge Campbell succeeded him, and the *One*ship descended and rested like a halo on him.

Judge Harris was appointed to another judgeship, but he was not the sacred *One*, and he had to pull along without a halo.

Judge Holmes succeeded Judge Campbell, and got the *One*ship back again. In this he was fortunate; if he had succeeded Judge Harris he would have been only "another judge."

Another judge took office, but you must not suppose that he was one judge. As a layman unblessed by a legal mind, you might have presumed that he was one judge, but you would have been mistaken; he was "another judge."

Judge Holmes died, and Judge Carter was appointed in his place.

Therefore the *One*ship is on the judgeship held by him.

Therefore that particular judgeship which carries the *One*ship cannot be abolished, but a successor to Judge Carter will have to be elected.

Therefore Fresno county must pay for three judges about five years longer.

This, if the report may be trusted, is the question which doth give the lawyers pause. What "rot" it is! What very madhouse logic! For the very moment that a glimmering of common sense is brought to bear on the matter we see that there is no sacred *One*ship, and that one judge is one judge and fills the constitutional bill whether he was appointed first, second, third or twentieth among judges.

The continuance of this judgeship would be an unnecessary burden on a people who cannot afford to pay for luxuries. Its utmost pretense at justification is a quibble, and the argument on behalf of it is as guiltless of logic as is a ghost of bone and muscle.

* * *

The other day a pleasant young man dropped into the REPUBLICAN office and announced that he was selling neat aluminum plates, with your name engraved thereon, for bicycles. He said that the price was six bits each, and would anybody like to—

The city editor interrupted him by ordering two plates.

I immediately ordered three plates. It is a cold day when I allow anybody to be as large an idiot as I am, when I am sitting around and have nothing to do except appear natural.

After the pleasant young man had been gone about an hour, the city editor looked up and said:

"Say! Do you think we needed those plates?"

I said: "Have you been thinking of that, too?"

"Yes."

"What have you been thinking?"

"Oh, nothing much. I've just been wondering if I would go in the house if it were raining and nobody called me."

"I haven't."

"Why not?"

"I know I wouldn't."

I like to look at the wheels as they pass me, and think that the city editor and I are not alone in our weakness. There are many others who also are afflicted. They bought plates. Like ours, they are of no earthly good except to advertise the owner's mental condition. A wheel with one will be stolen just as readily as a wheel without one; it will last no longer; it is in no way improved. It is a great comfort, however, to look at another man's wheel, and think: "Poor fellow! He is like me, and he cannot help it for he was born that way." I like to know that other men also don't know any better.

* * *

When I noticed in the REPUBLICAN, a day or two ago, an announcement, made by the Madera *Mercury*, that W. Parker Lyon had walked from Borden to Madera, I felt quite happy. I knew enough about the lay of the country to know that in walking from Borden to Madera he was traveling away from Fresno, and I—well, I naturally felt hopeful, as anybody must. But I—I—I cannot continue. It is strange how the brightest dreams of this life fade and die. Mr. Lyon is in Fresno. I saw him yesterday.

THE MAN ABOUT TOWN.

Artists' Materials.

Complete stock in every line, C. H. Riege's.

THE OVERSTOCK SALE.

Kutner-Goldstein's Stores Crowded Every Day.

The great overstock sale at Kutner-Goldstein's, at which goods have been going for one-third less than cost, resulted in crowding the stores every day last week. The firm decided to continue the sale and additional bargains will be offered during the coming week as may be seen by consulting Kutner-Goldstein Co.'s display advertisement on the first page of this paper, to which the reader is referred.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure; 25c. For sale by Baker & Colson.

Rebekahs, Attention!

The members of Fresno Rebekah Lodge, I.O.O.F., will meet at their hall, Spinney block, this afternoon at 2 o'clock to attend divine service in connection with subordinate lodges.

ANNIE H. MAXWELL, Noble Grand.

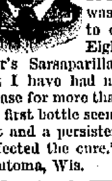
Fagan's loan office, 1710 Mariposa St.

A Stanch Republican.

The returns from the Populist primaries state that John Carpenter was elected delegate from Reedley to the county convention. Mr. Carpenter wishes this corrected as he was not elected. He is a stanch Republican and is considerably put out over the announcement that he is a Populist.

A Sufferer Cured

"Every season, from the time I was two years old, I suffered dreadfully from erysipelas, which kept growing worse until my hands were almost useless. The bones softened so that they would bend, and several of my fingers are now crooked from



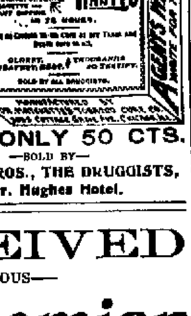
this cause. On my hand I carry large scars, which, but for **AYER'S** Sarsaparilla, would be sores, provided I was alive and able to carry anything. Eight bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla cured me, so that I have had no return of the disease for more than twenty years. The first bottle seemed to reach the spot and a persistent use of it has perfected the cure."—O. C. DAVIS, Wautoma, Wis.

AYER'S
THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR
Sarsaparilla

AYER'S PILLS Promote Good Digestion.

DON'T Pay A Dollar

For an Unreliable Remedy When This Celebrated Remedy



COST ONLY 50 CTS.
—SOLD BY—
SMITH BROS., THE DRUGGISTS,
Cor. Hughes Hotel.

JUST ∴ RECEIVED

—A CARLOAD OF THE FAMOUS—

A-B-C Bohemian

St. Louis Beer.

The Most Popular, Best and Purest in America.

R. RUBEN & SON, Sole Agents,

—WHOLESALE—

Wine ∴ and ∴ Liquor ∴ Merchants

SEND FOR QUOTATIONS.

THE LEADING DRY GOODS HOUSE OF FRESNO

W. McCallum & Co.

Sole Agents for Foussi Gloves. Corset Depot for Central and Southern California.

We Are Sole Agents for Thomson's Celebrated Glove-Fitting Corsets.

We Are Sole Agents for the World-Renowned Kid-Fitting Corsets.

HEADQUARTERS FOR FAST BLACK HOSIERY

HOSIERY. CORSETS. GLOVES.

In the above three departments we lead all houses on the Pacific Coast.
We have space only for a few world beaters.
Ladies' Fast Black Hose, extra long, double heels and Toes, 25c a pair.
Ladies' Tan Silk Finish Hose, 25c a pair.
Ladies' Tan full finish Hose, 15c a pair.

Misses' Hose.

Misses' Fast Black Hose, double knees, heels and toes, 25c a pair.
Misses' Silk finish Tan Hose, double knees, 25c a pair.
Misses' Tan Hose, full finish, 15c a pair.

Special.

We carry Ladies' Fast Black Hose at 10c, 12½c and 15c a pair.
We carry Misses' Fast Black Hose at 10c and 15c a pair.

Corsets—55 Styles.

We carry 55 styles Corsets. Complete lines in each style.
Thomson's celebrated glove fitting Corsets at factory list prices.
The world renowned kid fitting Corsets at factory list prices.
Dr. Warner's Coraline Corsets at factory list prices.

Summer Corsets.

Full line Summer Corsets, 50c apiece.
The well known Seabreeze, 75c apiece.
Thomson's celebrated Ventilating or Summer Corset, $1 apiece.
We can't be undersold on Corsets by any house in America.

Gloves.

Full line Silk Gloves, in Black and Colored, at lowest prices.
Silk Mitts in large variety.
Large stock Kid Gloves, all of which are guaranteed.
We wish to call special attention to our mammoth stock of White Chamois Gloves at 85c and $1 a pair, which we guarantee.

W. McCallum & Co.,

MARIPOSA AND J STREETS.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!!

We are carrying a full line of the well-known

Osborne Harvesting Machinery

(Consisting of Mowers, Rakes, Cultivators, etc., also a complete line of extras, and would be pleased to quote prices on same.

Remember before purchasing elsewhere that the Osborne implements succeed where others fail.

Dorsey & Parker

AGENTS,

856 I Street, Fresno, Cal.

TOLL HOUSE AND PINE RIDGE

Stage Line

Leaves Fresno Mondays and Thursdays from Ogle House at 6.30 a. m., going to Toll House and all important places of resort on

PINE RIDGE,

Including Kenyon's, Ockenden's, Musick's mills and headquarters on the ridge at Flume Company's mill. Stage stops on up trip at Academy for dinner. Stage returns, leaving Flume mill Wednesdays and Saturdays, making the entire down trip in one day.

Stage will call for passengers inside of city limits.

Special attention given to the welfare and comfort of passengers. All business intrusted to my care promptly attended to at moderate charges.

A. W. PETREA, Proprietor.

Office at Ogle House.

No. 1912 Mariposa St. Telephone 109

European or American Plan.

San Joaquin Restaurant

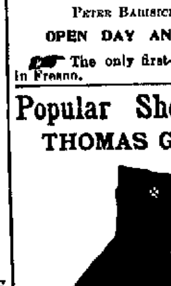
PETER BAMISCH, Prop.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

The only first-class restaurant in Fresno.

Popular Shoe Shop.

THOMAS GASPER,



The old reliable Shoemaker and Repairer, has opened a new shoe shop at

1926 Mariposa St.

All work guaranteed. Prices very reasonable. All old friends and the public generally are requested to give me a call.

Just Arrived

10,000 FEET

—OF—

GARDEN ∴ HOSE

Which will be sold at reduced prices and guaranteed.

BARRETT-HICKS CO.

ROCHEFORT,
OREGON CREAM,
LIMBURGER,
NEUFSCHATEL,
IMPORTED SWISS,
SCHLOSS KASE,
CAMEMBERT,
CALIFORNIA
—AND—
NEW YORK CREAM CHEESE
—AT—

Howland & Faris'

1125 I Street.

SMITH & McMASTER,
(Successors to Hall Bros.),

Undertakers.

Special attention given to embalming and shipping bodies. A full line of coffins and caskets always in stock. D. C. Tucker remains with the new firm. At the old place, 1027 J street. Telephone Black 171.

FRIDAY, MAY 1, 1896

GRAND

May ∴ Day ∴ Picnic

One-Half Mile East of Centerville in Kings River Bottom.

A fine dancing platform 40x40. The Troubadours of Fresno will furnish music for the occasion. Prizes will be awarded to the best lady and gent waltzers and the prettiest baby on grounds. Amusements of all kinds, such as sack races, foot races, tug of war between married and single men, etc. A good time guaranteed. Good road and no deep sloughs to cross. No liquors sold on grounds. Positively no postponement.

GEO. HYDE, Manager.

SPECIALS 3 SPECIALS

—IN OUR—

Clothing Department

THIS WEEK.

Real Hummers Every One of Them.

ONE FOR TWELVE LITTLE BITS

That will make your son feel bigger than his dad.

YES, FOR $1.50

We will place on special sale 200 Mrs. Jane Hopkins Youths' Suits, good value for double the price.

Boys' Suits

$2.50

Boys' Suits.

Nothing ever offered before to equal these little beauties. This week will be the only chance to get them at the price.

Mothers, don't overlook these two great values. The style, finish and price will be so tempting you will want both. Nice suits for school and Sunday, you know.

Men's Suits

$6.50

Men's Suits.

We will open up for this week's sale one case Men's Scotch Tweed Suits of the latest cut and finish.

Honest goods and legitimate transactions go hand in hand with our special sales.

Don't let our endeavors slip by. They are true breadwinners.

White Front Stores

See Window. See Window.

THE ADVENTISTS' CAMP

TWO HUNDRED MEMBERS UNDER CANVAS.

Despite the Unfavorable Weather Services Proceed With Perfect Regularity.

The encampment of the Seventh Day Adventists, on D street between Tulare and Mariposa, has not thus far been overwhelmed with visitors, but the Adventists themselves have paid no regard whatever to wind or rain. They are not fair-weather Christians, and the trenches dug around the tents show that they have learned from experience how to keep the flour dry in the rainy season.

All told there are over 200 men, women and children in the camp, which consists of about sixty tents besides the big central pavilion, and the smaller pavilions in which Sabbath school and other meetings are held.

Elder McClure, who is in charge, says that the health of the occupants of the tents is perfect. The sanitary arrangements are under the supervision of Dr. and Mrs. Hare, who are members of the organization.

Four elders are here from Oakland and one from Los Angeles. The encampment represents the entire district of Central California, and the worshipers are from all the counties between San Joaquin and Kern. Services are held daily at 10.30 a.m., 2.30 p.m. and 7.30 p.m. In addition to these there are Sabbath school services, temperance meetings, mothers' meetings, prayer meetings and so on.

The last district meeting was held at Hanford. The place of the next has not yet been fixed, but will be in one of the adjacent valley counties. The district is part of the California conference, which takes in Nevada, and of which Elder McClure is president.

The camp stands on comparatively high ground so that visitors need have no fear of getting wet feet. The floor of the pavilion is covered daily with clean straw, and there is room for an audience of 300 or 400 people. Owing to the roof of the pavilion having partly collapsed as the result of the storm, the services yesterday morning were held in the Adventists church, but the pavilion will be in perfect trim today.

Rev. J. W. Webb returned last evening from a lecture tour in Sacramento county. He also took part in the Woman's Suffrage convention at Modesto, on Friday, at which Miss Yates and Dr. Anna Shaw lectured.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair,
Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

Most Perfect Made.
40 Years the Standard.

CENTERVILLE LETTER.

Orange Tree Planting and Other Improvements.

The potato crop was cut short by the frost. Chinese are the heaviest losers.

John Akers came down from Hughes Creek with a crew of men to build a new fence around his large pasture in the bottoms, for he says "feed will be feed this year."

Mr. Kilgore has six men setting an orange grove on his property adjoining the town of Centerville.

Captain Thomas Yost is busily listing property as deputy assessor. "The right man in the right place."

The hum of sewing machines can be heard in every direction. We think they are preparing for the picnic in the beautiful grove of oak on Friday, May 1st.

The Fresno Canal Company has water in the ditch again after only a short delay on account of the blowing out of the head gate of the Lone Tree channel, which supplies the River Bend district.

John Thompson, farmer of Fulton G. Berry's ranch, has some very fine grain which plainly shows what deep plowing does toward helping the soil to produce.

We would like to know what has become of the Centerville improvement club. Has it taken to the summer resorts this early in the season? The only one we see acting as he spoke is Mr. Kilgore. SLEIGHARLL.

JOAQUIN JAKE'S CASE.

He Will Not Be Prosecuted—In Fear of His Life.

Coroner Long and Deputy District Attorney Williams returned last night from the mountains where an inquest was held on the body of the 5-year old Indian boy who was accidentally shot and killed by his uncle, Joaquin Jake. The verdict of the jury was that the boy came to his death from a gunshot wound inflicted by Jake. The jury would not exonerate the Indian or charge him with crime.

Mr. Williams stated to a REPUBLICAN reporter yesterday, that he had thoroughly investigated the case and did not feel justified in bringing any charge against Jake. He is satisfied that the killing was purely accidental, the testimony at the inquest being to the same effect as published in this paper heretofore. Jake is still in jail. He prefers to remain there for a few days as threats have been made by his fellow Indians to kill him for shooting the boy.

PERSONAL.

E. E. Baker of Visalia is in town.

W. E Duncan is over from Madera.

W. W. Phillips was in from his ranch yesterday.

William B. May is down from San Francisco.

Joe Barcroft and wife of Madera are at the Grand Central.

Frank E. Hastings and wife of Selma visited Fresno yesterday.

W. S. Hoyt and wife were Selma visitors in this city yesterday.

B. E. Hutchinson of Fowler spent yesterday in the county seat.

Henry Michels, of a large drug firm of San Francisco, is in Fresno.

John J. Seymour has returned from a business trip to San Francisco.

Judge Galloway of Oleander was in the county seat yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Ferguson of Clovis were visitors in the county seat yesterday.

Addison Davis, proprietor of the Toll House box factory, yesterday returned from Santa Barbara where he spent a portion of the winter.

AN EXPERT'S REPORT.

THE WALLS OF THE HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING.

The Board of Education Considers That the Matter Needs Careful Examination.

There was a meeting of the City Board of Education last evening in the office of George E. Church. The only matter of business before the board was the report of C. K. Kirby, expert appointed to examine the new high school building with a view of ascertaining whether it had been constructed in accordance with the plans and specifications. The giving way of an arch some time ago and the consequent discovery that one of the walls supporting the arch had not been built according to plans and specifications, had led to the appointment of Mr. Kirby as an expert.

His report last night was not satisfactory to the board. He had not taken sufficient time to enable him to give details, and the board decided to meet again tomorrow evening to take what further action might seem necessary.

The substance of Mr. Kirby's report was that he found the foundations and basement good; seven-eighths of the bricks of the first story were good; two-thirds of the bricks in the second story were good. Some portions of the walls were not as good as the specifications called for. The most serious defect was in the roof. There are not enough rafters.

These matters are somewhat vaguely set forth, owing to a lack of time on Mr. Kirby's part, and if the board decides that a more complete investigation should be made, it will so order.

Manners and Customs of the Boers.

The daily life of a Boer family is a simple one. At daylight all the members assemble in the main room—the kitchen and eating room, although most of the food is cooked in the open air—where the head of the family reads reverently a chapter or two from the Bible, generally the Old Testament; a simply, manly prayer is then offered, followed by the observance of an ancient Bible custom. A colored handmaid enters the room with a basin of water and a towel. The guest is first approached, and invited to wash his hands and face and wipe them on the towel. The head of the family is next approached, and so on around the room until all have been included in the ceremony. This constitutes the day's ablutions of the family.

The morning meal consists of a dish of meat—deer or mutton, and sometimes beef—cut into large pieces. They all sit around the board while the father says a long grace, and a stranger not familiar with their table manners is apt to be left in the lurch. Each man, for the women eat alone, selects the particular piece of meat that strikes his fancy, and as soon as the "Amen" is spoken sticks his fork into the piece selected. It happens sometimes that two select the same piece. Then the quickest man gets the booty. Dry bread, sometimes butter, and strong black coffee complete the bill of fare, which may stand as a sample meal. It has been urged against the Boer that he is uncleanly, and this cannot be denied, but there is an excuse for this in the scarcity of water.—Forum.

An Original Judge.

No more unique figure is to be found in the American judiciary than Judge Gaslin of Nebraska, and many are the stories told of this interesting personality.

On one occasion a man who had drifted over into Nebraska from Colorado, who was not familiar with the manner of administering justice on the Nebraska side of the border, appropriated a horse which he found hitched to a post in front of a country store. The horse happened to be the property of Judge Gaslin. The thief was captured and later bound over to await trial in the district court. A few days after, Judge Gaslin met a fellow judge from another district and requested him, as a favor, to come into his district on a day specified and sentence a horse thief, as Gaslin said he felt a little delicacy in sentencing a man for stealing his own horse.

The fellow jurist assented and incidentally inquired when the offender was convicted.

"Oh, he isn't convicted yet," replied Judge Gaslin, "but I'll tend to that part of it." And he did.—St. Louis Globe Democrat.

Shooting Coals Instead of Eagles.

Nearly all the money changers down town have stopped displaying gold in their show windows, and in place of it have great piles of new copper pennies.

Up to a year or so ago the changers vied with one another in displaying gold coin. Sometimes there would be as much as $7,000 or $8,000 in a window, and there was usually a crowd around looking at it.

About a year ago a thief in one of these crowds smashed a window and made off with a double handful of gold. Then the police asked the money changers to take better rooms to protect their windows.

Some of them put up wire screens. Others put up iron bars. Both interfered with the view of the gold.

Who originated the new funny idea is not known, but it has taken hold generally. The pennies, when they came from the mint, have about the color of an American gold coin. They are piled in the windows, Indian head up.

There is nothing on that side of a cent to tell what it is, and no doubt a great many foreign patrons of these places who are not familiar with our coin think them gold.

Some of the changers have empty treasury bags in the windows beside the pennies. The bags are marked $15,000 or $20,000 or some other large amount.—New York Sun.

Took Pride In It.

One day the home of Geoffroy St. Hilaire, the famous French naturalist, became a perfect pandemonium. Every room was turned upside down, except the study of the master of the house. Mme. St. Hilaire had lost a very valuable diamond necklace, but she instructed the servants not to mention the loss to her husband, lest the knowledge of it should disturb him in his work. Moreover, the missing bauble could not be there, inasmuch as she rarely entered that sanctum. The search proved in vain, but the great savant was still left in ignorance. A few days later, at Mme. St. Hilaire's weekly "at home," one of her female friends sympathetically inquired after the ornament in the hearing of her host. In the most airy but withal most unaffected way, the great naturalist remarked that his favorite baboon had been playing for nearly a week with a "similar thing to that described," which "similar thing" turned out to be the priceless ornament. Mme. St. Hilaire indignantly protested at M. St. Hilaire's neglect in not having taken the necklace from the animal. "I thought that it belonged to him," was the calm reply," he seemed to take such pride in it."—San Francisco Argonaut.

McEWEN'S LETTER.

[Continued from first page.]

disarranged long settled Democratic plans. The old war-horses are trotting to the front privately and offering themselves in his place, but I should judge from my talks with McNab and other local leaders that James D. Phelan has the best present chance for the nomination. He is young, rich and so ambitious that he would be likely to perfer making a record to obliging the powers that spoil men's popularity. Mr. Phelan is a rather interesting person. While not of dazzling intellect he has a creditable desire to be something more than the embodied expression of an inherited bank account. As a member of the Bohemian Club he has touched elbows with art and letters, and he likes to concern himself with both. His purse has been opened to the art association, and he is fond of writing papers and making addresses on educational and esthetic themes. During his travels he has looked into municipal government on both sides of the ocean. He is a college man and possesses the political instinct of his Irish blood. Phelan, in short, is a good deal of a man, and a man of the sort that cannot often be lured into risking the hard usage of public life. He is amiable, intelligent and courageous, and not mean with his money. Of course the A.P.A. would rise in wrath against him, for he is a good Catholic, but an assault of that kind would bring over to Phelan's help the great body of Americans who have a repugnance against bigotry of any sort. "Young Phelan," said an appreciative Democratic statesman, "would run almost as well as Sutro. He's a Native Son, and the least objectionable Native Son that I know. He's got some forehead and doesn't wear football hair."

"The Democrats," said a Republican of importance, who asked me not to use his name, out of consideration for the torn condition of the party locally and the enmities that a Republican at present must awaken by saying anything decided, "The Democrats have no more show in this state than they will have in the nation next November. They know they're in for a licking and can't help showing it. We've got them on the tariff because of the hard times, and on finance they are as badly mixed as ourselves. If they try a fusion here on congressmen five rank and file of the party, and of the Populists, too, will refuse to obey orders. At our state convention we will declare strongly for silver. The last state convention did so, and we couldn't decently go back on that declaration, even if we wanted to, which we don't.

"So far as San Francisco is concerned most of the friction is only apparent. There are a good many men behind the Mahoney-Kelly delegates who don't care to show themselves, but the whole motive of that demonstration is to annoy John D. Spreckels and badger him into taking them into camp. The state convention will seat the Spreckels delegation; you needn't have any doubt on that head. The Republican party of California is pretty strong, but its not strong enough to be able to afford to slap John D. Spreckels in the face. He's a power. And in this town he's impregnably intrenched. County Clerk Curry has 72 places, and the office belongs to Spreckels. That gives him secure control of the county committee.

"The only trouble with the General is that if you shout at him you scare him. There isn't any reason why a man of his wealth should be in politics except to do good, and yet he's gone and given a whole lot of power to such cattle as Phil Grimmins and Jack Martin because he's frightened at the thought of 'the push' being against him. With his money and the *Call*, which is a whole brass band in itself, and the Shortridges, who're equal to a brace of calliopes, he is in a position to snap his fingers at all the toughs in San Francisco.

"We're about unanimous for McKinley here, and the state convention will be for him overwhelmingly. But Spreckels is under engagement to Clarkson to do what he can for Allison. As a concession to Spreckels we'll probably send an unpledged McKinley delegation to the national convention.

"The Democrats will have a show to elect one congressman this fall, and that's Maguire. The rest will be all ours. In the city we'll have to face the music. San Francisco is Democratic, and if the party has really got rid of Buckley and can turn down Rainey and Daggett, and puts up a good ticket, we'll be lucky to get anything. But we'll make a hard fight, and the fact that it is a Republican year from Maine to California will help us."

The Democratic party lost one of its very best leaders in Denis Spencer, who died here the other day. I doubt if there is another politician in all California whose going would give so many men a pang of sorrow. Spencer was a lovable fellow, frank, hearty and honest to the core. A man whom everybody likes usually doesn't deserve anybody's affection, but Spencer made an exception. He was a strong character, stood up his guns always, and sacrificed his material interests to his convictions, with which his feelings were wound up. Quick of temper, impetuous, scorning evasion and every meanness, his nature was as transparent as his mind was honorable and his heart warm. He served his party enthusiastically, and it ought to have done more for him than it did. Sooner died poor, of course, so poor that his family is left without adequate provision. A fine thing was told me today. Governor Budd is to be asked to give the position of attorney to the board of health, which Spencer held, to some one who will turn the salary over to the widow. The fine thing is that a number of prominent lawyers are eager to take the place for this purpose. The dead man was not a success as a maker of money but he made friends without trying, and there isn't a millionaire in town who hasn't reason to envy what poor Spencer has left as his only acquisition, the respect and warm liking of every one who knew him. He was a great man.

The Congregational clergy and deacons who at their conference on Tuesday last suspended Dr. Brown from the ministry until he shall perform the miracle of scraping the dirt from his reputation, confounded the enemies of the faith. The majority by which the good man was done—49 to 32—isn't very imposing, but it is enough to remove a reproach that was hurting all the churches deeply. A reprobate of my acquaintance has come to me with this view:

"I was in hope that they would give Brown another coat of whitewash and let him stay in the pulpit. That would have been an indorsement which would have made his guilt the guilt of the whole denomination, and reflected some of it on all the sects. The churches have lost their intellectual standing, which accounts for the empty pews there's such a constant mourning over, and if they can be deprived of their pretense to superior morality there'd be nothing left of them for anybody to respect, and that, to my notion, would be a good thing for the world. Brown has been a bonanza for us free-thinkers, and we wanted him kept up there in the pulpit as a bright and shining and representative light. He was a hoodoo of the first magnitude on the brethren, and I prayed they'd not abandon him in the hour of persecution, as they've basely done. All we can say now is that they didn't in the interest of decency until the press and outside opinion in general forced them to it. It's a pretty good card, but not a trump, of course."

Brown's church can keep him if it chooses in spite of the blasting judgment of the conference, and he announces his willingness to stay on those terms. Probably he has in his deacons and female followers a party that will be strong enough to maintain him in his place for a while. But he will have to go before long. Nobody believes in his innocence. The council which whitewashed him now confesses that it did not—indeed it was remorseful and ashamed whitewashers who led the battle against him in the conference. The deacons know the truth about him. And so do the unpleasant women who form his bodyguard. His attraction for them is not his purity. It is a pity that the law cannot reach Brown and jail him. He is so impudent, so thorough a blackguard that one's sense of the fitness of things is jarred by his being at large.

Arthur McEwen

PERSONAL.

W. D. Grady is going to San Francisco in a few days to spend a vacation of several weeks.

Captain Thomas Yost of Kings River was in the city yesterday attending the convention.

City Trustee E. L. Austin is convalescing from his recent attack of pneumonia. He will be able to be about in a few weeks.

City Marshal Way and wife have gone to Pomona in response to a telegram announcing the serious illness of the marshal's mother.

IN THE WAY HE SHOULD GO.

"Give me a kiss," she pleading said.
He heard, unmoved, her warm sweet suing.
Although to her he was not wed,
Nor had he even come a-wooing.

"Give me a kiss." Her lips in shape
To tempt a saint did thus beseech him,
While he seemed planning an escape
To some place where she could not reach him.

"Give me a kiss, just one, I pray."
Her fond insistence ill did serve her.
He looked askance and moved away,
Scared and disgusted with her fervor.

"Give me a kiss." Each coaxing word
But helped anew to 'fright and pain him,
Because he was her brand new bird,
And she was starting in to train him.
—Madeline S. Bridges in Ladies' Home Journal.

WILD HORSES.

Their Capture an Industry in Australia, Where They Abound.

As a rule, the herds number from 10 to 12, made up of mares and one stallion. No stallion will allow another stallion in his herd, and stubborn fights frequently occur between horses owing to this. The beaten males, after being expelled, join herds exclusively of stallions. On any herds being sighted by hunters a good idea can generally be formed by the experienced man as to which route the animals will take in their way to the rugged hills, for which they invariably make when disturbed. A scheme is mapped out to cut them off if possible, and the party scatters, each to take up his allotted position. Of course while doing this every advantage is taken of the natural inequalities of the ground, so as to escape observation. When the alarm is given, however, all need for caution is at an end, and each hunter puts his steed to full gallop. The stallion, the head of the herd, boldly comes out to meet him, and endeavors to distract attention from the rest.

In some rare instances he is lassoed and captured at once, but he generally manages to rejoin his wives, which by this time have trooped into single file, with his favorite mare in the lead. Should the herd be turned and get into difficulties the stallion takes up his position in the van, and the great object is to cut him off from the rest. Should this be accomplished both he and the mares become confused, and the lassoers often manage to make two or three per man. Instances have been known where horses have been thrown to the ground by the hunter's giving a violent jerk to the animal's tail when it was making an abrupt turn. When this quarry is brought down, either by this method or the use of the lasso, the rider jumps from his steed, whips a "blinder" (a handkerchief is used when there is nothing else procurable) over the prostrate horse's eyes and straps up one of his fore legs securely. If this is properly done, the animal may safely be left "until called for," for no horse thus secured can stray far.

Should a man be so unlucky as to capture a branded horse or a foal running with a branded mare, he cannot keep it, but all others become the property of the hunter, and after they undergo a rough and ready process of breaking in, they are sold at prices ranging from £1 5s. to £15. The later figure, however, is seldom reached, unless in the case of exceptionally fine stallions. Great numbers of these horses die from starvation in the winter time, but still the herds show no signs of diminution. —Chambers' Journal.

Therapia, the Newport of the East.

This Newport of the east was found some centuries ago by the Greeks because of its invigorating climate—Therapia signifying health—and today is still the refuge in the summer heats not only of many of the pashas and other high Turkish dignitaries whose palaces line the water front or crown the hills near by, but of scores of European wayfarers and strangers who want more air and less dog than can be found in Pera.

Here, too, are the houses of the several foreign embassies, English, German, French and the others, their yachts and disputch boats lying at anchor almost in front of their gardens, the brasses glistening in the sun.

And the charm of it all! The boats' crews of Jack Tars in their white suits rowing back and forth, answering calls from the shore. The blue water—as blue as indigo—dotted with caiques skimming about; the dogcarts and landaus crowding the shore road, with footmen in gorgeous Albanian costumes of white and gold, and with sash and scimiter—all make a scene of surprising brilliancy and beauty, unequaled by any other similar spot in Europe. Diplomacy is never so picturesque as at Therapia.—F. Hopkinson Smith in Century.

Learn to Tie Your Ties.

Every woman who aspires to wear ties should make a painstaking study of the art of tying them. Her sex is no excuse for the wearing of a ready made cravat. She should also be sure that her ties are spotlessly neat and fresh. Linen and lawn ties should be worn never more than a day. Silk ties of light colors should be of wash silk, so that they may frequently be washed, and dark silk and satin ties should occasionally be freshened by a sponging with ammonia water.

The ties most worn are the straight bows. The four in hand is also fairly popular. Plain colors prevail. Black is the color most used, but plain colors to match the tailor made frock with which they are worn are also correct.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Her Eighth Medal.

Mme. Gith, cantiniere of the Fifth regiment of Chasseurs d'Afrique of the French army, who has just been decorated with her eighth medal, has a military record that not many men can boast. Now, in her fifty-first year, Mme. Gith has in her lifetime seen service in the Crimea, in Italy, in Syria and in Mexico. At 16 she was under fire when tending the wounded before Sevastopol.

PHOTOGRAPHING A WHALE.

A Snap Shot at a Monster as It Leaped Out of the Water.

Whether a certain whale that breakfasted, dined and supped every day in the Santa Catalina channel went out one morning with the determination of being photographed I really cannot say, but the picture was certainly taken.

Living in the neighborhood, the whale was probably familiar with the steamer that plowed daily through its dining room, and if it was at all an observing whale it must have noticed on the morning in question an unusual commotion on the deck of the steamer, and this is what it saw: The passengers were crowding about the rail, and on the upper deck stood a man and a little girl, the former holding a square black box, into which he looked earnestly. And if the whale had come a little nearer this is what he might have heard:

"Will he look pleasant?" asked the little girl of her companion.

"I hope so," he replied, glancing rapidly from the camera to the whale that was then swimming a few hundred feet away.

The passengers had first observed it a mile or more distant, when the little girl said it was "dancing on its tail." It had really leaped out of the water and for a few seconds exposed almost its entire back—most astonishing spectacle—and then had fallen back into the sea with a thundering crash. Soon it came to the surface again, and, shooting a cloud of vapor into the air that slowly floated away, at intervals disappeared and reappeared until finally it came alongside the steamer, swimming along within a short distance. It was then that the fortunate possessor of the camera secured a good position near the rail and waited, as his little companion had said, for the whale to "look pleasant." Looking pleasant in this instance meant for the whale to show a large portion of its body above the water. It was now swimming just below the surface, its huge black form, 60 or 70 feet in length, distinctly visible, propelled by the undulating movement of the tail. Suddenly it rose, showing just the portion around the blowholes, and with a loud puff the hot breath burst into the air, was condensed and in a little cloud drifted away.

"Didn't he look pleasant?" asked the little girl earnestly.

"Not quite pleasant enough," said the photographer as he peered into the tiny window of the camera that reflected the sea in brilliant tints. "I could catch the spout, but I want to wait until he throws his entire head out of water and looks really pleasant before I touch the button."

It was an exciting moment, as never, so far as known, had a living whale in the open ocean posed before a camera, or a photographer seen so huge an animal obligingly swim along, allowing its picture to be taken.

"It's a tame whale, isn't it?" said the little girl as the whale gradually came nearer.

"He certainly does not seem very timid," replied her companion, and as he spoke, puff! came the spouting like the escape of steam, the vapor actually drifting aboard the steamer into the faces of the passengers.

The whale was now so near that the barnacles upon his back could be seen, and one man was sure that he saw its eye. Suddenly it sank, and all that could be seen in the little window was the dancing waves and the white sails of myriads of velellas that covered the surface, scudding along before the fresh trade wind. Then without warning the creature as suddenly rose again, showing a large area of its back, sending at the same time a cloud of misty vapor into the air as its fore or dorsal fin appeared. The photographer saw it in the little window, and evidently thinking that the whale looked as pleasant as he in all probability would touched the button, and, so far as is known, took the first photograph of a living whale in the open ocean.—Charles Frederick Holder in St. Nicholas.

It Didn't Work.

"Did you hear about Samuels?" asked Mrs. Graymare's husband.

"No, I didn't hear about Samuels," the lady answered. "When you have anything to tell, why don't you tell it?"

"Yes, dear. Well, Samuels was going home the other night, when a footpad shot at him and the ball hit a latchkey in Samuels' vest pocket and his life was saved. So you see what good a latchkey is."

"Indeed! If Samuels had been going home at a reasonable hour, he wouldn't have met any footpad. Secondly, he carries $50,000 insurance, payable to his wife, and if it had not been for that key she would be a rich widow right now. So, if you are hunting around for a latchkey, you will have to bring home some better story than that one. That's all. I'm going to go to bed now, and if you want to read you'll have to go to the kitchen. And don't waste the coal."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Eggs by the Gallon.

Eggs are now imported into Great Britain from Russia shelled, beaten up and preserved in hermetically sealed tins, from which they are drawn off through a tap.

Eggs in this condition are principally used by pastry cooks, and the advantages claimed for the system are freedom from damage in transport and long keeping qualities. The tin or drum is packed with straw in a wooden case and holds the contents of 1,000 to 1,500 eggs, the white and yolk being mixed together, poured into the drum and the aperture closed with a bung and sealed.

Why Truth Rises.

"Why," asked the youngest of the neophytes, "why should truth always rise again when crushed to earth?"

"Because of its elasticity, of course," answered the corn fed philosopher. "Don't you know how easy it is to stretch the truth?"—Indianapolis Journal.

Boys' Lies.

It has remained for an English judge to officially and legally establish the ruling that lying is not wrong, at least it is not sufficiently immoral to justify an employer in dismissing a servant. An east end shopkeeper discharged his errand boy, who sued him for a week's wages in lieu of notice. The man justified himself by saying that he found that the boy told lies.

"Nonsense!" remarked Judge Bacon, "All boys tell lies, more or less. It is a habit that is not confined to them."

"But it is wicked," pleaded the shopkeeper.

"Judgment for the plaintiff, with costs," replied the judge.—New York Sun's London Letter.

Invulnerable.

The girl confronted him without faltering. In her defiance she was magnificent.

"Do your worst," she cried. "I am not a new woman. I am neither married nor engaged. I do nothing to conceal my age. I never bathe in the surf. I do not shop. I haven't the remotest idea if I can cook or not."

With a snort of baffled rage the humorist fled.—Detroit Tribune.

TODAY'S SERVICES.

BELMONT AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Services in Belmont hall, corner of Blackstone and Belmont avenues. Rev. C. A. Mann, pastor. Residence on White street, at the head of Ellis. Preaching at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. Sunday school (Union) at 3 p.m. Prayer meeting and song service Tuesday at 7.30 p.m. All welcome.

GERMAN LUTHERAN—Corner Tulare and N streets, S. Hoernicke, pastor. Residence 850 J street. Services at 2.30 o'clock in the Cumberland Presbyterian church, corner of Tulare and N streets. Sunday school at 1.30 o'clock. All cordially invited.

FIRST BAPTIST—Corner J and Merced streets. Sunday school 9.45 a.m. Sermon at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. Young People's meeting, Juniors at 3 p.m. and Seniors at 6.30 p.m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30. J. Sumner Norvell, pastor, residence 1009 N street. All welcome. The church is meeting night after night for prayer. All are welcome to these meetings which will be continued through the coming week.

DANISH LUTHERAN—J. Johansen pastor. Residence 621 Nelson avenue. Services in the church on Elm avenue at 10 a.m. with confirmation.

Christian Science service at 11 a.m. in DeWitt hall on I street. Sunday school immediately after service. Public cordially invited.

SOCIETY OF SPIRITUALISTS—Will meet at DeWitt hall at 7.45 p.m. Mrs. E. Cowell will occupy the rostrum tonight and will give platform tests after the lecture.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—Corner Merced and K streets, Rev. D. M. Gillan pastor. Residence 1927 Merced street. Class meeting at 12.15 p.m. Junior Endeavors at 3 p.m. Christian Endeavor at 6.15 p.m. Preaching 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening at 7.30. Morning subject, "An Important Settlement." Evening, "The Enrichment of Beggars."

CHRISTIAN—Corner Mariposa and M streets, W. H. Martin pastor. Residence 1222 O street. Preaching at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. Services at the Adventist church today as follows: Sunday school at 9.30 a.m. Juniors at 3 p.m. Senior Endeavor at 6.15 p.m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 7.30 p.m. at our own church. Preaching at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. Evening subject, "The Indispensable Condition of Discipleship."

Camp meeting services Sunday, April 26th, on Tulare, between T and U streets. Preaching at 10.30 a.m., 2.30 and 7.30 p.m. All are invited.

ST. JAMES EPISCOPAL—Corner Fresno and N streets, Rev. William Lucas rector. Holy communion at 11 a.m. first Sunday in the month; on all other Sundays at 7.30 a.m. Services every Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. Sunday school at 9.45 a.m. Seats are free, and all are cordially invited.

PRESBYTERIAN—Corner K and Merced streets, Rev. F. D. Seward, pastor, residence 841 R street. Sabbath school 9.45 a.m. Preaching at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. Junior Society at 3.00 p.m. Christian Endeavor Society at 6.30 p.m. Ladies' Bible study, Monday, at 2 p.m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30. Men's prayer meeting Friday at 7.30 p.m. Seats free. A welcome to all.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, Oleander—J. Overton pastor. Sunday, April 19th, Sunday school 10 a.m. Preaching morning and evening at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m.

BETHEL A. M. E.—Corner G and Tuolumne streets, Services at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. Sunday school at 3 p.m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening at 7.30 p.m. Christian Endeavor at 6.30 p.m. Rev. J. F. Anderson, pastor.

SALVATION ARMY—Meetings are held in the barracks at 1135 K street every night in the week. Friday evening meeting of each week being especially for christians. Remember the Christians family gathering meeting in the afternoon and come.

EASTON METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH—Rev. Dinwoodie, pastor. Preaching, morning, 10 a.m. and at 8 p.m. Sunday school at 11 a.m. Epworth League at 7 p.m.

ETHIOPIAN BAPTIST—Rev. G. W. Gray pastor. Residence 1006 E street. Church corner of F and Merced streets. Preaching at 11.30 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. Sunday school 12.30 p.m. Baptist Young People's Union at 6.30 p.m.

CUMBERLAND PRESBYTERIAN—Corner Tulare and N streets. Preaching at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. Sunday school 10 a.m. Junior Endeavor at 4 p.m. Senior Christian Endeavor at 6.30 p.m. Rev. I. R. Walker, pastor.

SWEDISH MISSION—In Masonic Temple, corner I and Tulare streets, P. A. Hultgren pastor. Services at 11 o'clock a.m. and 7.30 p.m. Prayer meeting Friday evening at 7.30 o'clock.

WEST PARK—Rev. J. C. Pendergrass pastor. Preaching at the West Park school house every second and fourth Sunday in each month at 11 a.m. Sunday school at 10 a.m. every Sunday. Epworth League at 3 p.m. Prayer meeting at 7.30 p.m.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL—Inyo and K streets, H. K. Bachman pastor; residence, 1720 Inyo street. Services at 11 a.m. and at 7.45 p.m., conducted by the pastor. Sunday school at 9.45 a.m., Superintendent W. K. Marcus. Christian Endeavor meeting at 6.30 p.m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30. Seats free. A cordial welcome is extended to all.

ZION A. M. E.—Corner of B and Stanislaus streets, Rev. W. B. Blackwell pastor; residence 1009 G street. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school at 1 p.m. Class meeting at 2 p.m. Weekly meeting Wednesday and Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL SOUTH—L and Fresno streets, Rev. H. C. Meredith pastor. Preaching at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. Sunday school at 9.30 a.m. Junior League will meet at 3 p.m. Senior Epworth League at 6.00 p.m. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 7.30 p.m.

GERMAN EVANGELICAL ASSOCIATION — J. E. Lahr, pastor. Residence 602 L street. Services 10.45 and 7.30 a.m. at small school house on F street in Peters addition. Sunday school at 9.45 a.m. A cordial welcome to all.

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